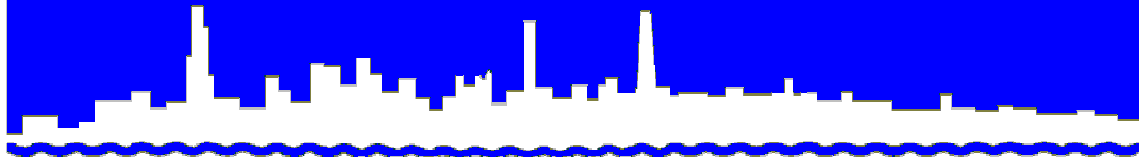


Protecting Our Water Environment



Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago

***MONITORING AND RESEARCH
DEPARTMENT***

REPORT NO. 11-39

***BIOMONITORING REPORT
2011***

***ACUTE WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY TESTS RESULTS
FOR THE JOHN E. EGAN WATER RECLAMATION PLANT,
SCHAUMBURG, ILLINOIS***

***NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM
PERMIT NUMBER IL0036340, MAY 2011***

JUNE 2011

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Mariyana T. Spyropoulos

Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago

100 East Erie Street Chicago, Illinois 60611-3154 f: 312.751.5194 312.751.5190

Thomas C. Granato, Ph.D.
Acting Director of Monitoring and Research
thomas.granato@mwr.org

June 27, 2011

Ms. Michelle Rousey
Quality Assurance Officer
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency
1021 North Grand Avenue
P.O. Box 19276
Springfield, IL 62794-9276

Dear Ms. Rousey:

Subject: Biomonitoring Report for 2011 – Acute Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Results for the John E. Egan Water Reclamation Plant, Schaumburg, Illinois, National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit Number IL0036340, May 2011

The subject Biomonitoring Report is submitted in compliance with the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit Number IL0036340, Special Condition 11.

The subject report includes copies of all bench sheets, chain-of-custody forms, sample receipt and preparation forms, hard copies of computer generated statistical analyses, control charts, and a certification of accuracy statement.

If you have any questions concerning this report, please contact Dr. Geeta Rijal, Supervising Environmental Microbiologist, at (708) 588-4224.

Very truly yours,

Thomas C. Granato, Ph.D.
Acting Director
Monitoring and Research

TCG:ps
Enclosures
cc: Sharma/Gronski/Shah/O'Connor

Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago

100 East Erie Street

Chicago, IL 60611-2803

(312) 751-5600

**BIOMONITORING REPORT
2011**

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SCHAUMBURG, ILLINOIS**

**NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
LIST OF TABLES	iii
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	iv
DISCLAIMER	iv
ACUTE WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY TEST RESULTS FOR THE JOHN E. EGAN WATER RECLAMATION PLANT, SCHAUMBURG, ILLINOIS, NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM PERMIT NUMBER IL0036340, MAY 2011	1
Summary	1
Sample Information	1
Whole Effluent Toxicity Tests	1
Analysts	3
Results	3
CERTIFICATION OF ACCURACY	6
APPENDICES	
AI Summary of Acute Whole Effluent Toxicity Results <i>Pimephales promelas</i> CETIS Test Summary and Measurement Report	AI-1
AII Summary of Acute Whole Effluent Toxicity Results <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> CETIS Test Summary and Measurement Report	AII-1
BI Raw Data for <i>Pimephales promelas</i> Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Conducted on John E. Egan Water Reclamation Plant Final Effluent Collected May 16-17, 2011	BI-1
BII Raw Data for <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Conducted on John E. Egan Water Reclamation Plant Final Effluent Collected May 16-17, 2011	BII-1

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

CI	Chain-of-Custody for Whole Effluent Toxicity Tests Conducted on John E. Egan Water Reclamation Plant Final Effluent Collected May 16-17, 2011	CI-1
DI	Quality Assurance for the <i>Pimephales promelas</i> Whole Effluent Toxicity Test: Raw Data and Statistical Calculations for the Concurrent Reference Toxicant Test, Control Charts, and Culture Data	DI-1
DII	Quality Assurance for the <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> Whole Effluent Toxicity Test: Raw Data and Statistical Calculations for the Concurrent Reference Toxicant Test, Control Charts, and Culture Data	DII-1

LIST OF TABLES

Table No.		Page
1	Sample Collection Information	2
2	Acute <i>Pimephales promelas</i> Test Results	4
3	Acute <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> Test Results	5

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Ms. Pamela Slaby is acknowledged for typing this report.

DISCLAIMER

Mention of proprietary equipment and chemicals in this report does not constitute endorsement by the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago.

**ACUTE WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY TEST RESULTS FOR THE JOHN E.
EGAN WATER RECLAMATION PLANT, SCHAUMBURG, ILLINOIS**

**NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM
PERMIT NUMBER IL0036340, MAY 2011**

Summary

The acute toxicity test with *Pimephales promelas* (*P. promelas*) (96-hour, static, renewal), was conducted on samples of John E. Egan Water Reclamation Plant (WRP) final effluent collected May 16-17, 2011. The results indicated that the tests were valid. No acute toxic effect on *P. promelas* was observed. Results of the quality control acute toxicity tests with *P. promelas* using the reference toxicant sodium chloride (NaCl) fell within limits prescribed as acceptable by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

The acute toxicity test with *Ceriodaphnia dubia* (*C. dubia*) (48-hour, static, non-renewal) was conducted on samples of the John E. Egan WRP final effluent collected May 16-17, 2011. The results indicated that the tests were valid. No acute toxic effect on *C. dubia* was observed. Results of quality control acute toxicity tests with *C. dubia* using the reference toxicant NaCl fell within limits prescribed as acceptable by the USEPA.

Sample Information

Tests were performed using 24-hour composite samples of John E. Egan WRP final effluent collected on May 16 through May 17, 2011 for the acute toxicity tests. The individual grab samples were stored on site at 0.1 – 6°C in a refrigerator. Sample temperatures at the time of receipt were below 7°C. Samples were stored in a locked refrigerator in the laboratory at 4 ± 1°C. Sample collection information is shown in Table 1.

Whole Effluent Toxicity Tests

The acute toxicity tests with *P. promelas* and *C. dubia* were conducted on the John E. Egan WRP effluent samples collected May 16 through May 17, 2011. Acute Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) test methods and procedures were followed in accordance with *Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms*, EPA/821-R-02-12, Fifth Edition, October 2002. *P. promelas* were exposed to 6.25, 12.5, 25, 50 and 100 percent concentration of final effluent for 96 hours. *C. dubia* were exposed to the same concentrations of effluent for 48 hours.

TABLE 1: SAMPLE COLLECTION INFORMATION

Effluent Collection Point:	John E. Egan Water Reclamation Plant Effluent Discharge Number 001	
Effluent Collection Method:	Five 2 1/2 gallon grab samples collected over a 24-hour period were combined to make 24-hour composite sample. The individual grab samples were collected at 6-hour intervals.	
Effluent Collection Times and Dates:	0600	May 16, 2011
	1200	May 16, 2011
	1800	May 16, 2011
	2400	May 16, 2011
	0600	May 17, 2011

The acute fathead minnow test (*P. promelas*) was set up on May 17, 2011 and completed on May 21, 2011. The acute *C. dubia* test was set up on May 17, 2011 and completed on May 19, 2011. Hard synthetic water with selenium (HSW) was used as control and dilution water for both test species.

Statistical analyses were performed using the Comprehensive Environmental Toxicity Information System (CETIS) software program, version 1.7.0 (Tidepool Scientific Software, California).

Concurrent reference toxicant tests (RTT) using sodium chloride (NaCl) were conducted, and the control charts for the *P. promelas* and *C. dubia* acute RTT were prepared.

Analysts

WET tests were conducted by Atulkumar Mehta (Laboratory Technician I) and Hemangini Shukla (Assistant Environmental Microbiologist). Hemangini Shukla entered the raw data in an Excel and CETIS program. Hemangini Shukla and Geeta Rijal (Supervising Environmental Microbiologist) prepared this report.

Results

Results of the acute *P. promelas* WET test are shown in Table 2. The *P. promelas* test results indicated a valid test. No acute toxicity to *P. promelas* was observed. The HSW control water met the test acceptability criteria for the *P. promelas* test. Results of the quality control acute toxicity test with *P. promelas* using the RTT fell within limits prescribed as acceptable by the USEPA, i.e. within ± 2 standard deviations from the mean.

Results of the acute *C. dubia* WET test are shown in Table 3. The *C. dubia* test results indicated a valid test. No acute toxicity to *C. dubia* was observed. The HSW control water met the test acceptability criteria for the *C. dubia* test. Results of the quality control, acute toxicity test with *C. dubia* using the RTT fell within limits prescribed as acceptable by USEPA, i.e. within ± 2 standard deviations from the mean.

The WET test results indicated the absence of acute toxicity to *P. promelas* and *C. dubia*. Tabulated summaries of the *P. promelas* and *C. dubia* WET tests are presented in Appendices AI and AII, respectively. Raw data for the *P. promelas* and *C. dubia* WET tests are presented in Appendices BI and BII, respectively. Chain-of-Custody documentation is provided in Appendix CI. Raw data, statistical calculations, culture data, and control charts for the *P. promelas* and *C. dubia* concurrent RTT are provided in Appendices DI and DII, respectively.

TABLE 2: ACUTE *PIMEPHALES PROMELAS* TEST RESULTS

Acute Test Parameters	Results
96-h LC ₅₀	>100%
Toxicity Observed	No
Mean Percent Survival in Laboratory Water Control (HSW)	100%
Mean Percent Survival in 100% Final Effluent	100%
Valid Test	Yes
Concurrent Reference Toxicant Test in Control	Yes

TABLE 3: ACUTE *CERIODAPHNIA DUBIA* TEST RESULTS

Acute Test Parameters	Results
48-h LC ₅₀	>100%
Toxicity Observed	No
Mean Percent Survival in Laboratory Water Control (HSW)	100%
Mean Percent Survival in 100% Final Effluent	100%
Valid Test	Yes
Concurrent Reference Toxicant Test in Control	Yes

CERTIFICATION OF ACCURACY

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all appendices were prepared under my supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering data, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations 40 C.F.R. 122.22 (d).

Date

Thomas C. Granato, Ph.D.
Acting Director
Monitoring and Research

If you have any questions concerning this report, please contact Dr. Geeta Rijal, Supervising Environmental Microbiologist, at 708-588-4224.