

# RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

REPORT NO. 91-31

OPERATION LAKE WATCH - 1984

BACTERIA, ALGAE, BENTHOS, AND FISH
IN THE WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET

HARBOR AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN

LAKE MICHIGAN

W.G. Schmeelk I. Polls S.G. Dennison P. O'Brien

August 1991

## Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago-

OPERATION LAKE WATCH - 1984

BACTERIA, ALGAE, BENTHOS, AND FISH IN THE WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBOR AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN

#### Ву

William G. Schmeelk Microbiologist III

> Irwin Polls Biologist III

Samuel G. Dennison Biologist II

Parnell O'Brien Microbiologist II

Research and Development Department

August 1991

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
LIST OF TABLES	iv
LIST OF FIGURES	хi
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	xii
Disclaimer	xii
SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS	xiii
INTRODUCTION	` 1
OBJECTIVES	3
Bacteria	3
Algae	4
Benthic Invertebrates	5
Sediment Quality	6
Fish	6
METHODS AND MATERIALS	9
Bacteria	9
Algae	10
Plankton	10
Periphyton	13
Water Chemistry	13
Benthic Invertebrates	13
Sediment Quality	15
Fish	15
Electrofishing	15
Gill Net Sample	16

## TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page
Bluegill Toxicity Index	17
RESULTS	18
Bacteria	18
Algae	18
Benthic Invertebrates	35
Station 2-C Near Wilmette Harbor	35
Station 4-C Near Chicago Harbor	48
Station 6-C Near Calumet Harbor	52
Sediment Quality	53
Station 2-C Near Wilmette Harbor	53
Station 4-C Near Chicago Harbor	53
Station 6-C Near Calumet Harbor	56
Fish	56
DISCUSSION	87
Bacteria	87
Algae	87
Populations	87
Community Structure	90
Benthic Invertebrates	97
Relative Abundance and Species Composition	97
Trophic Indices	99
Indicator Species	100

## TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

		Page
Sedi	ment Quality	101
Fish		102
	Number and Weight of Fish Collected-Gill Nets	102
	Yellow Perch	102
	Lake Trout	103
	Number and Weight of Fish Collected-Electro- fishing Boat	105
	Bluegill Toxicity Index	108
Comp. Data	arison of Bacteria, Algal, Benthos, and Fish	110
REFERENCE	S	115
APPENDICE:	S	
AI	Bacterial Results of Lake Michigan Shoreline Sampling - 1984	AI-1
AII	Algae and Chemical Results from Samples Collected from the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan During 1984	AII-1
AIII	Data for Fish Collected During 1984 from the Inshore Areas of Southwestern Lake Michigan (Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors)	AIII-1

### LIST OF TABLES

Table No.		Page
	Total Coliform (TC), Fecal Coliform (FC), Fecal Streptococcus (FS) and <u>Pseudomonas</u> aeruginosa (PA) Colony Confirmations from Samples Collected in Lake Michigan in 1984	11
2	Bacterial Counts for Lake Michigan Shoreline Stations	19
3	Summary of Algal Data Collected from the Inshore Areas of Southwestern Lake Michigan During 1984	21
4	Persistent Periphyton Organisms (Present in ≥ 90 Percent of Samples) Collected from the Inshore Areas of Southwestern Lake Michigan During 1984	25
5	Persistent Planktonic Organisms (Present in ≥ 90 Percent of Samples) from the Averaged Discrete Samples Collected from the Inshore Areas of Southwestern Lake Michigan During 1984	26
6	Dominant Periphytic Organisms (≥ 1 Percent of the Total Periphyton Population) from Samples Collected from the Inshore Areas of Southwestern Lake Michigan During 1984	27
	Dominant Planktonic Organisms (≥ 1 Percent of the Total Plankton Population) Averaged Discrete Samples Collected From the Inshore Areas of Southwestern Lake Michigan During 1984	29
8	Summary of Water Quality Constituents Determined from the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan During 1984	32

Page		Table No.
36	The Mean Density* of Benthic Inverte- brates Collected at Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-C) in the Inshore Area of Southwestern Lake Michigan During April, August, and October of 1984	9
39	The Mean Density* of Benthic Inverte- brates Collected at Chicago Harbor (Station 4-C) in the Inshore Area of Southwestern Lake Michigan During April, August, and October of 1984	10
43	The Mean Density* of Benthic Inverte- brates Collected at Calumet Harbor (Station 6-C) in the Inshore Area of Southwestern Lake Michigan During April, August, and October of 1984	11
	Chemical Characteristics of Bottom Sediments in the Inshore Area of Southwestern Lake Michigan, October 1984	12
55	Trace Metals in Bottom Sediments in the Inshore Area of Southwestern Lake Michigan, October 1984	13
57	Fish Species Collected from Southwestern Lake Michigan (Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors) During September and October, 1984	14
59	Number of Fish Collected with 500 Feet of Experimental Gill Nets in Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors During 1984	15
61	Percent of Total Gill Net Catch for Fish Collected in Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors During 1984	16
64	Number of Fish Collected Electrofishing in Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors	17

Table No.		Page
18	Percent of Total Electrofishing Catch for Fish Collected in Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors During 1984	66
19	Number of Fish Collected Per 30 Minutes Electrofishing and Percent of Total Catch for Fish Collected from Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors During 1984	69
20	Weight (Grams) of Fish Collected with 500 Feet of Experimental Gill Nets in Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors During 1984	72
21	Percent of Weight of Total Gill Net Catch for Fish Collected in Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors During 1984	74
22	Weight (Grams) of Fish Collected Electro- fishing in Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors During 1984	77
23	Percent of Weight of Total Electrofishing Catch for Fish Collected in Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors During 1984	79
24	Weight (Grams) of Fish Collected Per 30 Minutes Electrofishing and Percent of Weight of Total Catch for Fish Collected from Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors During 1984	82
25	Results of Chemical Analysis of Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbor Water Samples Taken During Harbor Fish Collections	85
26	Percent Composition of Omnivorous Fish Species in the Catch from Wilmette, Chicago and Calumet Harbors During 1984	107

Table No.		Page
AI-1	Bacterial Results from Samples Collected 1,000 Yards (915 Meters) Offshore at Lake-Cook County Line (Station 1-A, Figure 1) During 1984	AI-2
AI-2	Bacterial Results from Samples Collected 1,000 Yards (915 Meters) Offshore at Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-A, Figure 1) During 1984	AI-3
AI-3	Bacterial Results from Samples Collected 1,000 Yards (915 Meters) Offshore at Montrose Harbor (Station 3-A, Figure 1) During 1984	AI-4
AI-4	Bacterial Results from Samples Collected 1,000 Yards (915 Meters) Offshore at Breakwater Gap for Chicago Harbor (Station 4-A, Figure 1) During 1984	AI-5
AI-5	Bacterial Results from Samples Collected 1,000 Yards (915 Meters) Offshore at Jackson Park Harbor (Station 5-A, Figure 1) During 1984	AI-6
AI-6	Bacterial Results from Samples Collected 1,000 Yards (915 Meters) Offshore at Breakwater Gap for Calumet Harbor (Station 6-A, Figure 1) During 1984	AI-7
AI-7	Bacterial Results from Samples Collected 300 Yards (275 Meters) Offshore at Lighthouse at Mouth of Indiana Harbor (Station 7-A, Figure 1) During 1984	AI-8
AII-1	Plankton Population Estimates for the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan - 1984. Column Plankton Tow, Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-B, Figure 1)	AII-2

Table	HIGI OF THE PERCENTAGE	
No.		Page
AII-2	Plankton Population Estimates for the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan - 1984. Column Plankton Tow, Chicago Harbor (Station 4-B, Figure 1)	AII-8
AII-3	Plankton Population Estimates for the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan - 1984. Column Plankton Tow, Calumet Harbor (Station 6-B, Figure 1)	AII-14
AII-4	Population Density of Periphytic Algal Species Collected from the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-B, <u>Figure 1</u> ) During 1984	AII-21
AII-5	Population Density of Periphytic Algal Species Collected from the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Chicago Harbor (Station 4-B, <u>Figure 1</u> ) During 1984	AII-27
AII-6	Population Density of Periphytic Algal Species Collected from the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Calumet Harbor (Station 6-B, Figure 1) During 1984	AII-39
AII-7	Average Population Density of Kemmerer Planktonic Algal Species Collected from the Inshore Areas of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-B, Figure 1) During 1984	AII-52
AII-8	Average Population Density of Kemmerer Planktonic Algal Species Collected from the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Chicago Harbor (Station 4-B, Figure 1) March 2 to August 15, 1984	AII-72
AII-9	Average Population Density of Kemmerer Planktonic Algal Species Collected from the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Chicago Harbor (Station 4-B, Figure 1) October 2 to December 28, 1984	AII-86

Table No.		Page
AII-10	Average Population Density of Kemmerer Planktonic Algal Species Collected from the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Calumet Harbor (Station 6-B, Figure 1) March 1 to September 18, 1984	AII-100
AII-11	Average Population Density of Kemmerer Plantonic Algal Species Collected from the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Calumet Harbor (Station 6-B, Figure 1) October 3 to December 28, 1984	AII-113
AII-12	Depth Profiles of Selected Water Quality Indicators for the Inshore Areas of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-B, Figure 1) During 1984	AII-126
AII-13	Depth Profiles of Selected Water Quality Indicators for the Inshore Areas of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Chicago Harbor (Station 4-B, Figure 1) During 1984	AII-128
AII-14	Depth Profiles of Selected Water Quality Indicators for the Inshore Areas of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Calumet Harbor (Station 6-B, Figure 1) During 1984	AII-131
AII-15	Chemical Analyses of Water Samples Collected from the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-B, Figure 1) During 1984	AII-133
AII-16	Chemical Analyses of Water Samples Collected from the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Chicago Harbor (Station 4-B, Figure 1) During 1984	AII-136
AII-17	Chemical Analyses of Water Samples Collected from the Inshore Waters of Southwestern Lake Michigan at Calumet Harbor (Station 6-B, Figure 1) During 1984	AII-139

Table No.		<u>Page</u>
AIII-1	Standard Length for Fish Collected from Lake Michigan at Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-D) During 1984	AIII-2
AIII-2	Total Length for Fish Collected from Lake Michigan at Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-D) During 1984	AIII-3
AIII-3	Total Weight for Fish Collected from Lake Michigan at Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-D) During 1984	AIII-4
AIII-4	Standard Length for Fish Collected from Lake Michigan at Chicago Harbor (Station 4-D) During 1984	AIII-5
AIII-5	Total Length for Fish Collected from Lake Michigan at Chicago Harbor (Station 4-D) During 1984	AIII-6
AIII-6	Total Weight for Fish Collected from Lake Michigan at Chicago Harbor (Station 4-D) During 1984	AIII-7
AIII-7	Standard Length for Fish Collected from Lake Michigan at Calumet Harbor (Station 6-D) During 1984	AIII-8
8-IIIA	Total Length for Fish Collected from Lake Michigan at Calumet Harbor (Station 6-D) During 1984	AIII-9
AIII-9	Total Weight for Fish Collected from Lake Michigan at Calumet Harbor (Station 6-D) During 1984	AIII-10

## LIST OF FIGURES

Page		Figure No.
20	Inshore Area of Southwestern Lake Michigan Showing Bacterial, Algal, Benthos, and Fish Sampling Locations During 1984	1
46	Percent Composition of Benthic Invertebrates from the Inshore Area of Southwestern Lake Michigan, 1984	2
47	Mean Number of Benthic Invertebrate Taxa from Stations 2-C, 4-C, and 6-C in the Inshore Area of Southwestern Lake Michigan, 1984	3
49	Mean Number of Benthic Invertebrates from Stations 2-C, 4-C, and 6-C in the Inshore Area of Southwestern Lake Michigan, 1984	4
50	Ranked Relative Abundance (Percent Composition) of Benthic Invertebrates from Stations 2-C, 4-C, and 6-C in the Inshore Area of Lake Michigan, 1984	5
51	Seasonal Relative Abundance of Benthic Invertebrates from Stations 2-C, 4-C, and 6-C in the Inshore Area of Southwestern Lake Michigan, 1984 (Sp = Spring, Su = Summer, Fa = Fall)	6
111	Bluegill Toxicity Index for Wilmette Harbor During 1984	7
112	Bluegill Toxicity Index for Chicago Harbor During 1984	8
113	Bluegill Toxicity Index for Calumet Harbor During 1984	9

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors wish to thank their laboratory technicians Anne Copeland, John Dorkin, Joseph Salerno, and Michael Sopcak for their aid in collection and identification of specimens, the organization and statistical treatment of data, and in the preparation of selected portions of the text and appendices. Thanks are also due to the crews of Pollution Control I and Pollution Control II, without whose cooperation most of the samples could not have been collected.

#### Disclaimer

Mention of proprietary equipment and chemicals in this report does not constitute endorsement by the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago.

#### SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

#### Bacteria

In 1984, of the seven open water Lake Michigan sampling stations only one, station 7-A, located about 300 yards (275 meters) offshore, from the Indiana Harbor Lighthouse, had fecal coliform (FC) levels greater than three per 100 mL. Station 7-A had counts of 55 per 100 mL as a geometric mean. Only this station, in 1984, had counts higher than the Illinois Pollution Control Board Lake Michigan open water quality standard of 20 FC per 100 mL.

In 1984, all locations met the Illinois Department of Public Health Lake Michigan beach standard of 500 FC per 100 mL.

#### Algae

Comparing summer algae composition with studies conducted during the 1970's by the District and the Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory at Ann Arbor, Michigan, a clearly discernible improvement was found for Lake Michigan during 1984. The dominance of the green and blue-green algae in Lake Michigan summer algal populations found during the 1970's did not occur in 1984. Where the diatom contribution in the 1970's had been as low as 5% of the algal population, the diatom contribution in 1984 was never less than 61% of the algal population. The increased dominance and appearance of the oligotrophic indicator species Cyclotella kützingiana and C. occellata along with the loss of dominance and reduced appearance

of the eutrophic indicator species Fragilaria capucina, Melosira granulata, and Stephanodiscus tenuis and the recently introduced eutrophic species Diatoma tenue var. elongatum, Nitzschia dissipata, Stephanodiscus binderanus, S. subtilis, and Cyclotella stelligera also confirms the improvement in water quality. The loss of Stephanodiscus hantzschii and S. minutus (mesotrophic to eutrophic indicators) from a position of dominance in the population also supports the hypothesis of water quality improvement, even though Fragilaria crotonensis and Asterionella formosa remained as dominants through most of the year. The increased dominance of Tabellaria fenestrata (a mesotrophic indicator) throughout 1984 added weight to the conclusion of improved Lake Michigan water quality as compared to the 1970's.

#### Benthic Invertebrates

Bottom samples were collected from the inshore area of southwestern Lake Michigan at depths ranging from 15 to 31 feet during April, August, and October 1984. Based on the results from this study, the following conclusions can be made concerning the Lake Michigan benthic invertebrate communities:

1. Sixty-nine benthic taxa, most of which were identified to species, were collected from the study area, with an overall estimated mean density of 2,380 organisms/m2.

- Tubificids, chironomids, naidids, orthocladines, and amphipods accounted for 44, 9, 31.8, 14.5, 3.5, and 1.6 percent, respectively, of the total number of invertebrates.
- 3. The overall estimated mean abudance of the benthic invertebrates during the spring, summer, and fall was 1,488, 3,220, and 2,433 organisms/m2, respectively.
- 4. The most common invertebrate taxa included the chironomids Chironomus fluviatilis gr., Cyphomella sp., and Polypedilium scalaenum, the naidids Piguetiella michiganensis, and Vejdovsk-yella intermedia, and the tubificid worm Potamothrix vejdovskyi.
- 5. Using several numerical indices for oligochaete worms (total and relative abundance) and the indicator species approach, the benthic invertebrate community in Lake Michigan typified an area which has sustained a moderate degree of organic pollution or was characteristic of a mesotrophic habitat.

#### Sediment Ouality

Bottom sediments were collected from the same three stations as the benthic invertebrates in October 1984, and analyzed for 15 constituents. The following conclusions can be made regarding the quality of the Lake Michigan sediment in the study area:

1. The mean percent volatile solids and the mean concentration of the chemical oxygen demand (COD), fats, oils, and greases (FOG), arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, iron, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, silver, and zinc in the surficial sediments was 0.56 percent, 8,117, 24, 0, 0, 6.3, 23.0, 8,430, 20.7, 283, 0.02, 6.7, 3.0, and 63.3 mg/kg, respectively.

2. Using the USEPA's Region V guidelines for evaluating Great Lakes harbor sediments, the Lake Michigan bottom sediments in the study area can be classified as nonpolluted.

#### Fish

Eight species of fish classified as being intolerant of a variety of disturbances such as water quality degradation, habitat degradation, or a combination of the two, were collected from three Lake Michigan harbors (Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors) during 1984. This suggested that these harbors were supportive of fish populations and were of good water quality.

The relatively great proportion of top carnivorous fish species in the three harbors indicated that healthy, trophically diverse fish communities existed in these harbors.

The inshore area of Calumet Harbor appeared to be moderately degraded near the Indiana border based on the percent of omnivorous fish species in the electrofishing catch.

No harbor exceeded 0.2 bluegill toxic units which is considered satisfactory for maintaining fish populations.

## INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN INTRODUCTION

Lake Michigan is one of the Laurentian Great Lakes that form a natural boundary between Canada and the United States of America. The physical characteristics of these lakes were established 10,000 years ago with the retreat of the Wisconsinian glacier, and are stable and slow to change. Because these lakes contain 20 percent of the world's supply of surface fresh water the drainage basin is heavily populated. Eighty percent of the Canadian and 20 percent of the United States populations reside around these lakes.

Lake Michigan is the only Great Lake completely within the boundaries of the United States. It is 350 miles (560 kilometers) long, divided into basins by an underwater ridge, and in the southern basin has a maximum east west width of 84 miles (134 kilometers). The average depth of Lake Michigan is 279 feet (85 meters) with maximum depths in the northern basin of 923 feet (282 meters) and in the southern basin of 548 feet (167 meters). Lake Michigan has a surface area of 22,300 square miles (5,775,674 hectares) and a drainage basin (including the lake) of 67,900 square miles (17,586,012 hectares). Lake Michigan contains 1,180 cubic miles (4,920 cubic kilometers) of water with an average discharge rate (including the Chicago diversion) of 51,000 cubic feet per second (1,444 cubic

meters/sec). By combining this information an emptying or turnover time of 108 years can be calculated for Lake Michigan (1).

The Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago (District) was created in 1889 to protect the source of the City of Chicago's drinking water supply, Lake Michigan. The District has continued to safeguard this valuable water resource not only through capital improvements such as reversal of flow in the Chicago and Calumet Rivers to the Mississippi River drainage basin, the construction, maintenance, and improvement of water reclamation plants, and more recently the Tunnel and Reservoir Plan (TARP), but also through continuing and extensive water quality monitoring programs for this Great Lake.

#### OBJECTIVES

A two year survey of the inshore waters of southwestern Lake Michigan was begun in January of 1984. This report describes the results of the first year (1984) of this survey. The primary objective of this survey was to determine the present water quality of this region through the biota collected; e.g. algae as the primary producers, benthos as organisms that are primary and secondary consumers, fish as the ultimate consumer in the aquatic environment, and bacteria as indicators of human activities. Chemical constituents in the water or sediments, as appropriate, were sampled at the same time as the biota. Thus, a composite water quality determination was made.

Comparisons of the data collected were to be made with the Lake Michigan Water Quality Standards (2), published by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, previous studies conducted by the District (3), and Argonne National Laboratories (4).

#### Bacteria

Because there are large numbers of different kinds of bacteria to be found in natural waters the indicators of sanitary quality, total coliform (TC), fecal coliform (FC), and fecal streptococcus (FS) were the first choices for the determination of water quality in the inshore waters of southwestern Lake Michigan. The estimate of total heterotrophs or

standard plate count (SPC), was added to provide an evaluation of bacterial biomass. To satisfy the public health aspect of a bacterial survey the <u>Salmonella</u> (enteric pathogens) group were identified and enumerated, as was <u>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</u>, an organism identified with water body contact infections, such as eye, ear, nose, and wound infections.

#### <u>Algae</u>

The algae are the primary producers in aquatic systems, analogous to the grasses of land systems. They convert inorganic substances to organic substances such as proteins, carbohydrates, and fats and so are responsible for providing sustenance to the other organisms inhabiting the water. The kinds of algae present can indicate whether or not the system (in this case southwestern Lake Michigan) represents a disturbed or stable environment. To make this determination both planktonic and periphytic algae were collected. These algae were identified to species and enumerated.

More than 2,000 species of algae have been previously identified from Lake Michigan (4). Sixty-five percent of these species were classified as diatoms (Bacillariophyceae). The remainder were divided among the green algae (Chlorophyta), blue-green algae (Cyanophyta), golden-brown algae (Chrysophyceae), euglenoids (Euglenophyta), and dinoflagellates and cryptomonads (Pyrrhophyta).

The previous investigations of indicator algal species in Lake Michigan were primarily on diatoms since they had been dominant in both species and number (4). The underlying assumption for determining indicator species was that different taxa were either adapted to, or tolerate water of dissimilar nutrient content.

The Shannon-Weaver species diversity index was used to describe the richness of species and the distribution of individuals among the species (5). The persistence of species through the year showed tolerance to changing climatic conditions and dominance of a species in the population (greater than one percent of the total population) showed that conditions were favorable for that species at that time.

#### Benthic Invertebrates

The benthic invertebrate community frequently has been used to assess the environmental quality of lakes and rivers. These organisms are sensitive to both physical and chemical changes in the environment. They also have sufficiently long life cycles and low motility, and thus reflect past and present environmental conditions. The community characteristics analyzed included the abundance, percent composition, and seasonal trends of invertebrates.

#### Sediment Ouality

Much of the suspended material that has been discharged from point and nonpoint sources of pollution eventually settles to the bottom of lakes. Some of these wastes can be toxic to aquatic organisms when present in high concentrations. Even though these materials are usually discharged to lakes at sublethal levels, many are capable of being concentrated in aquatic food chains. In this study, sediment samples were collected and analyzed for 15 chemical constituents.

#### Fish

Fish collections and analyses give the most meaningful index of water quality to the public, and have been performed on the District's waterways since 1974 (10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16). Fish occupy the upper levels of the aquatic food chain as the ultimate aquatic consumer. Therefore, changes in water quality that significantly affect the other kinds of organisms within the aquatic community will also affect the species composition and abundance of the fish population.

A knowledge of the assemblage of fish species in a lake or a stream and the numerical relationships of these species provides an excellent biological picture of the watercourse and its well-being. When information is available over a long period of time, fishes can be one of the most sensitive indicators of the quality of the aquatic environment (17).

Lake Michigan's native fish stocks have changed vastly in the last 120 years (18). These changes are primarily attributable to exploitation (overfishing), the introduction of exotic (nonnative) species, and accelerated eutrophication or other forms of pollution related events. Exploitation was easily the major factor causing changes in Lake Michigan fish stocks until the smelt became abundant in the 1930's, and probably until the parasitic sea lamprey became established in the 1940's, and the alewife in the 1950's (18). It is believed that the destruction of predators by the sea lamprey allowed the invasion of the alewife (19).

As a prolific forage fish, the alewife, has made possible the outstanding successful coho and chinook salmon stocking programs begun in the mid-1960's in Lake Michigan (18). Predation on the alewife resulted in its decreased abundance, and the yellow perch and bloaters, competitors of the alewife, have increased in abundance (20, 21, 22). Lake trout were stocked during 1965 and are once again abundant in Lake Michigan, as are the other trout and salmon species. The lamprey, though still present, is being controlled chemically (18).

At present, 91 species of fish are known to inhabit Lake Michigan; while 135 species of fish are known to inhabit the tributaries to Lake Michigan (23).

In this study the following characteristics were used to describe the fish populations and the water quality in the Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors of Lake Michigan:

- 1. Number of fish species collected within each harbor, and for all harbors combined.
- Number and percent of total catch for fish collected per 500 feet of experimental gill net within each harbor, and for all harbors combined.
- 3. Number and percent of total catch for fish collected per 30 minutes electrofishing within each harbor, and for all harbors combined.
- 4. Weight (grams) of fish and percent of the weight of the total catch of fish collected per 500 feet of experimental gill net within each harbor, and for all harbors combined.
- 5. Weight (grams) of fish and percent of the weight of the total catch of fish collected per 30 minutes electrofishing within each harbor, and for all harbors combined.
- 6. Bluegill toxicity index (24) for each harbor and for all harbors combined.

#### METHODS AND MATERIALS

#### Bacteria

Water samples for bacterial analyses were collected at a depth of one meter using a Kemmerer bottle. These samples were placed in sterile four liter containers, containing enough sodium thiosulfate to neutralize 15 mg/L chlorine, and transported on ice to the R&D Laboratory in Stickney, Illinois. Analyses were begun approximately six to twenty-four hours after sample collection began and from two to twenty hours after the last sample was collected. Total coliform (TC), fecal coliform (FC), fecal streptococcus (FS), and standard plate count (SPC) were performed according to Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 14th Edition (25). Salmonella were estimated using a modification of the MPN technique described by Kenner and Clark (26). Presumptive Salmonella were identified biochemically utilizing the API 20® system for identification of Enterobacteriaceae. Confirmation of Salmonella isolates was performed with polyvalent "O" antisera. Pseudomonas aeruginosa (PA) analyses were performed according to the tentative method in Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 15th Edition (27). Results were expressed as the geometric mean of samples collected four times during the year.

Colony confirmations for TC, FC, FS, and PA are presented in <u>Table 1</u>. The confirmation rates for typical TC, FC, FS, and PA colonies were 52.6%, 86.7%, 71.4%, and 100%, respectively.

#### Algae

#### PLANKTON

"Plankton refers to microscopic aquatic forms having little or no resistance to currents and living free-floating and suspended in open or pelagic waters" (27).

Two types of plankton samples were collected. One type of sample was collected with a Kemmerer water sampler which collected discrete water samples at depths of one, three, and five meters, and the bottom meter. The other type of sample was collected with a plankton net (80 micrometer mesh) by lowering the net to the bottom of the water column and then raising it straight up - this is called a column or vertical plankton net tow and samples the entire water column. Both types of samples were kept in the dark and iced.

Upon return to the laboratory the discrete water samples were divided into four aliquots; one for diatom analysis, one for nondiatom or soft-bodied algae analysis, one for chlorophyll a analysis, and one for organic matter analysis. The vertical plankton net tow sample was divided into two aliquots; one for diatom analysis and one for nondiatom analysis.

<u>Diatoms</u>. The samples for diatom analysis were digested with 30 percent hydrogen peroxide and dichromate as a catalyst as described in <u>Standard Methods</u> (27). Serial concentrations were by sedimentation (27). After mounting in Hyrax® the

#### METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO

TABLE 1

TOTAL COLIFORM (TC), FECAL COLIFORM (FC), FECAL STREPTOCOCCUS (FS)

AND PSEUDOMONAS AERUGINOSA (PA) COLONY CONFIRMATIONS

FROM SAMPLES COLLECTED IN LAKE MICHIGAN IN 1984

	TC		FC		FS		PA	
	Typl	Atyp <sup>2</sup>	Typ1	Atyp <sup>2</sup>	Typ <sup>1</sup>	Atyp <sup>2</sup>	Typ1	Atyp <sup>2</sup>
Number of Colonies Confirmed	40	2	26	0	. 25	0	15	0
Number of Colonies Tested	76	11	30	4	35		15	3
Percent Confirmed	52.6	18.2	86.7	0.0	71.4	0.0	100	0.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Typical Colonies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Atypical Colonies.

counting protocol used was to identify and count 500 organisms or 300 fields, whichever came first.

Nondiatoms. The samples for nondiatom analyses were preserved with 0.5 percent glutaraldehyde, and three drops of concentrated detergent. Serial sedimentation as described in Standard Methods (27) was used to concentrate the organisms two hundred times. Five hundred organisms or 300 fields were identified and counted. To determine the percentage of live diatoms the total number of diatoms was noted as well as those containing chloroplasts. Because the digestion process for diatom preparation destroys those diatoms which are only slightly silicified, such as Rhizosolenia, these organisms were counted in the nondiatom preparation and added to the diatom count.

Chlorophyll a. Samples were filtered through glass fiber filters, extracted with 90 percent acetone, and ground in a tissue grinder as described in <u>Standard Methods</u> (27). Samples were clarified by centrifugation and absorbances determined in a spectrophotometer. Chlorophyll a concentrations were calculated using the UNESCO equations (27).

Organic Matter: The sample for organic matter analysis was dried at 103°C, weighed, fired in the muffle oven at 600°C, and reweighed. The difference in weight is the organic matter (27).

#### PERIPHYTON

Periphyton are "A community of microscopic plants and animals associated with the surfaces of submerged objects. Some are attached, some move about" (27).

The periphytic algae were sampled by providing artificial substrates (microscope slides) for them to colonize. They were collected at two week intervals, protected from autooxidation by wrapping in aluminum foil, kept viable at 4°C, and transported to the laboratory. The slides were equally divided among the four analyses: diatoms, nondiatoms, chlorophyll a, and organic matter. Because of the variation among slides the distribution to each analysis was made on a rotating basis to minimize sampling bias. Once the samples had been scraped off the slides, the samples were handled as for plankton analyses.

#### WATER CHEMISTRY

Water samples for chemical analysis were collected at the same time as the algae samples. Temperature, Secchi disk, dissolved oxygen, and pH were determined on site. A total of 49 water quality constituents were measured at each site according to Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 15th Ed. (27) and the results of these analyses are presented in the Appendix, Tables AII-13 to AII-15.

#### Benthic Invertebrates

Three replicate bottom samples of 0.05 m2 were collected with a Ponar grab sampler during April, August, and October of

1984 from stations near Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors. The sediment samples were placed in one gallon plastic containers and returned to the laboratory for analysis. All samples collected were stored at 4°C until processed.

Upon return to the laboratory, the samples were washed and screened through a number 60 U. S. Standard Sieve. The sieved material was examined under a stereomicroscope at 7 to 30 magnifications. All invertebrates were removed from the finer residual material, sorted into major taxonomic groups, and counted within three to four days of the time of sampling. Except for the worms and midges, each organism was examined and identified to the lowest possible taxon with the stereomicroscope. Oligochaete worms and chironomid midge larvae were mounted on slides using a temporary mounting medium (100 mL lactic acid, 100 mL glycerol, and 200 mL tap water), and identified under a compound microscope at 100 to 1,000 magnifications. At least 200 worms were identified from each of the replicate samples.

Identifications were made to the species level whenever possible using the following taxonomic references: Curry (28), Hiltunen and Klemen (29), Hosinger (30), Jackson (31), Klemm (32), Mackie et al. (33), Maschwitz (34), Pennak (35), Saether (36, 37, 38) and Stimson et al. (39) (Hamilton and Saether, personal communication with one of the authors, Irwin Polls).

#### Sediment Quality

A sediment sample was collected with a Ponar grab sampler during October from the same three stations as benthic invertebrates. The sample was transferred into a quart glass jar and analyzed for percent total and volatile solids, chemical oxygen demand (COD), fat, oils and greases (FOG), arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, iron, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, silver, and zinc. All 15 constituents were analyzed according to Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes (40).

#### Fish

Fish were collected from Calumet Harbor on September 17, 28, and 29, 1984; from Wilmette Harbor on September 24 and 25, 1984; and Chicago Harbor on October 23, 24, and 25, 1984. Fishing gear used included a 230-volt alternating current electrofishing boom mounted on a 14-foot aluminum commercial boat, and 125-foot long, six-foot deep, experimental gill nets (with five 25-foot sections of square mesh size: 3/4-inch, 1-inch, 1-1/4-inch, 1-1/2-inch, and 2-inch).

#### ELECTROFISHING

Fish were collected with long-handled dip nets (3/8-inch mesh) along a known length of shoreline within each harbor. All electrofishing times were noted. A current of approximately 11 amps was maintained by use of a transformer. The electrofishing

boat circled back at intervals to pick up fish missed during the first pass along the shoreline.

The electrofisher was used in relatively shallow water areas in the harbors, which included the Wilmette Harbor boat yard, the rocky riprap around the Jardine Water Filtration Plant in Chicago Harbor and the rocky riprap near the mouth of the Calumet River as well as the weedy shallows, and the metal piling-enclosed boat launching facility at the U. S. Coast Guard Station in Calumet Harbor.

#### GILL NET SAMPLE

Two 250-foot lengths of gill netting, each length made up of two 125-foot experimental gill nets tied together, were set near the bottom and perpendicular to the shoreline in each harbor and left overnight. One 250-foot gill net was set relatively close to shore and the other 250-foot gill net was set relatively farther away (near the breakwater structures in Chicago Harbor and in Calumet Harbor). Therefore, a total of 500 feet of experimental gill netting was used to collect a fish sample in each harbor.

Wilmette Harbor is a relatively small harbor when compared with Chicago Harbor and Calumet Harbor. The gill nets at Wilmette Harbor were set in a manner similar to the other two harbors, but were actually outside of the harbor, just to the north and to the south of the Wilmette Harbor mouth. For

purposes of this report this area will also be referred to as Wilmette Harbor.

All fish collected by either method were identified to species, weighed to the nearest gram (small fish) or nearest tenth of a kilogram or tenth of a pound (large fish), and measured for standard and total length to the nearest millimeter. Large fish were identified, weighed and measured in the field. Small fish were preserved in 10 percent formalin, and identified, weighed and measured at a later date, in the laboratory, after being transferred to 40 percent isopropanol.

#### BLUEGILL TOXICITY INDEX

The bluegill toxicity index (24) was calculated from the results of chemical analyses for various toxic components of the water from which the fish were collected. A component toxicity, expressed in bluegill toxic units (BGTU's) was calculated for each toxicant by dividing the environmental concentration of the toxicant by its 96 hour LC50 (lethal concentration for 50 percent of the individual fish within 96 hours) to bluegill. The component toxicities were then summed to yield the toxicity index (also in BGTU's). A sample of lake water with a toxicity of 1.0 BGTU, for example, would be lethal by definition to 50 percent of the bluegills exposed to it for 96 hours (41).

#### RESULTS

#### Bacteria

Geometric means of the bacterial constituents monitored during 1984 in Lake Michigan are shown in Table 2. The complete data from which Table 2 was derived are contained in Appendix AI. (Sampling locations are shown in Figure 1.) Samples were analyzed for total coliform, fecal coliform, fecal streptococci, standard plate count, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, and Salmonella species. The sampling stations included six within Cook County (Stations 1-A through 6-A) and one south of Cook County (Station 7-A).

#### Algae

A summary of the algae analyses is presented in Table 3. Sample locations are keyed to Figure 1. The column or vertical plankton net tow plankton densities ranged from approximately 542 to 2,081 organisms per mL with 54 to 63 species. The periphyton population densities ranged from 142,040 to 328,932 organisms per cm<sup>2</sup> with 59 to 126 species. Kemmerer plankton (discrete water samples collected with a Kemmerer bottle) ranged at one meter depth from 4,478 to 5,150 organisms per mL with 150 to 173 species, at three meter depth from 4,122 to 5,105 organisms per mL with 134 to 160 species, at five meter depth from 4,657 to 5,950 organisms per mL with 99 to 163 species, and at the bottom meter from 4,500 to 6,900 organisms per mL with 95 to 159 species. Summarizing the Kemmerer plankton through all

TABLE 2

BACTERIAL COUNTS FOR LAKE MICHIGAN SHORELINE STATIONS<sup>1</sup>

Station Location <sup>2</sup>	TC <sup>3</sup>	FC	FS	SPC	PA	Salmonella
1-A						
Lake-Cook Road 2-A	44	2	13	75	1	<0.15
Wilmette Harbor	,2	1	6	57	2	<0.15
Montrose Harbor	4	1	9	98	, 1	<0.15
Chicago Harbor	13	.3	13	140	2	<0.15
Jackson Park Harbor	2	1	30	69	1	<0.15
Calumet Harbor	6	2	250	170	2	<0.15
Indiana Harbor Lighthouse	1,000	55	7	66,000	5	<0.15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>All counts per 100 mL except SPC which is in counts per mL.

<sup>2&</sup>lt;sub>Figure 1</sub>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>TC = total coliform, FC = fecal coliform, FS = fecal streptococcus, SPC = standard plate count, PA = <u>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Values shown are the geometric mean of results of analyses of four samples taken April, June, August, and October, 1984. FS are the result of one sampling run in October, 1984.

#### FIGURE 1

# INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN SHOWING BACTERIAL, ALGAL, BENTHOS, AND FISH SAMPLING LOCATIONS DURING 1984

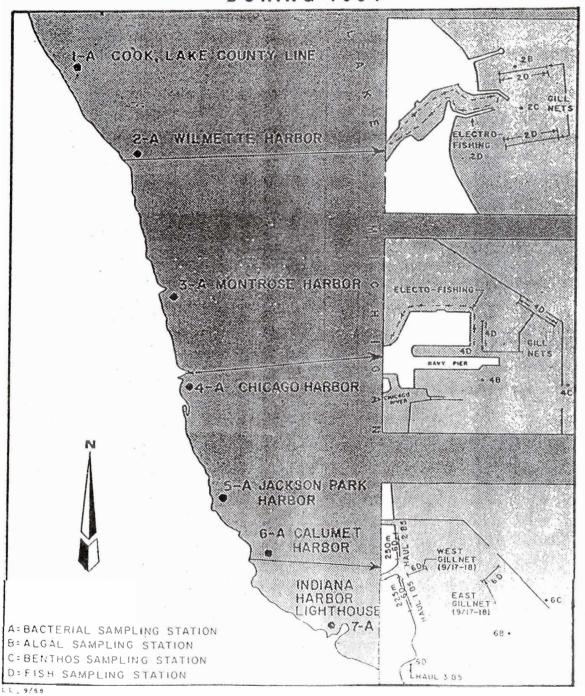


TABLE 3

SUMMARY OF ALGAL DATA COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

Constituent or Calculated Parameter	*Wilmette Harbor Station 2-B	Chicago Harbor Station 4-B	Calumet Harbor Station 6-B
Column Plankton-Net Tow			
Population Density (organisms/mL)	542	588	2,081
Numbers of Species	60	54	63
Periphyton			
Population Density (organisms/cm <sup>2</sup>	142,040	328,932	225,363
Species Diversity	1.06	1.15	1.13
Numbers of Species	59	114	126
Organic Matter (µg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	24.0	58.4	53.4
Chlorophyll a $(\mu g/cm^2)$	0.02	0.15	0.14
Kemmerer Plankton - 1 Meter			
Population Density (organisms/mL)	4,675	4,478	5,150
Species Diversity	1.18	1.33	1.29
Numbers of Species	150	173	173
Organic Matter (µg/mL)	49	47	52
Chlorophyll a (µg/mL)	. 3.7	4.0	4.5

TABLE 3 (Continued)

## SUMMARY OF ALGAL DATA COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

Constituent or Calculated Parameter	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-B	Chicago Harbor Station 4-B	Calumet Harbor Station 6-B
Kemmerer Plankton - 3 Meters			
Population Density (organisms/mL	4,122	4,814	5,105
Species Diversity	1.16	1.28	1.32
Numbers of Species	160	151	134
Organic Matter (µg/mL)	48	46	62
Chlorophyll a (µg/mL)	3.6	4.3	4.2
Kemmerer Plankton - 5 Meters			
Population Density (organisms/mL	4,657	4,692	5,950
Species Diversity	1.12	1.27	1.31
Numbers of Species	99	163	131
Organic Matter (µg/mL)	56	47	54
Chlorophyll a (µg/mL)	3.1	4.4	4.6
Kemmerer Plankton - Bottom			5
Population Density (organisms/mI	5,892	4,527	6,885
Species Diversity	1.19	1.30	1.35
Numbers of Species	95	159	144
Organic Matter (µg/mL)	58	47	52
Chlorophyll a (µg/mL)	3.2	4.9	5.6

#### TABLE 3 (Continued)

## SUMMARY OF ALGAL DATA COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

Constituent or Calculated Parameter	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-B	Chicago Harbor Station 4-B	Calumet Harbor Station 6-B
Site Average			
Kemmerer Plankton Population Density (organisms/mL) Species Diversity Numbers of Species Organic Matter (µg/mL) Chlorophyll a (µg/mL)	4,528 1.19 208 53 3.4	4,637 1.30 256 47 4.4	5,272 1.35 240 55 4.7
	Southwestern L	ake Michigan 1984	Average
Kemmerer Plankton - Overall Population Density (organisms/mL) Species Diversity Numbers of Species Organic Matter (µg/mL) Chlorophyll a (µg/mL)	,	4,812 1.29 350 52 4.2	

<sup>\*</sup>Figure 1 shows location of sampling stations.

depths at each site, the population densities ranged from 4,528 to 5,272 organisms per mL with 208 to 256 species. By combining stations an average Kemmerer plankton population density of 4,811 organisms per mL with a total of 350 species was calculated.

Table 4 shows that eight periphytic organisms were present in more than 90 percent of the samples collected. One of the eight persistent periphytic organisms (Fragilaria crotonensis) was listed by Palmer (42, 43) as a pollutant-tolerant species. Table 5 shows that 16 persistent plankton species were present in the southwestern Lake Michigan harbor area of which three, Fragilaria crotonensis, Melosira granulata, and Nitzschia fonticola, were listed by Palmer as pollutant-tolerant species. Table 6 shows that 50 dominant periphyton were found in Lake Michigan during 1984; 14 of these organisms were listed by Palmer as pollutant-tolerant. Table 7 lists 67 dominant plankton found in Lake Michigan during 1984 with 13 of these organisms listed by Palmer as being pollutant-tolerant.

A summary of the results of the water chemistry analyses is presented in <u>Table 8</u>. The number of observations, mean, and sample standard deviation are given for each of the constituents analyzed.

TABLE 4

PERSISTENT PERIPHYTON ORGANISMS (PRESENT IN ≥90 PERCENT OF SAMPLES) COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

Persistent Organisms*	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-B	Chicago Harbor Station 4-B	Calumet Harbor Station 6-B
Achnanthes affinis	x	•	
Asterionella formosa		Х	
Cyclotella kuetzingiana	X		
Fragilaria bicapitata	X		
Fragilaria crotonensis**	X		
Fragilaria intermedia	X	X	- X
Gomphonema olivaceum	X	X	
<u>Tabellaria</u> <u>fenestrata</u>	X	X	X

<sup>\*</sup>Organisms present in ≥90 percent of the samples collected. Three samples were collected at Wilmette, nine samples at Chicago, and eleven samples at Calumet, (Stations 2-B, 4-B, and 6-B, respectively).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Pollutant-tolerant (43).

TABLE 5

PERSISTENT PLANKTONIC ORGANISMS (PRESENT IN ≥90 PERCENT OF SAMPLES) FROM THE AVERAGED DISCRETE SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

Persistent Organisms	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-B*	Harbor Station	Harbor Station
Amphora delicatessima		Х	Х
Asterionella formosa		X	X
Cyclotella kuetzingiana	X	X	X
Cyclotella ocellata	X		
Fragilaria bicapitata	X		
<u>Fragilaria crotonensis</u> **	X	X	X
<u>Fragilaria intermedia</u>	X	X	X
Fragilaria pinnata		X	
Melosira granulata**		X	X
Nitzschia fonticola**			X
Stephanodiscus astraea	X	Χ .	X
Tabellaria fenestrata	X	X	X
Tabellaria flocculosa		X	
Ankistrodesmus convolutus	Х		
Dinobryon sertularia	Х	X	
Oscillatoria limnetica			Х

<sup>\*</sup>Station locations shown in Figure 1

<sup>\*\*</sup>Pollutant-tolerant (43).

TABLE 6

DOMINANT PERIPHYTIC ORGANISMS (≥1 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL PERIPHYTON POPULATION) FROM SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

Dominant Organisms	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-B*	Chicago Harbor Station 4-B*	Calumet Harbor Station 6-B*
Achnanthes affinis	X	X	X
Achnanthes grimmei		X	
Asterionella formosa	X	X	X
Cocconeis pediculus**			X
Cocconeis placentula		X	X
Cyclotella kuetzingiana	X	X	X
Cyclotella pseudostelligera	X		
Cymbella microcephala			X
Cymbella prostrata	X	X	X
Diatoma elongatum	X	X	X
Diatoma elongatum var. minor	X	X	X
<u>Diatoma tenue</u> var. elongatum		X	
Diatoma vulgare*		X	
Diatoma vulgare var. producta		X	Х
Fragilaria bicapitata	X	X	
Fragilaria construens		X	
Fragilaria construens			Х
var. venter			••
Fragilaria crotonensis**	X	Х	Х
Fragilaria intermedia	X	X	X
Gomphonema abbreviatum		X	
Gomphonema olivaceum		X	X
Gomphonema olivaceum		**	X
var. calcarea			Α.
Melosira granulata**	Х	Х	Х
Navicula cryptocephala**	X	X	11
Navicula cryptocephala	X	21	
var. veneta	11		
Nitzschia dissipata**	×	X	Х
THE WALLE WAS AND A STANDARD OF THE STANDARD O	4.5	**	41

TABLE 6 (Continued)

DOMINANT PERIPHYTIC ORGANISMS (≥1 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL PERIPHYTON POPULATION) FROM SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

Dominant Organisms	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-B*	Chicago Harbor Station 4-B*	Calumet Harbor Station 6-B*
Nitzschia fonticola**	х	. X	х
Nitzschia frustulum	^	X	X
Nitzschia gracilis**		x	^
Nitzschia palea*	x	^	
Stephanodiscus astraea	^	х	х
var. intermedia		^	^
Stephanodiscus hantzschii**		х	Х
Stephanodiscus minutus	х	Λ	A
Synedra acus**	X	х	х
Synedra nana	Λ	X	X
Synedra tenera		^	X
Synedra ulna var. chaseana**			x
Tabellaria fenestrata	Х	х	X
Tabellalla Tenestrata	^	^	Λ
Bulbochaete sp.			х
Cladophora sp.		X	Х
Mougeotia sp.			Х
Scenedesmus quadricauda**			х
•			
Anabaena flos-aquae			X
Anabaena wisconsinense		X	X
Chroococcus dispersus			X
Chroococcus limneticus			X
Lyngbia limnetica		Х	
Oscillatoria limnetica		Х	Х
Trachilomonas volvocina			х

<sup>\*</sup>Station locations shown in Figure 1.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Pollutant-tolerant (43)

TABLE 7

DOMINANT PLANKTONIC ORGANISMS (≥1 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL PLANKTON POPULATION) AVERAGED DISCRETE SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

	Wilmette Harbor Station	Chicago Harbor Station	Calumet Harbor Station
Dominant Organisms	2-B*	4-B*	6-B*
2.1.	37		
Achnanthes affinis	X	X	X
Amphora delicatessima	X	v	77
Asterionella formosa	X	X	X
Cyclotella glomerata	37	X	X
Cyclotella kuetzingiana	X	X	X
Cyclotella ocellata	X	X	
Cyclotella pseudostelligera	X	Х	
Cyclotella quadrijuncta	X	X	
Diatoma elongatum		X	X
Diatoma elongatum var. minor	X		
Fragilaria bicapitata	X	X	X
Fragilaria capucina**		X	X
Fragilaria construens	X	X	X
Fragilaria construens			X
var. subsalina			
Fragilaria crotonensis**	X	X	X
Fragilaria harrissonii			X
var. dubia			
Fragilaria intermedia	X	X	X
Fragilaria pinnata	X	X	X
Melosira granulata**	X	X	X
Melosira islandica	X	X	X
Navicula cryptocephala**		X	
Navicula cryptocephala	X	X	
var. veneta			
Navicula exigua	X		
Nitzschia acicularis	X	X	
Nitzschia fonticola**	X	X	X
Nitzschia frustulum	X		X
ALL DEL VIII ALL DEL VIII DEL			

TABLE 7 (Continued)

DOMINANT PLANKTONIC ORGANISMS (≥1 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL PLANKTON POPULATION) AVERAGED DISCRETE SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

Dominant Organisms	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-B*	Chicago Harbor Station 4-B*	Calumet Harbor Station 6-B*
Nitzschia gracilis**	Х	Х	Х
Rhizosolenia longiseta	**	••	X
Stephanodiscus astraea	Х	х	X
Stephanodiscus astraea	X	х	
var. intermedia			
Stephaondiscus hantzschii**		X	X
Stephanodiscus minutus	X	Х	X
Synedra acus**	X	X	X
Synedra affinis		X	X
var. fasciculata			
Synedra gaillonii	X	X	X
Synedra ulna var. chaseana**	X		
Tabellaria fenestrata	Х	Χ.	Х
Tabellaria flocculosa	Х	Х	Х
Ankistrodesmus convolutus	Х		
Chlamydomonas globosa	X		
Cladophora sp. 1		X	
Kirchneriella subsolitaria	X		
Mougeotia sp.	X		
Nephrocytium ecdysiscepanim		X	
Oocystis parva	X	X	X
Scenedesmus arcuatus			X
var. platydisca			
Scenedesmus bijuga**		X	X
Scenedesmus quadricauda **		Х	
Stichococcus bacillaris	X	Х	X
<u>Ulothrix</u> sp.		X	

TABLE 7 (Continued)

DOMINANT PLANKTONIC ORGANISMS (≥1 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL PLANKTON POPULATION) AVERAGED DISCRETE SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

Dominant Organisms	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-B*		
Dinobryon bavaricum	Х		Х
Dinobryon cylindricum	X	. X	X
Dinobryon divergens	X	X	X
Dinobryon sertularia	X	X	X
Anabaena circinalis	X	X	X
Anabaena wisconsinense			X
Chroococcus dispersus			X
var. minor			
Chroococcus limneticus	X	X	X
Chroococcus minutus			X
Lyngbia limnetica		X	X
Oscillatoria agardhii	X	X	X
Oscillatoria limnetica	X	Χ.	X
Oscillatoria lutea	X		
Oscillatoria minima		X	
Oscillatoria tenuis**	Χ	Х	Х
Cryptomonas erosa**			Х

<sup>\*</sup>Station locations shown in Figure 1.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Pollutant-tolerant (43).

TABLE 8

SUMMARY OF WATER QUALITY CONSTITUENTS DETERMINED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

		Wi	lmette Har Station 2		Ch	nicago Harbo Station 4-		C	alumet Harbo	
Constituents	Units	n.	Mean	SD	n	Mean	SD	n	Mean	SD
Temperature	°C	8	14.1	5.1	9	13.3	6.4	10	13.4	6.2
Turbidity	NTU	9	8.0	10.3	9	4.7	4.1	10	3.5	3.1
Secchi Disk	meters	8	2.44	1.48	9	1.83	1.13	10	1.9	3.14
PH	STD Units	9	ND	ND	9	ND	ND	10	ND	ND
Alkalinity, Total	mg/L	9	116.7	7.0	9	114.7	7.0	10	126.9	32.5
Sulfate	mg/L	9	22.6	2.2	9	21.8	1.5	10	23	2.5
Fluoride	mg/L	9	0.16	0.02	9	0.16	0.02	10	0.17	0.0
Chloride	mg/L	9	10.7	2.8	9	10.0	2.3	10	11.5	3.1
Phosphorus, Total	mg/L	9	< 0.1	0	9	<0.1	0	10	<0.1	0
Phosphorus, Dissolved	mq/L	8	<0.1	0	9	<0.1	0	10	<0.1	0
Silica, Total	mg/L	7	0.57	0.49	8	0.66	0.53	9	0.5	0.4
Calcium	mg/L	8	34.4	10.9	9	30.2	5.6	10	35.2	8.7
Magnesium	mg/L	8	12.1	1.5	9	10.8	0.6	10	11.5	1.1
Potassium	mg/L	8	1.54	0.47	9	1.18	0.32	10	1.59	0.4
Sodium	mq/L	8	7.5	3.4	9	6.9	2.1	10	8	2.4
Solids, Total	mg/L	9	190.6	23.6	9	184	11.2	10	178	32
Solids, Total Volatile	mg/L	9	59.7	15.9	9	56	18.4	10	55.4	15.3
Solids, Suspended	mg/L	9	16.1	19.1	9	6.4	4.2	10	5.3	4.0

#### ယ္မ

## METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO TABLE 8 (Continued)

## SUMMARY OF WATER QUALITY CONSTITUENTS DETERMINED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DUIRNG 1984

		W:	lmette Ha		C1	hicago Harb Station 4-			Calumet Har Station 6-	
Constituents	Units	n	Mean	SD	n	Mean	SD	n	Mean	SD
Solids, Volatile Suspended	mg/L	4	5	3.5	3	2.7	1.7	3	1.7	0.5
Oxygen, Dissolved	mg/L	4	9.85	0.87	5	10.35	1.59	6	9.55	1.47
Oxygen Demand, Chemical	mg/L	9	9.7	4.5	9	10.2	5.3	10	7.9	3.5
Oxygen Demand, 5-Day Biochemical	mg/L	9	2.3	0.7	9	2.2	0.6	10	<2	0
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	1	3.0	0	2	3.0	0	2	4.0	1.0
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl	mg/L	9	0.70	0.80	9	0.57	0.49	10	0.35	0.46
Nitrogen, Dissolved Total Kjeldahl	mg/L	8	0.54	0.72	9	0.41	0.52	10	0.32	0.28
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	9	0.59	0.59	9	<0.1	0	10	<0.1	0
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	9	0.27	0.12	9	0.24	0.08	10	0.24	0.10
Nitrogen Nitrite	mg/L	9	<0.1	0	9	<0.1	0	10	<0.1	0
Fats, Oils, and Greases	mg/L	9	1.2	0.4	9	1.1	0.3	10	1.3	0.6
Foaming Agents - MBAS	mq/L	8	0.008	0.007	9	0.009	0.007	9	0.007	0.004
Hardness as CaCO3	mg/L	7	131.6	13.0	9	123.9	12.8	8	135.6	14.1
by Titration Hardness as CaCO3 by Calculation	mg/L	8	137.0	32.4	7	129.8	15.3	10	137.1	22.6

#### 34

#### METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO

#### TABLE 8 (Continued)

### SUMMARY OF WATER QUALITY CONSTITUENTS DETERMINED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

		W:	ilmette Har Station 2-			Chicago Har Station 4-			Calumet Harl Station 6	
Constituents	Units	n	Mean	SD	n	Mean	SD	n	Mean	SD
Aluminum	mg/L	8	<1	0	9	<1	0	10	<1	0
Arsenic	mg/L	8	<0.2	0	9	<0.2	0	10	<0.2	0
Barium	mg/L	8	<0.2	0	9	<0.2	0	10	<0.2	0
Cadmium	mq/L	8	<0.02	0	9	<0.02	0	10	<0.02	0
Chromium	mg/L	8	<0.02	0	9	<0.02	0	10	<0.02	0
Copper	mg/L	8	0.03	0.03	9	<0.02	0	10	0.02	0.01
Iron, Total	mg/L	8	0.29	0.15	9	0.21	0.03	10	0.23	0.06
Lead	mg/L	8	0.039	0.035	9	0.021	0.003	10	0.024	0.00
Manganese	mg/L	8	0.02	0.003	9	<0.02	0	10	<0.02	0.00
Mercury	μg/L	8	0.16	0.06	9	0.17	0.06	10	0.17	0.06
Nickel	mg/L	8	<0.2	0	9	<0.2	0	10	<0.2	0
Selenium	mg/L	8	<0.2	0	9	<0.2	0	10	<0.2	0
Zinc	mg/L	8	<0.2	0	9	<0.2	0	10	<0.2	0
Phenol and Like Substances, as Phenol	μg/L	9	1.9	2.2	9	1	0	10	<1	0
Silver	mg/L	8	<0.02	0	9	<0.02	0	10	<0.02	0
Cyanides, Total	μg/L	6	1	1	6	1	1	6	1	1
Conductivity	umhos/cm	9	262.7	5.4	9	265.9	5.9	10	269.3	7.7

n = Number of Observations.

SD = Standard Deviation.

ND = Not Determined.

#### Benthic Invertebrates

Sixty-nine benthic invertebrate taxa were identified from the inshore area of southwestern Lake Michigan with an overall estimated mean density of 2,380 organisms/ $m^2$ . There were 16 species of chironomids, 14 naidids, and 10 tubificids. estimated mean abundance of the benthic invertebrates collected at Stations 2-C, 4-C, and 6-C during the spring, summer, and fall are presented in Tables 9 to 11. Overall, tubificids, chironomids, naidids, orthocla-dines, and amphipods accounted for 44.9, 31.8, 14.5, 3.5, and 1.6%, respectively, of the total (Figure 2). Eighty-one percent of the tubificids were unidentifiable immature worms. The dominant taxa shifted throughout the year, and seasonally dominant organisms included the chironomids (C. fluviatilis-gr., Cyphomella sp., and P. scalaenum), the naidids (P. michiganensis, and Y. intermedia), and the tubificid (P. veidovskyi).

#### STATION 2-C NEAR WILMETTE HARBOR

A total of 41 benthic taxa, most of which were identified to species, were collected from Station 2-C near Wilmette Harbor (Table 9). There were 10 species of chironomids, six tubificids, five naidids, and three amphipods. The highest number of taxa (33) was collected during the summer (Figure 3). The estimated means for the spring, summer, and fall sampling periods were 519, 689, and 2,762, organisms/m², respectively,

TABLE 9

THE MEAN DENSITY\* OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES COLLECTED AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-C) IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING APRIL, AUGUST, AND OCTOBER OF 1984

Taxon	April	August	October
Coolontoucho	Number	of Organ:	isms/m <sup>2</sup>
Coelenterata <u>Hydra</u> sp.	19		
Annelida			
Naididae			
<u>Nais variablis</u>		2	
<u>Piguetiella michiganensis</u>	38	6	323
Specaria josinae		4	
<u>Vejdovskyella</u> intermedia	19	14	19
<u>Uncinais uncinata</u>		83	
Tubificidae			
<u>Isochaetides freyi</u>	1.0	2	
Limnodrilus cervix	19	1.4	
Limnodrilus hoffmeisteri	19	14	
Limnodrilus udekemianus	0	1	
Potamothrix moldaviensis	2	2	1.0
Potamothrix vejdovskyi	19	1	19
Undetermined immatures with capilliforms		4	38
with capilliforms without capilliforms	76	69	38
without capitilionms	70	03	30
Hirudinea			
Glossiphonia complanata		13	
Arthropoda			
Crustacea			
Isopoda		_	
<u>Asellus</u> sp. Amphipoda		6	
Gammarus pseudolimnaeus		29	
Hvalella azteca		19	
MATCHIA ARCCCA		19	

TABLE 9 (Continued)

THE MEAN DENSITY\* OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES COLLECTED AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-C) IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING APRIL, AUGUST, AND OCTOBER OF 1984

Taxon	April	August	October
	Number	of Organi	.sms/m <sup>2</sup>
Pontoporeia hoyi	6	13	19
Insecta			
Tricoptera			
Hydroptila sp.		6	
Leptoceridae Diptera	6		
Tanypodinae			
Procladius sp.		1	
Diamesinae			
Potthastia cf.		7	
longimanus			
Prodiamesinae			
Monodiamesa depectinata Monodiamesa cf.		1	1.0
tuberculata		14	10
Orthocladinae			
Heterotrissocladius cf.		1	
changi		-	
Orthocladius sp.		1	
Parakiefferiella sp.	63	_	10
Chironominae			
Chironomini			
Chironomus	32	24	38
fluviatilis gr.			
Cryptochironomus		20	19
digitatus		2	0.5
Cryptochironomus cf.		3	95
fulvus		2.4	2 014
g. nr. <u>Cyphomella</u>	13	24	2,014
<u>Demicryptochironomus</u>	13		
sp.			

TABLE 9 (Continued)

THE MEAN DENSITY\* OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES COLLECTED AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-C) IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING APRIL, AUGUST, AND OCTOBER OF 1984

Taxon	April	August	October
	_		
		of Organi	$lsms/m^2$
<u>Paracladopelma</u>	44	1	57
<u>camptolabis</u> -gr.			
Paracladopelma nereis		1	
Polypedilium cf.	6	243	57
scalaenum			
Polypedilium cf.	127		
tuberculum			
Tanytarsini			
Tanytarsus sp.		2	
Mollusca		2	
Gastropoda			
Goniobasis livescens		19	
Pysella sp.		26 .	
Pelecypoda		20	
Musculium transversum		13	
Pisidium amnicum	13	13	
	13		6
<u>Pisidium</u> sp.			6
Total Density	521	689	2,762
Warning and S. Maria A.A.		2.2	
Number of Taxa**	16	33	13

<sup>\*</sup>Three bottom samples were collected during each season.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Undetermined immatures are not included in the number of taxa.

THE MEAN DENSITY\* OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES COLLECTED AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-C) IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING APRIL, AUGUST, AND OCTOBER OF 1984

Taxon	April	August	October
Coelenterata	Numbe	r of Organi	isms/m <sup>2</sup>
Hydra sp.	19	. 19	
Annelida	1.0		
Enchytraeidae Lumbriculidae	19		6
Stylodrilus heringianus	19	19	
Naididae			
Amphicaeta leydigi	19	19	
Chaetogaster diaphanus		19	
Chaetogaster diastrophus		19	
<u>Nais variablilis</u>		19	
Piguetiella michiganensis	19	76	399
<u>Pristina foreli</u>		76	6
Stylaria lacustris		152	
<u>Vejdovskyella intermedia</u>	247	152	38
Uncinais uncinata		228	6
Tubificidae			
Aulodrilus americanus		19	11
Aulodrilus piqueti			6
Limnodrilus cervix		19	
Limnodrilus hoffmeisteri	133	19	
Potamothrix moldaviensis	133	76	19
Potamothrix veidovskvi	684	456	38
Tubifex superiorensis	19		
Undetermined immatures			
with capilliforms	703	1,539	57
without capilliforms	1,102	3,135	285

TABLE 10 (Continued)

THE MEAN DENSITY\* OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES COLLECTED AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-C) IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING APRIL, AUGUST, AND OCTOBER OF 1984

Taxon	April	August	October
	Number	of Organi	.sms/m <sup>2</sup>
Arthropoda			
Crustacea			
Amphipoda			
<u>Gammarus</u>	19	19	171
pseudolimnaeus			
Pontoporeia hoyi		19	6
Insecta			
Diptera			
Tanypodinae			
Procladius sp.	6	95	
Diamesinae			
Potthastia cf.	6	95	13
longimanus			
Prodiamesinae			
Monodiamesa cf.	6	38	6
tuberculata			
Orthocladinae			
Heterotrissocladius		38	13
cf. <u>changi</u>			
Parakiefferiella sp.	146	57	70
Psectrocladius sp.		10	
Chironominae			
Chironomini			
Chironomus	* *	76	
anthracinus-gr.			
Chironomus		380	209
fluviatilis-gr.			
Cryptochironomus		57	32
digitatus			
Cryptochironomus cf.	38	82	
fulvus		_	
g. nr. Cyphomella			13
g vjenomottu			20

## METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO TABLE 10 (Continued)

THE MEAN DENSITY\* OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES COLLECTED AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-C) IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING APRIL, AUGUST, AND OCTOBER OF 1984

Taxon	April	August	October
	Number	of Organis	sms/m²
Demicryptochironomus	32	95	44
sp.			
Dicrotendipes sp.		38	
Paracladopelma	44	57	114
<u>camptolabis</u> -gr.		1.0	
<u>Paracladopelma</u>		19	
<u>nereis</u> Paracladopelma		57	
undine		37	
<u>Paracladopelma</u>	6	10	
winnelli	O	10	
Polypedilium	101	57	931
cf. scalaenum		-	
Polypedilium	51		25
tuberculum			
Pseudochironomus	6		19
sp.			
Tanytarsini			
<u>Cladotanytarsus</u> sp.			6
<u>Micropecta</u> sp.		19	19
Tanytarsus sp.		38	
Mollusca Gastropoda Amnicola limosa			19
Pelecypoda			
Musculium lacustre f. jayease	6	6	

## METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO TABLE 10 (Continued)

THE MEAN DENSITY\* OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES COLLECTED AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-C) IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING APRIL, AUGUST, AND OCTOBER OF 1984

Taxon	April	August	October
	Number	r of Organi	sms/m <sup>2</sup>
Pisidium casartanum Pisidium sp. Sphaerium simile		38 .	6 25 6
Total Density	3,545	7,417	2,700
Number of Taxa**	22	39	30

<sup>\*</sup>Three bottom samples were collected during each season.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Undetermined immatures are not included in the number of taxa.

TABLE 11

THE MEAN DENSITY\* OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES COLLECTED AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-C) IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING APRIL, AUGUST, AND OCTOBER OF 1984

Taxon	April	August	October
	Number	of Organia	sms/m <sup>2</sup>
Coelenterata			
Hydra sp.	6		19
Annelida			
Enchytraeidae		25	6
Naididae			
Amphicaeta leydigi	19		
Arcteonais lomondi		6	
<u>Chaetogaster</u> <u>cristallinus</u>		32	
Chaetogaster diaphanus		6	
Chaetogaster diastrophus		13	1.0
Dero sp.			19
Nais communis		32	13 38
Nais variabilis	38	201	101
Piguetiella michiganensis	36	201	139
Pristina foreli		177	139
Stylaria lacustris Veidovskvella intermedia	57	120	51
Uncinais uncinata	Ş /	44	51
Tubificidae		44	
Aulodrilus pigueti	19		
Limnodrilus udekemianus		6	
Quistadrilus multisetosus		6	
Potamothrix moldaviensis			6
Potamothrix vejdovskyi			38
Undetermined immatures			
with capilliforms	19	32	146
without capilliforms	38	13	519

TABLE 11 (Continued)

THE MEAN DENSITY\* OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES COLLECTED AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-C) IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING APRIL, AUGUST, AND OCTOBER OF 1984

Taxon	April	August	October
	Numbe	er of Organ	isms/m²
Arthropoda			
Crustacea			
Amphipoda			
<u>Gammarus</u> <u>pseudolimnaeus</u>		6	6
Pontoporeia hovi		19	
Insecta			
Diptera			
Tanypodinae			
Procladius sp.		6	13
Diamesinae		0.0	
Potthastia		82	6
cf. <u>longimanus</u> Prodiamesinae			
Monodiamesa		6	
cf. <u>depectinata</u>		Ю	
Monodiamesa		19	
cf. tuberculata		19	
Orthocladinae			
Heterotrissocladius		38	6
cf. changi		36	б
<u>Parakiefferiella</u> sp.	44	108	89
Psectrocladius sp.	6	100	0,5
Chironominae	Ü		
Chironomini			
Chironomus	32	6	
anthracinus-gr.			
Chironomus	6	139	25
fluviatilis-gr.			
Cryptochironomus		6	
digitatus			
Demicryptochironomus		6	51
sp.			<del>-</del>
-			

TABLE 11 (Continued)

THE MEAN DENSITY\* OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES COLLECTED AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-C) IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING APRIL, AUGUST, AND OCTOBER OF 1984

Taxon	April	August	October
	Number	of Organ	isms/m²
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Paracladopelma	6	13	152
camptolabis-gr.			
Paracladopelma	133		
nereis			
Paracladopelma	101		
undine			
Paracladopelma	6		
winnelli			
Polypedilium	19	89	165
cf. <u>scalaenum</u>			
Polypedilium	120		82
cf. <u>tuberculum</u>			
Pseudochironomus sp.	6		76
Tanytarsini			
Microspecta sp.			51
<u>Tanytarsus</u> sp.		25	
Mollusca			
Gastropoda			
Pleurocera acuta			13
Total Density	397	1,553	1,836
Number of Taxa**	11	31	24
Manage of Taba	**	01	2.

<sup>\*</sup>Three bottom samples were collected during each season.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Undetermined immatures are not included in the number of taxa.

FIGURE 2

PERCENT COMPOSITION OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES FROM THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN, 1984

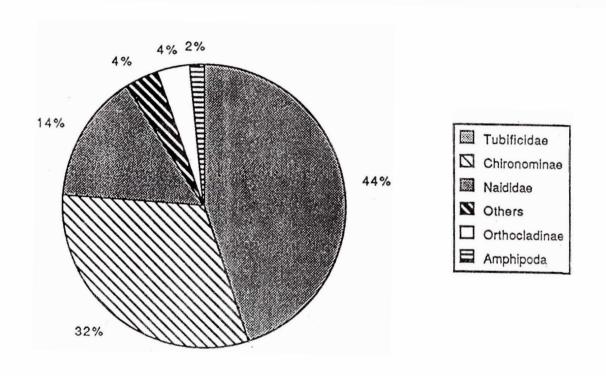
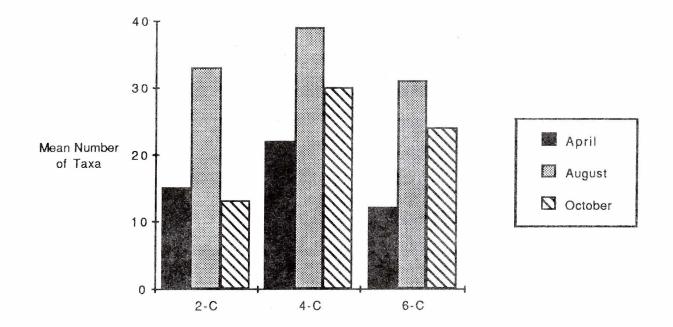


FIGURE 3

MEAN NUMBER OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE TAXA FROM STATIONS 2-C, 4-C, AND 6-C IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN, 1984



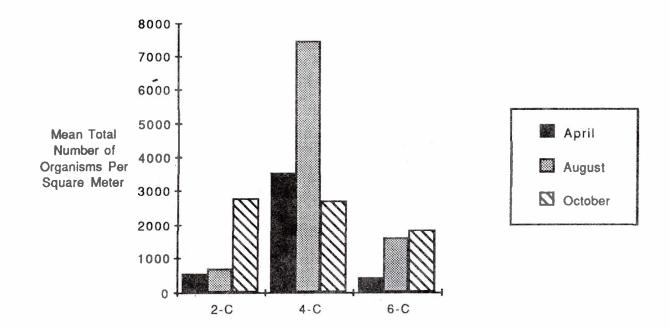
(Figure 4). The increase in the relative abundance during the fall was due to the high number  $(2,014/m^2)$  of the chironomid, Cyphomella sp. Overall, chironomids, naidids, tubificids, amphipods, and orthocladines accounted for 71, 13, 8, 2, and 2%, respectively, of the total number of invertebrates (Figure 5). Numerically, the chironomids were the predominant benthic group during all three seasons (Figure 6). The most common invertebrates (total number collected during 1984) at Wilmette included the chironomid Cyphomella sp.  $(2,038/m^2)$ , the naidid worm, P. michiganensis  $(367/m^2)$  and the chironomid, P. scalaenum  $(306/m^2)$ .

#### STATION 4-C NEAR CHICAGO HARBOR

Forty-nine taxa, most of which were identified to species, were collected from Station 4-C near Chicago Harbor (Table 10). These included 17 species of chironomids, nine naidids, and seven tubificids. The greatest number of taxa (39) was found during the summer (Figure 3). Estimated mean densities for the spring, summer, and fall were 3,545, 7,417, and 2,700 organisms/m², respectively, (Figure 4). The high number of undetermined immature tubificids (4,674/m²) collected during August accounted for the increased abundance of invertebrates during the summer. Overall, the benthos was dominated numerically by the tubificids (62%), chironomids (19%), and naidids (11%) (Figure 5). Tubificids predominated at all times during the year (Figure 6). The most abundant invertebrate taxa

FIGURE 4

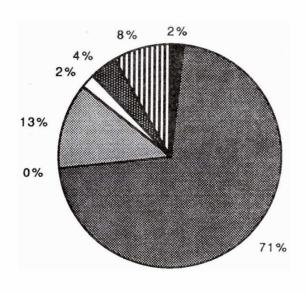
MEAN NUMBER OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES FROM STATIONS 2-C, 4-C, AND 6-C IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN, 1984



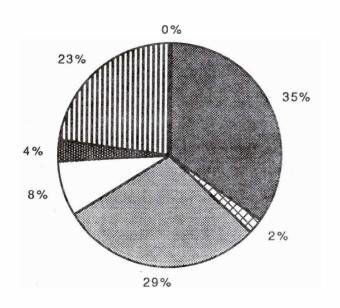
#### FIGURE 5

RANKED RELATIVE ABUNDANCE (PERCENT COMPOSITION)
OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES FROM STATIONS 2-C, 4-C, AND 6-C
IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN, 1984

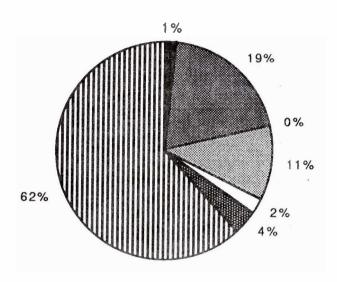
Station 2-C

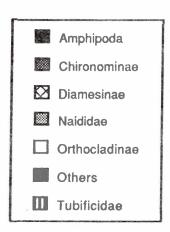


Station 6-C

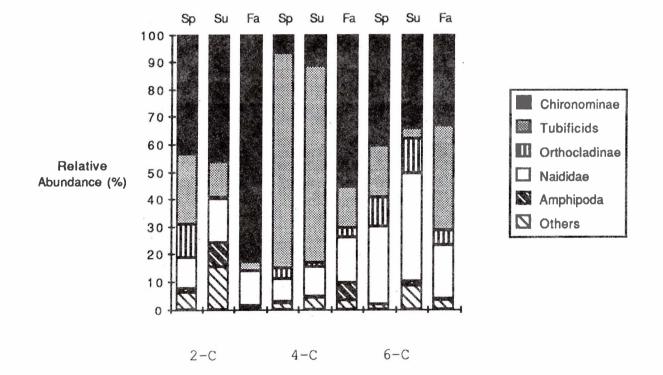


Station 4-C





SEASONAL RELATIVE ABUNDANCE OF BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES FROM STATIONS 2-C, 4-C AND 6-C IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN, 1984 (SP=SPRING, SU=SUMMER, FA=FALL)



(total number collected during 1984) at Station 4-C were the undetermined immature tubificids  $(6,821/m^2)$ , followed by the tubificid P. vejdovskyi  $(1,178/m^2)$ , the chironomids P. scalaenum  $(1,089/m^2)$  and C. fluviatilis-gr  $(589/m^2)$ , and the naidids P. michiganensis  $(494/m^2)$  and Y. intermedia  $(437/m^2)$ .

#### STATION 6-C NEAR CALUMET HARBOR

A total of 43 taxa, most of which were identified to species, was collected from Station 6-C near Calumet Harbor (Table 11). There were 13 species of chironomids, 13 naidids, and five tubificids. The number of taxa ranged from a low of 11 during the spring to a maximum of 31 in the summer (Figure 3). The mean estimated densities of invertebrates collected during the spring, summer, and fall were 397, 1,553, and 1,836 organisms/ $m^2$ , respectively (Figure 4). Overall, the major invertebrate groups which contributed more than 90% of the fauna during 1984 were the chironomids (35%), naidids (28%), tubificids (23%), and orthocladines (8%) (Figure 5). Especially noteworthy was the large number of naidids (631/m2) collected during the summer which accounted for 41% of the total benthic fauna (Figure 6). The predominant organisms (total number collected during 1984 at Station 6-C) were the undetermined immature tubificids  $(769/m^2)$ , the naidid, P. michiganensis (340/m<sup>2</sup>), and the midges, P. scalaenum (273/m<sup>2</sup>), Parakiefferiella sp. (241/m2), and P. tuberculum  $(202/m^2)$ .

#### Sediment Ouality

The chemical characteristics and trace metal concentrations in sediments for Stations 2-C, 4-C, and 6-C are summarized in Tables 12 and 13, respectively.

#### STATION 2-C NEAR WILMETTE HARBOR

The percent total and volatile solids measured in the sediment at Station 2-C near Wilmette Harbor were 82.9 and 0.48%, respectively. The concentration of chemical oxygen demand (COD) in bottom sediment was 13,400 mg/kg. Fats, oils, and greases (FOG) measured 34 mg/kg in sediment (Table 12). Arsenic, cadmium, and nickel were all below the detection limit (Table 13). The concentrations of chromium, copper, iron, lead, manganese, mercury, silver, and zinc in sediments at Station 2-C were 6, 19, 4,440, 20, 194, 0.02, 3, and 50 mg/kg, respectively.

#### STATION 4-C NEAR CHICAGO HARBOR

At Station 4-C near Chicago Harbor, the percent total and volatile solids were 82.6 and 1.11%, respectively. The COD measured 8,200 mg/kg in bottom sediment. The concentration of FOG was 37 mg/kg (Table 12). Arsenic, cadmium, and nickel were all below the detection limit (Table 13). The concentrations of chromium, copper, iron, lead, manganese, mercury, silver, and zinc in sediment at Station 4-C were 7, 24, 7,450, 23, 214, 0.03, 3, and 80 mg/kg, respectively.

TABLE 12

CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF BOTTOM SEDIMENTS IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN OCTOBER 1984

	Constituer			ıt	
Station	Total Solids (%)	Volatile Solids (%)	Chemical Oxygen Demand (mg/kg)	Fats, Oils, and Greases (mg/kg)	
Wilmette Harbor 2-C	82.9	0.48	13,400	34	
Chicago Harbor 4-C	82.6	1.11	8,200	37	
Calumet Harbor 6-C	83.4	0.10	2,750	<5	

TABLE 13

TRACE METALS IN BOTTOM SEDIMENTS IN THE INSHORE AREA OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN, OCTOBER 1984

						Metal*					
Station	Arsenic	Cadmium	Chromium	Copper	Iron	Lead	Manganese	Mercury	Nickel	Silver	Zinc
Wilmette Harbor 2-C	<1.0	<0.02	6.0	19.0	4,440	20.0	194	0.02	<0.2	3.0	50
Chicago Harbor 4-C	<1.0	<0.02	7.0	24.0	7,450	23.0	214	0.03	<0.2	3.0	80
Calumet Harbor 6-C	<1.0	<0.02	6.0	26.0	13,400	19.0	440	0.01	20.0	3.0	60

<sup>\*</sup>Expressed in mg/kg of dry sediment (parts per million dry basis).

55

#### STATION 6-C NEAR CALUMET HARBOR

The percent total and volatile solids in sediment of Station 6-C near Calumet Harbor were 83.4 and 0.1%, respectively. The COD concentration in bottom sediment at Station 6-C was 2,750 mg/kg. FOG measured in the sediment was <5 mg/kg (Table 12). Arsenic and cadmium were all below the detection limit of 1.0 and 0.02 mg/kg, respectively (Table 12). The concentrations of chromium, copper, iron, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, silver, and zinc in the sediment were 6, 26, 13,400, 19, 440, 0.01, 20, 3, and 60 mg/kg, respectively.

#### Fish

Fish species collected during September and October 1984 from Wilmette, Chicago and Calumet Harbors of Lake Michigan are listed in Table 14. A total of 11 fish species was collected from Wilmette Harbor, 12 fish species from Chicago Harbor, and 19 fish species from Calumet Harbor. A total of 25 fish species was collected from this shallow water portion of southwestern Lake Michigan (all three harbor collections combined).

Results for the number of fish collected in the experimental gill nets are listed in <u>Table 15</u>. The percent fish species composition for these gill net collections are listed in <u>Table 16</u> for each harbor and for all three harbors combined. The yellow perch was by far the most numerous fish collected with the experimental gill nets in the open water of each harbor. In Wilmette Harbor, Station 2-D, 142 yellow perch were

TABLE 14

FISH SPECIES COLLECTED FROM SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN (WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS) DURING SEPTEMBER AND OCTOBER, 1984

Common Name*	Scientific Name*	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D
Alewife	Alosa pseudoharengus (Wilson)	+	-	+
Gizzard shad	Dorosoma cepedianum (Lesueur)	+	+	+
Coho salmon Chinook salmon	Oncorhynchus kisutch (Walbaum) Onocorhynchus tshawytscha (Walbaum)	-	+	
Rainbow trout	Salmo gairdneri (Richardson)	+	+	-
Brown trout	Salmo trutta (Linnaeus)	+	+	-
Lake trout	Salveinus namaycush (Walbaum)	+	+	+
Rainbow smelt	Osmerus mordax (Mitchill)	+	+	+
Goldfish	Carassius auratus (Linnaeus)			+
Carp	Cyprinus carpio (Linnaeus)			+
Emerald shiner	Notropis atherinoides (Rafinesque)			+
Bigmouth shiner	Notropis dorsalis (Agassiz)			+
Spottail shiner	Notropis hudsonius (Clinton)	-	+	+
Bluntnose minnow	Pimephales notatus (Rafinesque)	+	+	+
Fathead minnow	Pimephales promelas (Rafinesque)			+
White sucker	Catostomus commersoni (Lacepede)			
Black bullhead	Ictalurus melas (Rafinesque)	+		+
Rock bass	Ambloplites rupestris (Rafinesque)			+

TABLE 14 (Continued) FISH SPECIES COLLECTED FROM SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN (WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS) DURING SEPTEMBER AND OCTOBER, 1984

Common Name*	Scientific Name*	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D
Green sunfish	Lepomis cyanellus (Rafinesque)	+	_	-
Pumpkinseed	Lepomis gibbosus (Linnaeus)	-	-	+
Smallmouth bass	Micropterus dolomieui (Lacepede)		+	-
Largemouth bass	Micropterus salmoides (Lacepede)		-	+
Johnny darter	Etheostoma nigrum (Rafinesque)	_	-	+
Yellow perch	Perca flavescens (Mitchill)	+	+	+
Mottled sculpin	Cottus bairdi (Girard)	+	_	+
Total Number of Species Identified		11	12	19

<sup>\*</sup>Following the nomenclature of Bailey et al., 1970, (44).

<sup>+ =</sup> species present in catch.
- = Species absent from catch.

NUMBER OF FISH COLLECTED WITH 500 FEET OF EXPERIMENTAL GILL NETS IN WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Alewife Gizzard shad Rainbow trout Brown trout Lake trout Coho salmon Chinook salmon Rainbow smelt Goldfish Carp Emerald shiner Bigmouth shiner Spottail shiner Bluntnose minnow Fathead minnow White sucker Black bullhead	17 0 1 0 17 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 1 0 6 11 1 0 7 0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0 4 0 1 3 0 0 0 0 0	17 2 1 6 32 1 1 12 0 0 0 0 0

TABLE 15 (Continued)

NUMBER OF FISH COLLECTED WITH 500 FEET OF EXPERIMENTAL GILL NETS IN WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Green sunfish	0	0	0	0
Pumpkinseed	0	0	0	0
Smallmouth bass	0	0	0	0
Largemouth bass	0	0	0	0
Johnny darter	0	0	0	0
Yellow perch	142	29	78	249
Mottled sculpin	0	0	0	0
Total	179	56	90	325

PERCENT OF TOTAL GILL NET CATCH FOR FISH COLLECTED IN WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

				and the second s
Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
71	0 50	0.00	0.00	F 00
Alewife	9.50	0.00	0.00	5.23
Gizzard shad	0.00	1.79	1.11	0.62
Rainbow trout	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.31
Brown trout	0.00	10.71	0.00	1.85
Lake trout	9.50	19.64	4.44	9.85
Coho salmon	0.00	1.79	0.00	0.31
Chinook salmon	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.31
Rainbow smelt	1.12	12.50	3.33	3.69
Goldfish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Carp	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Emerald shiner	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Bigmouth shiner	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Spottail shiner	0.00	1.79	0.00	0.31
Bluntnose minnow	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fathead minnow	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
White Sucker	0.00	0.00	2.22	0.62
Black bullhead	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.31
Rock bass	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Green sunfish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

TABLE 16 (Continued)

PERCENT OF TOTAL GILL NET CATCH FOR FISH COLLECTED IN WILMETTE,
CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Dumpleingood	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pumpkinseed Smallmouth bass	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Largemouth bass	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Johnny darter	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Yellow perch	79.33	51.79	86.67	76 <b>.6</b> 2
Mottled sculpin	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total .	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

collected which was 79% of the total Wilmette Harbor gill net catch. In Chicago Harbor, Station 4-D, 29 yellow perch were collected which was 52% of the total Chicago Harbor gill net catch. In Calumet Harbor, Station 6-D, 78 yellow perch were collected which was 87% of the total Calumet Harbor gill net catch. Other species present in relatively large numbers (i.e., 5% or more of the gill net catch) were:

- 1. Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-D): Alewife and lake trout, each with 17 fish collected, 10% of the gill net catch.
- 2. Chicago Harbor (Station 4-D): Lake trout (11 trout collected, 20% of the catch), rainbow smelt (7 smelt collected, 13% of the catch), and brown trout (6 brown trout collected, 11% of the catch).
- 3. Calumet Harbor (Station 6-D): none of the six other species comprised more than 10% of the catch.

In terms of total numbers of fish from all three harbors, yellow perch was the most numerous fish species with 249 perch collected or 77% of the total southwestern Lake Michigan harbor gill net collection. Other fish species present in relatively large numbers in the total southwestern Lake Michigan harbor gill net collection were: Lake trout (32 collected, 10% of the catch) and alewife (17 collected, 5% of the catch).

Results for the number of fish collected by electrofishing are listed in <u>Table 17</u>. The percent (%) fish species composition for these electrofishing collections are listed in <u>Table 18</u> for each harbor and for all three harbors combined

TABLE 17

NUMBER OF FISH COLLECTED ELECTROFISHING IN WILMETTE,
CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Tish opecies			0 0	Stations
Alewife	4	0	. 6	10
Gizzard shad	1	0	0	1
Rainbow trout	0	30	0	30
Brown trout	1	11	0	12
Lake trout	0	1	0	1
Coho salmon	0	0	0	0
Chinook salmon	0	1	0	1
Rainbow smelt	46	0	0	46
Goldfish	0	0	1	1
Carp	0	0	4	4
Emerald shiner	0	0	5	5
Bigmouth shiner	0	0	3	3
Spottail shiner	0	0	5	5
Bluntnose minnow	12	2	79	93
Fathead minnow	0	0	68	68
White sucker	0	1	0	1
Black bullhead	104	0	2	106
Rock bass	0	0	4	4

TABLE 17 (Continued)

#### NUMBER OF FISH COLLECTED ELECTROFISHING IN WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Green sunfish	1	0	0	1
Pumpkinseed	0	0	03	3
Smallmouth bass	0	1	0	1
Largemouth bass	0	0	4	4
Johnny darter	0	0	3	3
Yellow perch	20	1	69	90
Mottled sculpin	1	0	1	2
Total	190	48	257	495

TABLE 18

PERCENT OF TOTAL ELECTROFISHING CATCH FOR FISH COLLECTED IN WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Alewife	2.11	0.00	2.33	2.02
Gizzard shad	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.20
Rainbow trout	0.00	62.50	0.00	6.06
Brown trout	0.53	22.92	0.00	2.42
Lake trout	0.00	2.08	0.00	0.20
Coho salmon	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Chinook salmon	0.00	2.08	0.00	0.20
Rainbow smelt	24.21	0.00	0.00	9.29
Goldfish	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.20
Carp	0.00	0.00	1.56	0.81
Emerald shiner	0.00	0.00	1.95	1.01
Bigmouth shiner	0.00	0.00	1.17	0.61
Spottail shiner	0.00	0.00	1.95	1.01
Bluntnose minnow	6.32	4.17	30.74	18.79
Fathead minnow	0.00	0.00	26.46	13.74
White sucker	0.00	2.08	0.00	0.20
Black bullhead	54.74	0.00	0.78	21.41

Table continued on following page.

ğ

TABLE 18 (Continued)

PERCENT OF TOTAL ELECTROFISHING CATCH FOR FISH COLLECTED IN WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Rock bass	0.00	0.00	1.56	0.81
Green sunfish	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.20
Pumpkinseed	0.00	0.00	1.17	0.61
Smallmouth bass	0.00	2.08	0.00	0.20
Largemouth bass	0.00	0.00	1.56	0.81
Johnny darter	0.00	0.00	1.17	0.61
Yellow perch	10.53	2.08	26.85	18.18
Mottled sculpin	0.53	0.00	0.39	0.40
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Those fish species collected by electrofishing in the greatest numbers were:

- 1. Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-D): In the Wilmette Harbor electrofisher catch, more black bullheads were collected (104 bullheads, 55% of the total catch) than any other species. Other species collected in relatively great numbers with the electrofisher in Wilmette Harbor were rainbow smelt (46 smelt, 24% of the total catch).
- 2. Chicago Harbor (Station 4-D): Rainbow trout (30 rainbow trout, 63% of the catch) and brown trout (11 brown trout, 23% of the catch) were collected in the greatest numbers in the Chicago Harbor electrofisher catch.
- 3. Calumet Harbor (Station 6-D): Bluntnose minnows, (79 bluntnose minnows, 31% of the catch) were collected in the greatest numbers in the Calumet Harbor electrofisher catch.

The electrofishing effort within each harbor area was quite different. The total electrofishing times were: 47 minutes in Wilmette Harbor, 90 minutes in Chicago Harbor, and 88 minutes in Calumet Harbor. In order to standardize reporting of these data, the results are reported as number of fish collected per 30 minutes electrofishing for each harbor, the average electrofishing catch among all harbors and the percent of total electrofishing catch for all three harbors. These results are listed in Table 19.

In terms of the combined harbor electrofishing collection, the black bullhead (22 black bullhead per 30 minutes electrofishing, 30% of the total electrofisher catch), the yellow perch and the blunthose minnow (each with 132 fish per 30

NUMBER OF FISH COLLECTED PER 30 MINUTES ELECTROFISHING AND PERCENT OF
TOTAL CATCH FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND
CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	Average	All Stations
Fish Species	Num	ber of Fish	per 30 Minut	es	Percent of Total Catch
Alewife	2.55	0.00	2.05	1.53	2.04
Gizzard shad	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.28
Rainbow trout	0.00	10.00	0.00	3.33	4.45
Brown trout	0.64	3.67	0.00	1.43	1.91
Lake trout	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.11	0.15
Coho salmon	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Chinook salmon	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.11	0.15
Rainbow smelt	29.36	0.00	0.00	9.79	13.06
Goldfish	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.11	0.15
Carp	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.45	0.61
Emerald shiner	0.00	0.00	1.70	0.57	0.76
Bigmouth shiner	0.00	0.00	1.02	0.34	0.45
Spottail shiner	0.00	0.00	1.70	0.57	0.76
Bluntnose minnow	7.66	0.67	26.93	11.75	15.68
Fathead minnow	0.00	0.00	23.18	7.73	10.31

TABLE 19 (Continued)

## NUMBER OF FISH COLLECTED PER 30 MINUTES ELECTROFISHING AND PERCENT OF TOTAL CATCH FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM WILMETTTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

	Wilmette Harbor StationD	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	Average	All Statons
Fish Species	Num	Percent of Total Catch			
White sucker	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.11	0.15
Black bullhead	66.38	0.00	0.68	22.35	29.82
Rock bass	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.45	0.61
Green sunfish	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.21	0.28
Pumpkinseed	0.00	0.00	1.02	0.34	0.45
Smallmouth bass	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.11	0.15
Largemouth bass	0.00	0.00	1.36	0.45	0.61
Johnny darter	0.00	0.00	1.02	0.34	0.45
Yellow perch	12.77	0.33	23.52	12.21	16.28
Mottled sculpin	0.64	0.00	0.34	0.33	0.44
Total	121.28	16.00	87.61	74.96	100.00

minutes electrofishing, 16% of the total electrofisher catch), rainbow smelt (10 rainbow smelt per 30 minutes electrofishing, 13% of the total electrofisher catch), and the fathead minnow (8 fathead minnow per 30 minutes, 10% of the total electrofisher catch) constituted the major species present in the electrofishing catch in terms of numbers.

Results for the weight (in grams) or biomass of the fish catch for the three harbors were treated in the same manner as were those for the numbers of fish collected listed above. Results for the weight of fish collected in the experimental gill nets are listed in <u>Table 20</u>. The percent composition of the total weight for these gill net collections are listed in <u>Table 21</u> for each harbor, and for all three harbors combined.

The lake trout comprised the greatest weight of the gill net catch in all three harbors. They were 53,660 grams (118 pounds) or 76% of the gill net catch weight in Wilmette Harbor, 27,840 grams (61 pounds) or 79% of the gill net catch weight in Chicago Harbor, and 11,500 grams (25 pounds) or 50% of the gill net catch weight in Calumet Harbor.

The yellow perch made up the second greatest portion of weight of total gill net catch in each harbor. They were 14,835 grams (33 pounds) or 21% of the total gill net catch weight in Wilmette Harbor, 3,297 grams (7 pounds) or 9% of the total gill net catch weight in Chicago Harbor, and 6,267 grams (14 pounds) or 27% of the total gill net catch weight in Calumet Harbor.

TABLE 20

WEIGHT (GRAMS) OF FISH COLLECTED WITH 500 FEET OF EXPERIMENTAL GILL NETS
IN WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

	Wilmette Harbor	Chicago Harbor	Calumet Harbor	
Fish Species	Station 2-D	Station 4-D	Station 6-D	All Stations
Alewife	753.19	0	0	753.19
Gizzard shad	0	810.60	21.50	832.10
Rainbow trout	1,200.00	0	0	1,200.00
Brown trout	0	2,836.17	0	2,836.17
Lake trout	53,660.00	27,836.17	11,500.00	93,070.00
Coho salmon	0	296.33	0	<b>296.</b> 33
Chinook salmon	O	0	4,300.00	4,300.00
Rainbow smelt	41.77	186.38	85.87	314.02
Goldfish	. 0	0	0	0
Carp ·	0	0	0	0
Emerald shiner	0	0	0	0 .
Bigmouth shiner	0	0	0	0
Spottail shiner	0 2	17.79	0	<b>17</b> .79
Bluntnose minnow	0	0	0	0
Fathead minnow	0	0	. 0	0
White sucker	0	0	823.84	823.84
Green sunfish	0	0	0	0

TABLE 20 (Continued)

WEIGHT (GRAMS) OF FISH COLLECTED WITH 500 FEET OF EXPERIMENTAL GILL NETS IN WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Black bullhead	0	0	56.38	56.38
Rock bass	0	0	0	0
Pumpkinseed	0	0	0	0
Smallmouth bass	0	0	0	0
Largemouth bass	0	0	0	0
Johnny darter	0	0	0	0
Yellow perch	14,835.30	3,297.18	6,267.14	24,399.62
Mottled sculpin	0	0	0	0
Total	70,490.26	35,354.45	23,054.73	128,899.44

TABLE 21

PERCENT OF WEIGHT OF TOTAL GILL NET CATCH FOR FISH COLLECTED IN WILMETTE,
CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Alewife	1.07	0.00	0.00	0.58
Gizzard shad	0.00	2.29	0.09	0.65
Rainbow trout	1.70	0.00	0.00	0.93
Brown trout	0.00	8.02	0.00	2.20
Lake trout	76.12	78.94	49.88	72.20
Coho salmon	0.00	0.84	0.00	0.23
Chinook salmon	0.00	0.00	18.65	3.34
Rainbow smelt	0.06	0.53	0.37	0.24
Goldfish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Carp	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Emerald shiner	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Bigmouth shiner	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Spottail shiner	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.01
Bluntnose minnow	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fathead minnow	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
White sucker	0.00	0.00	3.57	0.64
Black bullhead	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.04
Rock bass	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Green sunfish	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

TABLE 21 (Continued)

PERCENT OF WEIGHT OF TOTAL GILL NET CATCH FOR FISH COLLECTED IN WILMETTE,
CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Pumpkinseed	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Smallmouth bass	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Largemouth bass	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Johnny darter	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Yellow perch	21.05	9.33	27.18	18.93
Mottled sculpin	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Of all the harbor gill net collections, only the brown trout (2,836 grams [6 pounds] or 8% of the total Chicago Harbor gill net catch) in Chicago Harbor made up more than 5% of the total weight of the gill net catch in a single harbor.

In terms of the total weight of fish from all three harbors, the lake trout (93,070 grams [205 pounds] or 72% of the total gill net catch) and the yellow perch (24,399 grams [54 pounds] or 19% of the total gill net catch) made up the greatest weight (117,469 grams [259 pounds] or 91% of the catch) of the total gill net catch from the three harbors in southwestern Lake Michigan.

Results for the weight of fish collected by electrofishing are listed in Table 22, and the percent composition of the total weight for these electrofishing collections are listed in Table 23 for the collection in each harbor and for all three harbor collections combined, respectively. Those species comprising a relatively large portion (more than 5%, by weight, of the total catch) of the electrofishing catch in the harbors were:

1. Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-D), each species total weight: Yellow perch (106.9 grams, 29% of the total catch weight), black bullhead (88.4 grams, 24% of the total catch weight), bluntnose minnow (76.6 grams, 20% of the total catch weight), gizzard shad (46 grams, 13% of the total catch weight).

TABLE 22

WEIGHT (GRAMS) OF FISH COLLECTED ELECTROFISHING IN WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Dick Charine	Wilmette Harbor Station	Chicago Harbor Station	Calumet Harbor Station	All
Fish Species	2-D	4-D	6-D	Stations
Alewife	6.89	0	9.29	16.18
Gizzard shad	46.89	0	0	46.89
Rainbow trout	0	3,828.29	Ö	3,828.29
Brown trout	15.92	795.24	Ö	811.16
Lake trout	0	2,450.00	0	2,450.00
Coho salmon	0	0	Ō	0
Chinook salmon	0	4,640.00	0	4,640.00
Rainbow smelt	14.21	, 0	0	14.21
Goldfish	0	0	286.83	286.83
Emerald shiner	0	0	12.26	12.26
Bigmouth shiner	0	0	7.94	7.94
Spottail shiner	0	0	46.90	46.90
Bluntnose minnow	76.58	12.16	232.90	321.63
Fathead minnow	0	0	206.09	206.09
White sucker	0	546.90	. 0	546.90
Black bullhead	88.40	0	114.49	202.89
Rock bass	0	0	35.59	35.59
Green sunfish	10.41	0	0	10.41

TABLE 22 (Continued)

WEIGHT (GRAMS) OF FISH COLLECTED ELECTROFISHING IN WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Pumpkinseed	0	0	181.12	181.12
Smallmouth bass	0	139.59	. 0	139.59
Largemouth bass	0	0	41.23	41.23
Johnny darter	0	0	6.91	6.91
Yellow perch	106.90	2.70	649.84	759.44
Mottled sculpin	8.95	0	9.94	18.89
Total	375.15	12,414.87	7,475.62	20,265.64

TABLE 23

PERCENT OF WEIGHT OF TOTAL ELECTROFISHING CATCH FOR FISH COLLECTED IN WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Alewife	1.84	0.00	0.12	0.08
Gizzard shad	12.50	0.00	0.00	0.23
Rainbow trout	0.00	30.84	0.00	18.89
Brown trout	4.24	6.41	0.00	4.00
Lake trout	0.00	19.73	0.00	12.90
Coho salmon	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Chinook salmon	0.00	37.37	0.00	22.90
Rainbow smelt	3.79	0.00	0.00	0.07
Goldfish	0.00	0.00	3.84	1.42
Carp	0.00	0.00	75.37	27.80
Emerald shiner	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.06
Bigmouth shiner	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.04
Spottail shiner	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.23
Bluntnose minnow	20.41	0.10	3.12	1.59
Fathead minnow	0.00	0.00	2.76	1.02
White sucker	0.00	4.41	0.00	2.70
Black bullhead	23.56	0.00	1.53	1.00
Rock bass	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.18
Green sunfish	2.77	0.00	0.00	0.05

TABLE 23 (Continued)

PERCENT OF WEIGHT OF TOTAL ELECTROFISHING CATCH FOR FISH COLLECTED IN WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Fish Species	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D	All Stations
Pumpkinseed	0.00	0.00	2.42	0.89
Smallmouth bass	0.00	1.12	0.00	0.69
Largemouth bass	0.00	0.00	0.55	0.20
Johnny darter	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.03
Yellow perch	28.50	0.02	8.69	3.75
Mottled sculpin	2.39	0.00	0.13	0.09
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Chicago Harbor (Station 4-D): Chinook salmon (4,540 grams [10 pounds], 37% of the total catch weight), rainbow trout (3,828 grams [8 pounds], 31% of the total catch weight), lake trout (2,450 grams [5 pounds], 20% of the total catch weight), brown trout (795 grams [1.8 pounds], 6% of the total catch weight).

3. Calumet Harbor (Station 6-D): Carp (5,634 grams [12 pounds], 75% of the total catch weight) and yellow perch (650 grams [1.4 pounds], 9% of the total catch weight).

The results of the electrofishing collections were standardized to the weight of fish collected per 30 minutes to account for variations in effort within each harbor. These data along with the average weight of catch among all harbors and percent of total weight of the electrofishing catch for all three harbors combined are listed in <u>Table 24</u>.

In all harbors combined, the following species comprised the greatest weight of electrofishing catch based on weight of fish collected per 30 minutes electrofishing: carp average weight of 640 grams (1.4 pounds) or 28% of the weight, chinook salmon average weight of 516 grams (1.1 pound) or 22% of the weight, rainbow trout average weight of 425 grams (0.9 pounds) or 18% of the weight, and lake trout average weight of 272 grams (0.6 pounds) or 12% of the total combined electrofishing catch.

Results for average, minimum, and maximum, standard and total length, and for average, minimum, and maximum weight in grams for all fish species collected are listed in Appendix Tables AIII-1 through AIII-9.

TABLE 24

WEIGHT (GRAMS) OF FISH COLLECTED PER 30 MINUTES ELECTROFISHING AND PERCENT OF WEIGHT OF TOTAL CATCH FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

	Wilmette Harbor Station	Chicago Harbor Station	Calumet Harbor Station	Average	All Stations	
Fish Species			of Fish per	_	Percent of Total Catch	
Alewife	4.40	0.00	3.17	2.52	0.11	
Gizzard shad	29.93	0.00	0.00	9.98	0.43	
Rainbow trout	0.00	1,276.10	0.00	425.37	18.42	
Brown trout	10.16	265.08	0.00	91.75	3.97	
Lake trout	0.00	816.67	0.00	272.22	11.79	
Coho salmon	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Chinook salmon	0.00	1,546.67	0.00	515.56	22.33	
Rainbow smelt	9.07	0.00	0.00	3.02	0.13	
Goldfish	0.00	0.00	97.78	32.59	1.41	
Carp	0.00	0.00	1,920.78	640.26	27.73	
Emerald shiner	0.00	0.00	4.18	1.39	0.06	
Bigmouth shiner	0.00	0.00	2.71	0.90	0.04	
Spottail shiner	0.00	0.00	15.99	5.33	0.23	
Bluntnose minnow	48.88	4.05	79.40	44.11	1.91	
Fathead minnow	0.00	0.00	70.26	23.42	1.01	

TABLE 24 (Continued)

WEIGHT (GRAMS) OF FISH COLLECTED PER 30 MINUTES ELECTROFISHING AND PERCENT OF WEIGHT OF TOTAL CATCH FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

	Wilmette Harbor Station	Chicago Harbor Station	Calumet Harbor Station	Average	All Stations
Fish Species	Wei	ght (Grams)	of Fish per	30 Minutes	Percent of Total Catch
White sucker	0.00	182.30	0.00	60.77	2.63
Black bullhead	56.43	0.00	39.03	31.82	1.38
Rock bass	0.00	0.00	12.13	4.04	0.18
Green sunfish	6.64	0.00	0.00	2.21	0.10
Pumpkinseed	0.00	0.00	61.75	20.58	0.89
Smallmouth bass	0.00	46.53	0.00	15.51	0.67
Largemouth bass	0.00	0.00	14.06	4.69	0.20
Johnny darter	0.00	0.00	2.36	0.79	0.03
Yellow perch	68.23	0,90	221.54	96.89	4.20
Mottled sculpin	5.71	0.00	3.39	3.03	0.13
Total	239.46	4,138.29	2,548.51	2,308.75	100.00

Results of chemical analyses of harbor water samples are listed in <u>Table 25</u>. These samples were collected during the times of each harbor fish collection.

# METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO TABLE 25 RESULTS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBOR WATER SAMPLES TAKEN DURING

THE HARBOR FISH COLLECTIONS

Constituents	Units	9/26/84 Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	10/23/84 Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	9/17/84 Calumet Harbor Station 6-D
Air Temperature Water Temperature Turbidity Secchi Disk pH Laboratory pH Field Alkalinity, Total	°C °C NTU Feet STD uni STD uni mg/L		9 12.5 2.4 4 8.2 7.9	20 18 2.3 NA 8.4 8.0
as CaCO3 Sulfate Fluoride Chloride Phosphorus Calcium Magnesium Potassium Sodium Solids, Total Solids, Total Volatile	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	26 0.15 10 0.1 32 12 1 6 198 47	23 0.15 8 0.1 31 11 1 6	25 0.16 12 0.1 28 10 1 8 177 46
Solids, Suspended Solids, Volatile Suspended	mg/L mg/L	34 4	7	2
Dissolved Oxygen, Winkler	mg/L	11.1 11.3	9.8	9.6 9.6
Dissolved Oxygen, Meter Oxygen Demand, Chemical	mg/L	12	12	7
Oxygen Demand, 5-Day, Biochemical	mg/L	2	2 9	2 5
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	3	J	J

TABLE 25 (Continued)

### RESULTS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBOR WATER SAMPLES TAKEN DURING THE HARBOR FISH COLLECTIONS

	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.			
Constituents	Units	9/26/84 Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	10/23/84 Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	9/17/84 Calumet Harbor Station 6-D
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl	mg/L	0.3	0.3	0.1
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	1.8	0.1	0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.5	0.1	0.2
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	0.1	0.1	0.1
Fats, Oils and	mg/L	1	1	1
Greases				
Foaming Agents-MBAS	mg/L	0.004	0.00	0.01
Aluminum	mg/L	1.0	1.0	1.0
Arsenic	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Barium	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Cadmium	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Copper	mg/L	0.02	0.03	<0.02
Iron	mg/L	0.5	0.4	<0.2
Lead	mg/L	<0.02	0.02	<0.02
Manganese	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Mercury	μg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Nickel	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Selenium	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Silver	$\mu$ g/L	<1	1	<1
Cyanides, Total	mg/L	0.000	0.002	0.000
Phenol - like	μg/L	1	1	1
Substances as Pheno.				
Conductivity,	µmhos/cm	260	276	250
Laboratory				
Conductivity, Field	µmhos/cm	280	285	300
BGTU	,	0.1476	0.0510	0.0082

NA = No Analysis.

BGTU = Bluegill Toxic Units.

#### DISCUSSION

#### Bacteria

The southernmost station sampled in Lake Michigan, Station 7-A (Figure 1) is located within 275 meters of the mouth of Indiana Harbor. This station had the highest concentration of SPC, TC, FC, and PA, and was the only station which could not meet the standard of 20 FC per 100 mL (geometric mean). No other station had a geometric mean greater than 3 FC per 100 mL. All stations met the Illinois Department of Public Health beach standard of 500 FC per 100 mL. Salmonella was not recovered from any station.

The results of the bacterial analyses (<u>Table 2</u>) indicate good water quality in Lake Michigan for the four samples collected in April, June, August, and October, 1984.

#### Algae

#### POPULATIONS

Algal population densities determined for a body of water describe how many primary producers (algae) are supported by that water. Oligotrophic conditions are characterized by low population densities, eutrophic conditions are characterized by large populations, and mesotrophic conditions are characterized by populations intermediate to these extremes.

Three methods were used in 1984 to collect and estimate the total population densities of algae: (1) the column plankton-

net tow, (2) periphyton sampling, and (3) Kemmerer water bottle sampling.

The column plankton-net tow included all those organisms retained by the plankton-net mesh when hauled from the bottom to the surface at each station in Lake Michigan. Column plankton-net tow population densities (Table 3) ranged from 542 organisms/mL in Wilmette Harbor to 2,081 organisms/mL in Calumet Harbor

Periphyton were those algae growing or captured on microscope slides immersed for two weeks at the surface of the water column at each station in Lake Michigan. The total periphyton populations ranged from 142,040 organisms/cm<sup>2</sup> in Wilmette Harbor to 328,932 organisms/cm<sup>2</sup> in Chicago Harbor (Table 3).

Kemmerer plankton were those planktonic algae captured in a Kemmerer water bottle at discrete depths. Four depths (1, 3, and 5 meters, and 1 meter above the bottom) were sampled in each area (Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors - Figure 1) of Lake Michigan. The average total Kemmerer plankton population at the three harbors ranged from 4,528 organisms/mL in Wilmette Harbor to 5,272 organisms/mL in Calumet Harbor (Table 3).

Each of the methods used to estimate population densities produced different results, but the results were consistent within each method. For each method the conclusion was that the

three areas sampled could be considered as one large sampling area.

Comparing the plankton-net tow population densities in this study (Table 3) with those determined for the vicinity of Zion during 1970 through 1975 (3) we find that offshore open areas of Lake Michigan had much lower plankton-net tow population densities in 1970-75 than the three harbor areas in 1984. In the Zion study (3) plankton-net tow densities of 25 to 61 organisms/mL were found during 1975 compared to the plankton-net tow densities of 542 to 2,081 organisms/mL for this study at Chicago, Wilmette, and Calumet Harbors during 1984.

Kemmerer water bottle samples were collected at Zion at the one meter depth from 1972 through 1975 (3) and the range of plankton organisms found was 519 to 4,079 organisms/mL. When compared to the range of plankton organisms found at the one meter depth in 1984 (4,478 to 5,150/mL) in the three harbor areas (Table 3) it is obvious that the open areas of Lake Michigan in the vicinity of the Zion nuclear power station had a much wider range of plankton densities in 1975 than the harbor areas had in 1984.

The conclusion based on these data regarding population densities is that the water quality of the Lake Michigan harbor areas in 1984 was slightly poorer than the Zion area was during 1970-1975 (3).

#### COMMUNITY STRUCTURE

Community structure refers to the organisms making up the community and the number of species found. The numbers of species found in the column plankton-net tow was 60, 54, and 63 for the Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbor areas, respectively (Table 3). These data indicated a similarity among the stations, and indeed only two species Cerasterias irregulare and Fragilaria pinnata were unique to Wilmette Harbor. Chicago Harbor had no unique species, and the Calumet Harbor had two unique species Amphiprora ornata and Rhoicosphenia curvata, (Tables AII-1 to AII-3). However, of the 85 species found in the column plankton-net tow samples only 13 species were common to all three harbor areas sampled (Tables AII-1 to AII-3), signifying that there are differences among the harbors.

The numbers of periphyton species (<u>Table 3</u>) were 59, 114, and 126 for the Wilmette (Station 2-B), Chicago (Station 4-B), and Calumet (Station 6-B) Harbor areas, respectively. The total number of species found was 165.

The numbers of plankton species collected at each of the three harbor areas with the Kemmerer bottle water samples (Table 3) were 208, 256, and 240, respectively at Stations 2-B, 4-B, and 6-B (Figure 1). The close correspondence of the number of plankton species suggested a similarity of environment for the Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbor areas. The total number of plankton species found from the Kemmerer water bottle samples collected from all three harbor areas in southwestern Lake

Michigan was 350 species. Thirty-three of these plankton species (9.4 percent) were common to all stations, eight species (2.3 percent) were unique to the Wilmette Harbor area (Station 2-B), twenty-five species (7.1 percent) were unique to the Chicago Harbor area (Station 4-B), and thirty-five species (10 percent) were unique to the Calumet Harbor area (Station 6-B), Tables AII-7 to AII-9. These data indicated the individuality of each area sampled.

Species diversities; i.e., the Shannon-Weaver Index, were reported by Tarapchak and Stoermer (4) to indicate trophic status as follows: >3.5 = oligotrophic (water deficient in nutrients), 3.5 to 2.5 = mesotrophic (water contains some nutrients), <2.5 = eutrophic (water is enriched with nutrients).

The mean species diversity (4, 27) at Wilmette Harbor (Station 2-B), Chicago Harbor (Station 4-B), and Calumet Harbor (Station 6-B) (Figure 1) for the Kemmerer plankton ranged from 1.12 to 1.35. Tarapchak and Stoermer (4) reported that in 1971, Schelske found in the inshore waters of Lake Michigan at Grand Haven, Michigan, species diversities of 1.79 to 2.93. Tarapchak and Stoermer also reported on the work by Piala and Lamble for 1971. Piala and Lamble found for the inshore waters of Lake Michigan at Zion that species diversities varied from 1.75 in late July to 3 in mid-January. The species diversities found in this study (1984) were less in the heavily populated areas from

Wilmette Harbor to Calumet Harbor than those found in 1971 from areas relatively unpopulated. The results of the Grand Haven and Zion studies established the range for species diversities for the southeastern and southwestern inshore waters of Lake Michigan during 1971. The species diversity results of this study were somewhat less in value (d = 1.12 to 1.35) and would indicate water of poorer quality than that found at Grand Haven and Zion in 1971.

Examination of Tables 4 and 5, which lists those organisms found in more than 90% of the samples collected and analyzed, shows that one of the eight periphyton and three of the sixteen planktonic (Kemmerer) organisms were considered pollutant indicators by Palmer (42, 43). Tarapchak and Stoermer (4) called these same organisms listed by Palmer (42, 43) eutrophic and mesotrophic to eutrophic indicators, (organisms that tolerated moderate enrichment), and added three oligotrophic organisms: Cyclotella compacta, Cyclotella kuetzingiana and Cyclotella ocellata. Two of these species (Cvclotella kuetzingiana and Cvclotella ocellata) were found in the plankton at Station 2-B at Wilmette Harbor (Tables 5 and 7) and one (Cyclotella kuetzingiana) was found in the periphyton (Tables 4 and 6). Tarapchak and Stoermer (4) also listed three mesotrophic indicators (organisms found in oligotrophic waters that decreased in abundance with enrichment), Cyclotella michiganiana, Melosira islandica, and Tabellaria fenestrata.

Tabellaria fenestrata was found persistent at all stations sampled in this study (Table 4 and Table 5). Of the four mesotrophic to eutrophic indicator organisms listed by Tarapchak and Stoermer (4), Asterionella formosa, Fragilaria crotonensis, Stephanodiscus hantzschii, and Stephanodiscus minutus, only two (Asterionella formosa and Fragilaria crotonensis) were found to be persistent in this study (1984) among the periphyton (Table 4), and the plankton (Table 5). Among the eutrophic indicators listed by Tarapchak and Stoermer (4) (Fragilaria capucina, Melosira granulata, and Stephanodiscus tenuis) only Melosira granulata occurred persistently among the plankton (Table 5) during 1984. One category of indicator organisms listed by Tarapchak and Stoermer (4) was referred to as introduced eutrophic forms. This was defined as organisms previously present only in small percentages, and which were now among the dominants, or the dominant species in nutrient enriched water, and which did not exist in Lake Michigan prior to cultural eutrophication. These organisms were: Diatoma tenue var. elongatum, Nitzschia dissipata (an indicator of advanced eutrophication), Stephanodiscus binderanus, and Stephanodiscus subtilis. None of these organisms was persistent during 1984.

Among the dominant organisms listed in <u>Tables 6</u> and <u>7</u>, 14 of 50 periphytic organisms (28 percent) and 13 of 16 plankton organisms (81 percent) were listed by Palmer (42, 43) as being pollutant-tolerant. According to the classification by

Tarapchak and Stoermer (4) the oligotrophic indicator Cyclotella kuetzingiana was dominant (≥1% of the total population) at all stations among both plankton and periphyton. Cyclotella ocellata, an oligotrophic indicator, was found dominant among the plankton in Chicago Harbor (Station 4-B) and Calumet Harbor (Station 6-B). Among the mesotrophic indictors, Tabellaria fenestrata was dominant at all stations among both periphyton and plankton. Melosira islandica, another mesotrophic indicator, was found dominant at all stations among the The four organisms characterized as mesotrophic to plankton. eutrophic by Tarapchak and Stoermer (4) (Asterionella formosa, Fragilaria crotonensis, Stephanodiscus hantzschii, Stephanodiscus minutus) were found as dominants among both periphyton and plankton. Melosira granulata, a eutrophic indicator, was found dominant at every station among both periphyton and plankton (Tables 6 and 7). Fragilaria capucina, a eutrophic indicator, was found among the plankton in both Chicago and Calumet Harbors (Table 7). Of the five organisms listed by Tarapchak and Stoermer (4) as being introduced eutrophic forms none were dominants among the plankton, but Diatoma tenue var. elongatum was found among the periphyton at Station 4-B and Nitzschia dissipata, an indicator of advanced eutrophication, was found among the periphyton at all the stations sampled.

As was found with the persistent organisms, those organisms found as dominants were indicators of oligotrophy, mesotrophy, and eutrophy; i.e., the organisms found were indicative of a wide range of conditions.

Besides the organisms that are present it is sometimes helpful to examine those organisms that no longer inhabit this area. Historically Lake Michigan phytoplankton were still numerically dominated by diatoms (>70% diatoms) in 1962 through 1963 (45). By 1969 shifts in phytoplankton composition were noted by Schelske and Stoermer (46), to dominance by greens, blue-greens, and golden brown algae. By August of 1969, Schelske and Stoermer found that up to 80% of the population density was reported to be blue-green algae. The blue-greens remained dominant through October after the fall overturn resupplied the euphotic zone with nutrients.

During the monitoring conducted in this study (1984) diatoms maintained a numerical dominance of the population in the three harbors for all dates sampled except on December 23, 1984 at Wilmette (24.9% diatoms) and Chicago Harbors (18.1% diatoms). At Wilmette Harbor, the dominant organisms were the green alga, Stichoccoccus bacillaris (7.1%); the chrysophyte, Dinobryon divergens (10.3%); the blue-greens, Oscillatoria agardhii (33.4%) and Oscillatoria limnetica (7.9%). At Chicago Harbor the dominant organisms were the green alga, Stichococcus bacillaris (10.7%); the chrysophyte, Dinobryon divergens

(25.2%); the blue-greens, Oscillatoria limnetica (12.1%) and Oscillatoria tenuis (9.1%). Tables AII-7 to AII-9 contains the list of species present at lower densities. For the remainder of the year the diatom contribution to the population was 78 to 96% at Wilmette Harbor, 61 to 97% at Chicago Harbor, and 74 to 99% at Calumet Harbor.

The blue-green algal blooms reported in 1969 (46) and in 1970 to 1975 (69) no longer occur. Apparently, a change in the water quality, a reduction of nutrients, has restored Lake Michigan to its former state in which diatoms dominated the algae population.

Comparing summer algal composition with studies conducted during the 1970's by the District (3), and Argonne National Laboratories (4), a clearly discernible improvement was found for Lake Michigan during 1984. The dominance of the green and blue-green algae in lake Michigan summer algal populations found during the 1970's did not occur in 1984. In the 1970's the diatom contribution had been as low as 5% of the algal population, whereas, in 1984 the lowest diatom contribution was 61% of the algal population. The increased dominance and appearance of the oligotrophic indicator species Cyclotella kützingiana and C. ocellata along with the loss of dominance and reduced appearance of the eutrophic indicator species Fragilaria capucina, Melosira granulata, and Stephanodiscus tenuis, and the recently introduced eutrophic species Diatoma tenue var.

elongatum, Nitzschia dissipata, Stephanodiscus binderanus, S. subtilis, and Cyclotella stelligera confirms the improvement in water quality. The loss of Stephanodiscus hantzschii and S. minutus (mesotrophic to eutrophic indicators) from a position of dominance in the population also supports the hypothesis of water quality improvement; even though Fragilaria crotonensis and Asterionella formosa remained as dominants through most of the year. The increased dominance of Tabellaria fenestrata (mesotrophic indicator) throughout 1984 added weight to the conclusion of improved Lake Michigan water quality as compared to the 1970's.

# Benthic Invertebrates

# RELATIVE ABUNDANCE AND SPECIES COMPOSITION

Benthic surveys similar to the present study have been conducted in the inshore area of Lake Michigan. These studies were done by Mozley and Garcia (50), and by the Great Lakes Research Division (51, 52, 53). The published data from these studies was recalculated to provide more comparable mean abundance, and percent composition data for the total benthos at depths in the approximate range of 15 to 35 feet.

The present study (1984) showed that the invertebrate fauna of the inshore area of southwestern Lake Michigan at depths of 15 to 31 feet was dominated numerically by oligochaetes (58%) and chironomids (36%). In 1972, Mozley and Garcia (50) found

that the most abundant major invertebrate groups in the coastal zone of southwestern Lake Michigan from depths ranging from 12 to 35 feet were the oligochaetes (50%) and chironomids (26%). However, the relative abundance of amphipods (17%) and sphaeriids (8%) was much greater in the 1972 survey than found in the present study (2 and <1%, respectively).

Findings similar to that of the present study have also been reported by Ladronka (51), and Winnell (52, 53) in the near shore area of southwestern Lake Michigan at depths from 24 to 36 feet; with the benthos dominated numerically by the oligochaetes (53%) and chironomids (21%). As was shown by Mozley and Garcia (50), amphipods accounted for a greater percentage of the benthic invertebrates (13%) compared to the present 1984 study (2%).

Even though the percent composition of the predominant benthic groups was similar in the above mentioned studies, the species composition differed. The 1972 survey by Mozley and Garcia was composed primarily of Pontoporeia affinis, L. hoffmeisteri, P. nereis, Cryptochironomus sp., C. fluviatilis gr., and S. striatinum. In the 1984 study, the dominant invertebrates were P. vejdovskyi, A. pluriseta, P. hoyi, C. fluviatilis-gr., P. michiganensis, P. moldaviensis, Cladotanytarsus sp., Cryptochironomus sp. and S. lacustris. The most common benthic taxa in the present study included

Cyphomella sp., C. fluviatilis-gr., P. scalaenum, P. michi-ganensis, V. intermedia, P. vejdovskyi, and G. pseudolimnaeus.

# TROPHIC INDICES

Oligochaetes, because they comprise a major faunal group consisting of various species assemblages in habitats with all ranges of organic enrichment, have provided the basis for several indices of pollution which have been applied to the Great Lakes. Two of these indices, total and relative abundance, were applied to the present (1984) data.

The total number of oligochaetes was first proposed by Wright and Tidd (54) as a pollution index. They classified those benthic habitats possessing oligochaetes less than  $1,000/m^2$  as having "negligible pollution." The presence of 1,000-5,000 oligochaetes/ $m^2$  indicated "mild pollution," and more than  $5,000/m^2$  as evidence of "severe pollution." Based upon this classification, Station 2-C at Wilmette Harbor (mean =  $277/m^2$ ) and Station 6-C at Calumet Harbor (mean =  $660/m^2$ ) would be considered nonpolluted, and Station 4-C at Chicago Harbor (mean =  $3,337/m^2$ ) moderately polluted.

Goodnight and Whitley (55), working in a midwestern stream, used the relative abundance of oligochaetes as a measure of the extent of organic enrichment. Fewer than 60% oligochaetes indicated good conditions, between 60 and 80% doubtful conditions, and more than 80% indicating "...a high degree of either organic enrichment or industrial pollution" (56). Using

this index, Stations 2-C at Wilmette Harbor (21%) and 6-C at Calumet Harbor (51%) would be classified as good, and Station 4-C at Chicago Harbor (73%) doubtful.

#### INDICATOR SPECIES

Another method frequently used to assess environmental quality is the indicator species approach. Benthic invertebrates are assigned to three classifications depending upon the tolerance of each species to different concentrations of inorganic and/or organic wastes:

- 1. Intolerant organisms which live in a narrow range of environmental conditions and are associated with "clean water."
- 2. Tolerant organisms which can survive adverse environmental conditions.
- 3. Facultative organisms capable of living which are associated with moderate amounts of pollution.

In other words, certain benthic invertebrate species have well-defined ecological requirements, and their presence or absence can be used as an indication of water quality.

In the present study, the benthic invertebrate community was dominated numerically by the naidids P. michiganensis, Y. uncinata, and Y. intermedia, the tubificid, P. vejdovskyi, and the chironomids Cyphomella sp., P. scalaenum, and P. tuberculum. Except for the midge Cyphomella sp., whose pollution tolerance is unknown, the other six benthic invertebrates are classified as facultative organisms (57, 58, 59, 53; J. K. Hiltunen

personal communication with Irwin Polls, 1985), and are characteristic of mesotrophic or slightly enriched areas. Therefore, the high number of these facultative organisms at each of the three sampling stations (2-C, 4-C, and 6-C) suggests that these areas are mesotrophic.

# Sediment Ouality

Guidelines for the evaluation of Great Lakes harbor sediments, based on bulk sediment analysis, have been developed by the USEPA, Region V (60). Sediments are classified as heavily polluted, moderately polluted, or nonpolluted depending on the concentrations of 19 constituents. The overall classification of a sample is based on the most predominant classification of the individual constituents.

Using the USEPA's guidelines for volatile solids, COD, FOG, arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, iron, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, and zinc, the bottom sediments of the inshore area of southwestern Lake Michigan can be classified as nonpolluted. However, the concentrations of copper (26 mg/kg), manganese (440 mg/kg), and nickel (20 mg/kg) at Station 6-C at Calumet Harbor, would classify the sediments as moderately polluted.

## Fish

Of the 25 fish species collected from the three southwestern Lake Michigan harbors sampled during the period September 17 through October 25, 1984 (Table 14), eight species (32%) are considered to be intolerant of polluted conditions by the Illinois Department of Conservation (W. Bertrand, Northern Streams Biologist, Illinois Department of Conservation, personal communication with Samuel G. Dennison, 1985) and are indicative of good water quality by their presence in the catch. These intolerant species and the harbor areas with which they were associated were:

Coho salmon--Chicago Harbor
Chinook salmon--Chicago Harbor
Rainbow trout--Wilmette and Chicago Harbors
Brown trout--Wilmette and Chicago Harbors
Lake trout--Wilmette, Chicago and Calumet Harbors
Rock bass--Calumet Harbor
Smallmouth bass--Chicago Harbor
Mottled sculpin--Wilmette and Calumet Harbors

### NUMBER AND WEIGHT OF FISH COLLECTED - GILL NETS

Yellow perch: The yellow perch comprised, numerically, the greatest portion of the gill net catch in all three harbors, and was second only to the lake trout in terms of the weight of the gill net catch in these same harbors.

The yellow perch in Lake Michigan has been important as a commercial species since the 1880's, and as a sport fish since at least the 1920's (61). Annual commercial production has usually fluctuated between 0.5 and 1.5 million kilograms (1.1 and 3.3 million pounds). Yellow perch are distributed

throughout Lake Michigan where depths are suitable. Young perch live mostly in depths less than 5 meters (16 feet) until fall. In October and November they are most numerous at depths of 13 to 22 meters (43 to 72 feet), but have been found as deep as 31 meters (102 feet). After their first year they are mainly at depths of 9 to 27 meters (30 to 89 feet) in winter and early spring, less than 18 meters (59 feet) in late spring and early summer, less than 27 meters (89 feet) in late summer, and 18 to 37 meters (59 to 121 feet) in fall. In summer, perch are often concentrated in a relatively small interval within the depth ranges given above and the depth of greatest abundance may shift rapidly as bottom temperatures fluctuate (61).

The yellow perch has been classified as a top carnivorous fish species by the Illinois Department of Conservation (W. Bertrand, Northern Streams Biologist, Illinois Department of Conservation, personal communication with Samuel G. Dennison, 1985). Top carnivores or piscivores include all species which are predominantly fish eating as adults. Some feed on invertebrates, fish, juveniles, and fry. Viable and healthy populations of top carnivore species indicate a healthy, trophically diverse community (W. Bertrand, Northern Streams Biologist, Illinois Department of Conservation, personal communication with Samuel G. Dennison, 1985).

<u>Lake Trout</u>: The lake trout comprised the greatest weight of the gill net catch in all three harbors and was second in

numberical abundance to the yellow perch in these same harbors. Lake trout are coldwater fish and do not thrive in water with temperatures over 65°F (18.3°C) (61). They inhabit cold deep lakes, but come into shallow water in October to spawn over rubble and gravel (62) when temperatures are near 50°F (10°C) (63).

Larger lake trout feed primarily upon fish in most lakes (63) and they are classified as a top carnivorous fish species by the Illinois Department of Conservation (W. Bertrand, Northern Streams Biologist, Illinois Department of Conservation, personal communication with Samuel G. Dennison, 1985). Other top carnivorous fish present in the gill net catches included:

Coho salmon--Chicago Harbor Chinook salmon--Calumet Harbor Rainbow trout--Wilmette Harbor Brown trout--Chicago Harbor

From the results of our gill net collections, lake trout were obviously present in relatively great numbers in the comparatively shallow water of Chicago area harbors during late September and October and constituted a significant portion of the fish biomass in the harbors during these months. It should be noted that these large lake trout, as well as many of the larger fish of the other trout and salmon collected with the gill nets, were caught in the gill nets by entanglement of the netting with their teeth and not by being caught in the mesh of the nets by their gill covers.

The results of the gill net catches indicated that there were many top carnivorous fish present in each of the three harbors under study; which is indicative of healthy, trophically diverse fish communities in the harbor areas.

# NUMBER AND WEIGHT OF FISH COLLECTED - ELECTROFISHING BOAT

Major fish ranked by number per 30 minutes electrofishing from Table 19 were:

Wilmette Harbor	Chicago Harbor	Calumet Harbor		
Black Bullhead (66) Rainbow Smelt (29) Yellow Perch (13)	Rainbow Trout (10) Brown Trout (4)	Bluntnose Minnow (27) Yellow Perch (24) Fathead Minnow (23)		

Major fish ranked by weight per 30 minutes electrofishing from Table 24 were:

Wilmette Harbor	Chicago Harbor	Calumet Harbor
Yellow Perch (68 g)	Chinook Salmon 1,547 g)	Carp (1,921 g)
Black Bullhead (56 g)	Rainbow Trout (1,276 g)	Yellow Perch (222 g)
Bluntnose Minnow (49 g)	Lake Trout (817 g) Brown Trout (265 g)	
Gizzard Shad (30g)		

The fish species comprising the greatest numbers and the greatest weights of the electrofishing catches from Wilmette Harbor and Calumet Harbor were a mixture of a top carnivorous species (yellow perch), species which feed on fish and benthos (rainbow smelt and black bullheads in Wilmette Harbor), and omnivorous fish species, which routinely take significant quantities of both plant and animal material, often including

detritus, and have the ability to utilize both (61). These included the bluntnose minnow and gizzard shad in Wilmette Harbor, and the bluntnose minnow, fathead minnow, and carp in Calumet Harbor. Those species collected in the greatest numbers or the greatest weights in the electrofishing collection in Chicago Harbor were all top carnivorous species, including the rainbow trout, brown trout, chinook salmon, and lake trout.

Karr (62) indicates that the dominance of omnivorous fish species (species whose diet is at least 25% each of plant and animal food) presumably arises as a result of degradation in the food base, especially invertebrates. As a result, their opportunistic foraging ecology makes them successful relative to more specialized foragers. Omnivores can become dominant in degraded conditions, apparently as a result of irregular supply of both plant and invertebrate foods. Irregularity in plant or invertebrate availability results in declining abundances of fish that specialize on one food type or the other.

A list of the percent composition of omnivorous fish species is presented in <u>Table 26</u>. The percentage of omnivores was very low (zero in Wilmette Harbor, 1.79 percent in Chicago Harbor and 1.11 percent in Calumet Harbor) for fish collected with the gill nets in the deeper waters of the harbors. The percentage of omnivores increased in the electrofisher catches in the shallower water which were carried out along the harbor

PERCENT COMPOSITION OF OMNIVOROUS FISH SPECIES IN THE CATCH FROM WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS DURING 1984

Gear	Wilmette Harbor Station 2-D	Chicago Harbor Station 4-D	Calumet Harbor Station 6-D		
		Percent Omnivores			
Gill Net	0.00	1.79	1.11		
Electrofisher	6.85	4.17	60.32		
Both Gear Types	3.52	2.88	29.97		

shorelines. Percent omnivores were 6.85, 4.71 and 60.32 in Wilmette, Chicago and Calumet Harbors, respectively. From the percentage of omnivores in the electrofisher catch of Calumet Harbor it would appear that the water quality of the inshore area, especially near the Indiana border, is somewhat degraded relative to the other harbors, though the deeper water areas of all the harbors appear to have similarly good water quality as reflected by the fish collections.

#### BLUEGILL TOXICITY INDEX

Lubinski and Sparks (41) concluded that since their mean bluegill toxicity index for the Illinois River remained generally at or below 0.1 Bluegill Toxic Units (BGTU), acute toxicity probably did not constitute a major sustained problem for fish populations during their 1972 to 1973 project period. The basis for this was that other researchers have concluded that fish populations in rivers could be maintained if the toxicity remained generally below 0.2 to 0.4 toxic units and satisfactory oxygen concentrations were maintained. satisfactory oxygen concentration can be considered to be 5 mq/L. For a variety of fish species, dissolved oxygen concentrations below 5 mg/L have deleterious effects on embryonic development and survival, fecundity, growth, food conversion, swimming ability, respiration, circulatory dynamics, metabolism, behavior, and sensitivity to toxic stress (64).

A bluegill toxicity index, expressed in bluegill toxic units (BGTU's), calculated for the water from each of the three harbors at the time they were being sampled for fish were as follows:

<u>Wilmette Harbor</u>	Chicago Harbor	<u>Calumet Harbor</u>
0.148 BGTU	0.051 BGTU	0.008 BGTU
DO = 11.1 mg/L	DO = 9.8  mg/L	DO = 9.6  mg/L
$NH_3-N = 1.8 mg/L$	$NH_3-N = <0.1 mg/L$	$NH_3-N = 0.1 mg/L$

Wilmette Harbor had the highest calculated bluegill toxicity unit of 0.148 BGTU for a water sample collected on September 26, 1984, Chicago Harbor was second highest with a calculated value of 0.051 BGTU for a water sample collected on October 23, 1984, and Calumet Harbor had the lowest bluegill toxicity value of 0.008 BGTU for a water sample collected on September 17, 1984.

All these values were less than that of the 0.2 BGTU level mentioned by Lubinski and Sparks (41) under which fish populations may be maintained. The relatively high bluegill toxicity unit value among the harbors of 0.148 BGTU's calculated for the Wilmette Harbor sample was due primarily to the 1.8 mg/L concentration of ammonia nitrogen found in the sample. The component toxicity of this compound alone was 0.122 BGTU or 82% of the total calculated bluegill toxicity unit of 0.148 BGTU.

Bluegill toxicity indices, expressed in BGTU's, calculated for the water from each of the three harbors for monthly samples throughout the year 1984 (from data listed in Appendix Tables AII-13 to AII-15) are depicted in Figures 7 to 9. Average

bluegill toxicity values for the three harbors throughout 1984 were: Wilmette Harbor, 0.036 BGTU (Range 0.008 to 0.148 BGTU), Chicago Harbor 0.018 BGTU (Range 0.004 to 0.051 BGTU), and Calumet Harbor 0.019 BGTU (Range 0.008 to 0.039 BGTU).

# Comparison of Bacteria, Algal, Benthos, and Fish Data

The four sets of bacterial data collected during 1984 from Lake Michigan showed no recovery of <u>Salmonella</u> and minimal counts for SPC, TC, FC, and PA. These indicated good water quality in Lake Michigan at the Wilmette, Chicago, and Calumet Harbors.

Although algal population densities increased significantly over the past ten years, and the decreased number of species resulted in lowered species diversity indices for Lake Michigan the dominant kinds of organisms present have changed back from blue-green algae to diatoms. The persistently dominant organisms were consistently indicative of mesotrophic to oligotrophic conditions, and so the algae also indicated a good water quality for the harbor areas studied in 1984.

The dominant benthic invertebrates were classified as facultative; i.e., organisms tolerating the wide range of conditions associated with moderate amounts of pollution. This is characteristic of the mesotrophic condition and so determined the water quality.

The sediments sampled were all classified as nonpolluted except for the sediments at Station 6-C at Calumet Harbor where

FIGURE 7

BLUEGILL TOXICITY INDEX FOR WILMETTE HARBOR DURING 1984

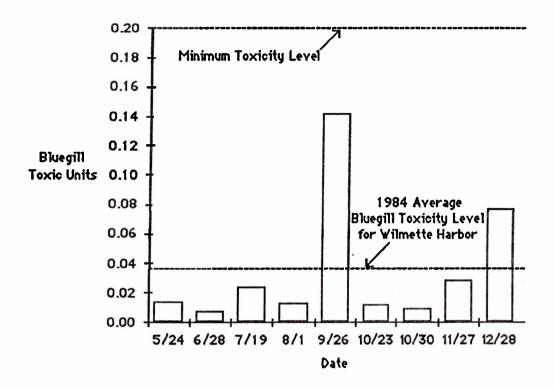


FIGURE 8

BLUEGILL TOXICITY INDEX FOR CHICAGO HARBOR DURING 1984

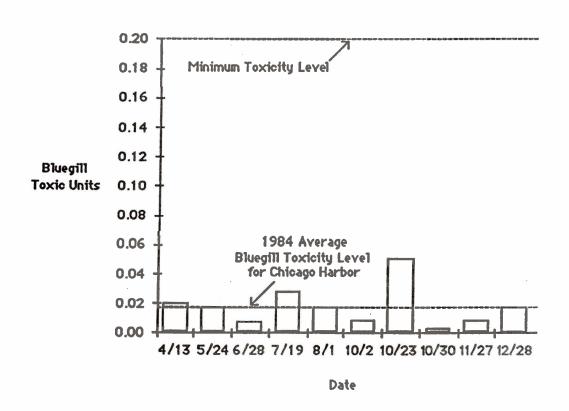
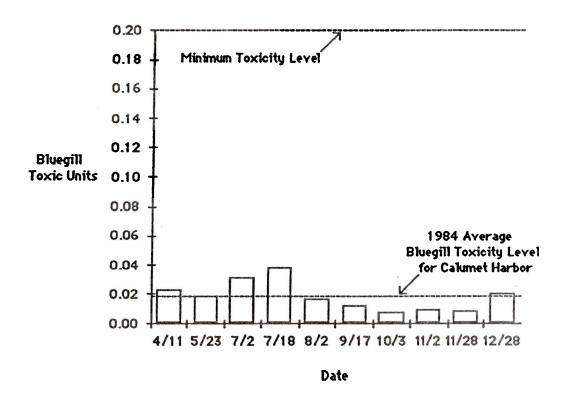


FIGURE 9

BLUEGILL TOXICITY INDEX FOR CALUMET HARBOR DURING 1984



the concentrations of copper, manganese, and nickel would classify the sediments as moderately polluted.

Thirty-two percent of the fish species collected were intolerant of polluted conditions. The presence of many top carnivorous fish was indicative of a healthy, trophically diverse fish community. The low percentage of omnivores is another indication that the water quality of the Lake Michigan harbor areas was good.

In summary, it was the consensus of the data for the four ecological levels of biota that the water quality of the three harbor areas, Wilmette, Chicago and Calumet, in southwestern Lake Michigan was good.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Mortimer, Clifford H., Part 1. "Physical Characteristics of Lake Michigan and its Responses to Applied Forces, Physical Limnology of Lake Michigan Volume 2." In: Environmental Status of the Lake Michigan Region, Argonne National Laboratory, 121 pages, 1975.
- 2. State of Illinois, Rules and Regulations, Title 35: Environmental Protection, Subtitle C: Water Pollution, Quality Standards, April 1, 1984.
- 3. Schmeelk, W.G., "Effect of the Zion Nuclear Power Plant on the Water Quality of Adjacent Lake Michigan," Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago, report in progress.
- 4. Tarapchak, Stephen J. and Eugene F. Stoermer, "Phytoplankton of Lake Michigan, Volume 4," In: <u>Environmental Status of the Lake Michigan Region</u>, Argonne National Laboratory, 211 pages, 1976.
- 5. Weber, Cornelius I.(ed.), <u>Biological Field and Laboratory</u>
  <u>Methods for Measuring the Ouality of Surface Water and</u>
  <u>Effluents</u>, EPA-670/4-73-001, 1973.
- 6. The Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago, Bart T. Lynam, General Superintendent, 13 pages, 1972.
  - The Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago, Hugh H. McMillan, General Superintendent, 9 pages, undated brochure
- 8. The Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago, Treatment Plant Guidebook, Raymond R. Rimkus, General Superintendent, 20 pages, undated brochure.
- 9. "TARP: Mainstream Pumping Station Tunnel and Reservoir Plan", The Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago, Raymond R. Rimkus, General Superintendent, undated brochure.
- Dennison, S., P. O'Brien, I. Polls, W. Schmeelk, and C. Spielman, "1975 Annual Summary Report, Water Quality within the Waterways System of The Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago, Volume 2, Biological," Research and Development Report No. 78-5-B, May 1978.

- 11. Spielman, C., S. Dennison, P. O'Brien, I. Polls, and W. Schmeelk, "1976 Annual Summary Report, Water Quality within the Waterways System of The Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago, Volume 2, Biological," Research and Development Report No. 78-18-B, December 1978
- 12. Spielman, C., S. Dennison, P. O'Brien, and W. Schmeelk, "1977 Annual Summary Report, Water Quality within the Waterways System of The Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago, Volume 2, Biological," Research and Development Report No. 79-8-B, December 1979.
- 13. Dennison, S., P. O'Brien, M. Perrone, W. Schmeelk, and C. Spielman, "1978 Annual Summary report, Water Quality within the Waterways System of The Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago, Volume 2, Biological," Research and Development Report No. 82-6-B, March 1982.
- 14. Schmeelk, W., S. Dennison, and P. O'Brien, "1979 Annual Summary Report, Water Quality within the Waterways System of The Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago, Volume 2, Biological," Research and Development Report No. 82-21-B, April 1983.
- 15. Schmeelk, W., S. Dennison, and P. O'Brien, "1980 Annual Summary Report, Water Quality within the Waterways System of The Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago, Volume 2, Biological," Research and Development Report No. 83-14-B, March 1984.
- 16. Schmeelk, W., S. Dennison, and P. O'Brien, "1981 Annual Summary Report, Water Quality within the Waterways System of The Metropolitan Sanitary District of Greater Chicago, Volume 2, Biological," Research and Development Report No. 84-2-B, June 1985.
- 17. Smith, P.W., "Illinois Streams: A Classification Based on Their Fishes and an Analysis of Factors Responsible for Disappearance of Native Species," <u>Biological Notes No. 76</u>, Illinois Natural History Survey, Urbana, Illinois, 1971
- 18. Wells, L. and A.L. McLain, Lake Michigan, Man's Effects on Native Fish Stocks and Other Biota, Great Lakes Fishery Commission, Technical Report No. 20, 1973.

- 19. Smith, S.H., "Species Interactions of the Alewife in the Great Lakes," <u>Transactions of the American Fisheries Society</u>, Vol. 99, pages 754-765, 1970.
- 20. Hess, R., Report of the 1979 Fall Index Fish Population Survey of the Illinois Waters of Lake Michigan, Illinois Department of Conservation, Division of Fisheries, 1980.
- 21. Hess, R., Report of the 1980 Fall Index Fish Population Survey of the Illinois Waters of Lake Michigan, Illinois Department of Conservation, Division of Fish and Wildlife Resources, 1981.
- 22. Hess, R., Report of the 1981 Fall Index Fish Population Survey of the Illinois Waters of Lake Michigan, Illinois Department of Conservation, Division of Fish and Wildlife Resources, 1982.
- 23. Bailey, R.M. and G.R. Smith, "Origin and Geography of Fish Fauna of the Laurentian Great Lakes Basin," <u>Canadian Journal of fisheries and Aquatic Sciences</u>, Vol. 38, pages 1539-1561, 1981.
- 24. Lubinski, K.S., R.E. Sparks and L.A. Jahn, <u>The Development of Toxicity Indices for Assessing the Quality of the Illinois River</u>, Research Report No. 96, Illinois Water Resources Center, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, Illinois, 1974.
- 25. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 14th Ed., American Public Health Association, Inc., New York, New York, 1193 pages, 1975.
- 26. Demmer, B.A. and H. F. Clark, "Detection and Enumeration of Salmonella and Pseudomonas Aeruginosa," <u>Journal of Water</u> <u>Pollution Control Federation</u>, Volume 46, Number 9, pages 2163-2174, 1974.
- 27. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 15th Ed., American Public Health Association, Inc., New York, New York, 1134 pages, 1980.
- 28. Curry, L.L., "Larvae and Pupae of the Species <u>Chironomus</u> (Diptera) in Michigan," <u>Limnology and Oceanography</u>, Vol. 3, pages 77-95, 1958.

- 29. Hiltunen, J.K., and D.J. Klemm, <u>A Guide to the Naididae</u>
  (Annelida:Clitellata:Oligochaeta) of North America, USEPA,
  600/4-80-031, 48 pages, 1980.
- 30. Holsinger, J.R., <u>The Freshwater Amphipod Crustaceans</u> <u>Gammeridae of North America</u>, USEPA, ELD 04/72 89 pages, 1976.
- 31. Jackson, G.A., "Nearctic and Palaearctic <u>Paracladopelina</u>, <u>Harnisch</u>, and <u>Saetheria</u> (Diptera, Chironomidae)," <u>Journal Fisheries Research Board Canada</u>, Vol. 34, pages 1321-1359, 1977.
- 32. Klemm, D.J., <u>Leaches (Annelida: Hirudinae) of North America</u>, USEPA, 600/3-82-025, 177 pages, 1982.
- 33. Mackie, G.L., D.S. White, and T.W. Zdeba, <u>A Guide to the</u> Freshwater Mollusks of the Laurentian Great Lakes with <u>Special Emphasis on the Genus Pisidium</u>, USEPA, 600/30-80-069, 144 pages, 1980.
- 34. Maschwitz, D.E., <u>Revision of the Nearctic Species of the Subgenus Polypedilium (Chironomidae:Diptera)</u>, Ph.D. Thesis, University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minnesota, 325 pages, 1975.
- 35. Pennak, R.W., <u>Freshwater Invertebrates of the United States</u>, Wiley and Sons, New York, 803 pages, 1978.
- 36. Saether, O.A., "Taxonomy and Ecology of Three New Species of <u>Monodiamesa</u> Kieffer with Keys to Nearctic and Palearctic Species of the Genus," <u>Journal Fisheries Research Board Canada</u>, 30, pages 665-679, 1973.
- 37. Saether, O.A. "Nearctic and Palaearctic <u>Heterotrisso-cladius</u>," <u>Bulletin Fisheries Research Board Canada</u>, 193, 67 pages, 1977.
- 38. Saether, O.A., "Taxonomic Studies on Chironomidae: Nanochladius, Pseudochironomus, and the Harnischia Complex," Bulletin Fisheries Research Board Canada, 193, 67 pages, 1975.
- 39. Stimpson, L.S., D.J. Klemm, and J.K. Hiltunen, <u>A Guide to the Freshwater Tubificida (Annelidae: Clitellata: Oligochaeta) of North America</u>, USEPA, 600/3-82-033, 61 pages.

- 40. United States Environmental Protection Agency, <u>Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes</u>, USEPA, 00/4-70-020, 460 pages, 1979.
- 41. Lubinski, K.S. and R.E. Sparks, "Use of Bluegill Toxicity Indexes in Illinois," In: D.R. Branson and K.L. Dickson, Eds., Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment: Fourth Conference, American Society for Testing and Materials, pages 324-337, 1981.
- 42. Palmer, C. Mervin, "The Effect of Pollution of River Algae," <u>Bulletin New York Academy of Sciences</u>, 108:389, 1963.
- 43. Palmer C. Mervin, "A Composite Rating of Algae Tolerating Organic Pollution," <u>Journal Phycology</u>, 5, pages 78-82, 1969.
- 44. Bailey, R.M., J.E. Fitch, E.S. Herald, E.A. Lachner, C.C. Lindsey, C.R. Robins, and W.B. Scott, <u>A List of Common and Scientific Names of Fishes from the United States and Canada</u>, American Fisheries Society, Special Publication No. 6, page 150, 1970.
- 45. Stoermer, E.F. and E. Kopczynska, "Phytoplankton Population in the Extreme Southern End of Lake Michigan, 1962-1963,"

  Proceedings 10th Conference Great Lakes Research,

  International Association of Great Lakes Research, pages 88-106, 1967.
- 46. Schelske, C.L. and E.F. Stoermer, "Phosphorus, Silica, and Eutrophication in Lake Michigan," In: G.E. Likens (ed.) Nutrients and Eutrophication: The Limiting Nutrient Controversy. Special Symposium, Vol. 1, American Society of Limnology and Oceanography, pages 157-171, 1972.
- 47. Ruttner, Franz, <u>Fundamentals of Limnology</u>, 3rd Ed., University of Toronto Press, Toronto, Ontario, 295 pages, 1963.
- 48. Schelske, C.L. and E.F. Stoermer, "Eutrophication, Silicadepletion, and Predicted Changes in Algal Quality in Lake Michigan," <u>Science</u>, 173; pages 423-424, 1971.

- 49. Beeton, A.M., "Indices of Great Lakes Eutrophication,"

  <u>Proceedings 9th Conference Great Lakes Research</u>, Great

  <u>Lakes Research Division</u>, Publication No. 15, University of

  Michigan, pages 108, 1966.
- 50. Mozley, S.C. and L.C. Garcia, "Benthic Macrofauna in the Coastal Zone of Southeastern Lake Michigan," <u>Proceedings</u>
  15th Conference Great Lakes Research, pages 102-116, 1972.
- 51. Ladronka, R.M., Ecology of the Zoobenthos of Southeastern Lake Michigan Near the D.C. Cook Nuclear Power Plant, Part 3: Oligochaeta, Special Report Number 103, Great Lakes Research Division, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 290 pages, 1984.
- 52. Winnell, M.H., Ecology of the Zoobenthos of Southeastern Lake Michigan Near D.C. Cook Nuclear Power Plant, Part 5: Malacostraca (Amphipoda, Mysidacea, Isopoda, and Decapoda), Special Report Number 99, Great Lakes Research Division, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 94 pages, 1984
- 53. Winnell, M.H., Ecology of the Zoobenthos of Southeastern Lake Michigan Near D.C. Cook Nuclear Power Plant, Part 6: Chironimidae (and Other Diptera), Special Report Number 100, Great Lakes Research Division, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 177 pages, 1984.
- 54. Wright, S. and W.M. Tidd, "Summary of Limnological Investigations in Western and Lake Erie in 1929 and 1930,"

  <u>Transactons American Fisheries Society</u>, 63, pages 271-285, 1933.
- 55. Goodnight, C.J. and L.S. Whitley, "Oligochaetes and Indicators of Pollution," <u>Proceedings 15th Annual Industrial Waste Conference</u>, Purdue University, pages 139-142, 1960.
- 56. Goodnight, C.J., "The Use of Aquatic Macroinvertebrates as Indicators of Stream Pollution," <u>Transaction American Microscopic Society</u>, 92, pages 1-13, 1971.
- 57. Howmiller, R.P. and M.A. Scott, "An Environmental Index Based on Relative Abundance of Oligochaete Species,"

  <u>Journal Water Pollution Control Federation</u>, 49, pages 809-815, 1977.

- 58. Mozley, S.C., and R.P. Howmiller, "Zoobenthos of Lake Michigan, Volume 6," In: <u>Environmental Status of the Lake Michigan Region</u>, Argonne National Laboratory, 148 pages, 1977.
- 59. Beck, W.M., <u>Environmental Requirements and Pollution Tolerance of Common Freshwater Chironomidae</u>, USEPA, 600/4-77-024, 261 pages, 1977.
- 60. <u>Guidelines for the Pollutional Classification of Great Lakes Harbor Sediments</u>, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region V, Chicago, Illinois, 6 pages, 1977.
- 61. Wells, L., "Changes in Yellow Perch (<u>Perca flavescens</u>)
  Populations of Lake Michigan, 1954-75," <u>Journal of the Fisheries Research Board of Canada</u>, Vol. 34, No. 10, pages 1821-1829, 1977.
- 62. Karr, J.R., K.D. Fausch, P.L. Angermeier, P.R. Vant, and I.J. Schlosser, "Assessment of Biological Integrity in Running Waters: A Method and its Rationale," Draft Copy for Discussion at a Workshop Held in Leesburg, Virginia, Sponsored by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, May 1985.
- 63. Eddy, S., and J.C. Underhill, <u>Northern Fishes</u>, University of Minnesota Press, Minneapolis, Minnesota, page 414, 1974.
- 64. Smith, P.W., <u>The Fishes of Illinois</u>, University of Illinois Press, Urbana, Illinois, 1979.
- 65. Carlander, K.D., <u>Handbook of Freshwater Fishery Biology</u>, Volume 1, Iowa State University Press, Ames, Iowa, page 752, 1969.
- 66. Coble, D.W., "Fish Populations in Relation to Dissolved Oxygen in the Wisconsin River," <u>Transactions of the American Fisheries Society</u>, Vol. 111, No. 5, pages 612-623, 1982.

# APPENDIX AI

BACTERIAL RESULTS OF LAKE MICHIGAN SHORELINE SAMPLING - 1984

TABLE AI-1

BACTERIAL RESULTS FROM SAMPLES COLLECTED 1,000 YARDS (915 METERS)

OFFSHORE AT LAKE-COOK. COUNTY LINE (STATION 1-A, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	No. of the Control of				A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
Date	TC*	FC	FS	SPC	PA	Salmonella
04-12-84	3	<1	NA**	55	<2	<0.15
06-28-84	3	<1	NA	76	<2	<0.15
08-07-84	<1	<1	NA	77	<1	<0.15
10-17-84	44	11	13	100	<1	<0.15
Geometric Mean	4	1.8	13	75	<1	<0.15

<sup>\*</sup>TC = Total Coliform, FC = Fecal Coliform, FS = Fecal Streptococcus, SPC = Standard Plate Count, PA = Pseudomonas aeruginosa.

<sup>\*\*</sup>NA = No Analysis.

TABLE AI-2

BACTERIAL RESULTS FROM SAMPLES COLLECTED 1,000 YARDS (915 METERS)
OFFSHORE AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-A, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Date	TC*	FC	FS	SPC	PA	Salmonella
04-12-84	<1	<1	NA**	41	<2	<0.15
06-28-84	<1	<1	NA	34	<2	<0.15
08-01-84	<1	20	NA	76	5	<0.15
10-17-84	17	<1	6	100	<1	<0.15
Geometric Mean	2.0	1.2	6	57	2	<0.15

<sup>\*</sup>TC = Total Coliform, FC = Fecal Coliform, FS = Fecal Streptococcus, SPC = Standard Plate Count, PA = Pseudomonas aeruginosa.

<sup>\*\*</sup>NA = No Analysis.

TABLE AI-3

BACTERIAL RESULTS FROM SAMPLES COLLECTED 1,000 YARDS (915 METERS)
OFFSHORE AT MONTROSE HARBOR (STATION 3-A, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Date	TC*	FC	FS	SPC	PA	Salmonella
04-12-84	2	<1	NA**	19	<2	<0.15
06-14-84	3	<1	NA	72	<2	<0.15
08-01-84	<1	<1	NA	720	<1	<0.15
10-17-84	26	5	9	92	<1	<0.15
Geometric Mean	4	1.5	9	98	<1	<0.15

<sup>\*</sup>TC = Total Coliform, FC = Fecal Coliform, FS = Fecal Streptococcus, SPC = Standard Plate Count, PA = Pseudomonas aeruginosa.

<sup>\*\*</sup>NA = No Analysis

TABLE AI-4

BACTERIAL RESULTS FROM SAMPLES COLLECTED 1,000 YARDS (915 METERS)

OFFSHORE AT BREAKWATER GAP FOR CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-A, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Date	TC*	FC	FS	SPC	PA	Salmonella
04-12-84	1	<1	NA**	50	<2	<0.15
06-14-84	3	<1	NA	270	<2	<0.15
08-01-84	90	10	NA	190	2	<0.15
10-17-84	110	12	13	160	<1	<0.15
Geometric Mean	13	3.3	13	142	2	<0.15

<sup>\*</sup>TC = Total Coliform, FC = Fecal Coliform, FS = Fecal Streptococcus, SPC = Standard Plate Count, PA = Pseudomonas aeruginosa.

<sup>\*\*</sup>NA = No Analysis

TABLE AI-5

BACTERIAL RESULTS FROM SAMPLES COLLECTED 1,000 YARDS (915 METERS)
OFFSHORE AT JACKSON PARK HARBOR (STATION 5-A, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Date	TC*	FC	FS	SPC	PA	Salmonella
04-11-84	<1	<1	NA**	30	<2	<0.15
06-14-84	<1	<1	NA	25	<2	<0.15
08-01-84	1	<1	NA	94	<1	<0.15
10-30-84	24	5	30	260	<1	<0.15
Geometric Mean	2	1.5	30	69	<1	<0.15

<sup>\*</sup>TC = Total Coliform, FC = Fecal Coliform, FS = Fecal Streptococcus, SPC = Standard Plate Count, PA = Pseudomonas aeruginosa.

Note: All counts expressed as colony forming units per 100 mL except SPC which is colony forming units per mL.

<sup>\*\*</sup>NA = No Analysis.

TABLE AI-6

BACTERIAL RESULTS FROM SAMPLES COLLECTED 1,000 YARDS (915 METERS)

OFFSHORE AT BREAKWATER GAP FOR CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-A, Figure 1) DURING 1984

Date	TC*	FC	FS	SPC	PA	Salmonella
04-11-84	6	<1	NA**	94	<2	<0.15
06-14-84	1	<1	NA	160	<2	<0.15
08-01-84	<1	<1	NA	260	2	<0.15
10-30-84	280	30	250	230	<1	<0.15
Geometric Mean	6	2.34	250	170	<2	<0.15

<sup>\*</sup>TC = Total Coliform, FC = Fecal Coliform, FS = Fecal Streptococcus, SPC = Standard Plate Count, PA = Pseudomonas aeruginosa.

Note: All counts expressed as colony forming units per 100 mL except SPC which is colony forming units per mL.

<sup>\*\*</sup>NA = No Analysis.

TABLE AI-7

BACTERIAL RESULTS FROM SAMPLES COLLECTED 300 YARDS (275 METERS)OFFSHORE
AT LIGHTHOUSE AT MOUTH OF INDIANA HARBOR (STATION 7-A, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Date	TC*	FC	FS	SPC	PA	Salmonella
04-11-84	770	22	NA**	$2.6 \times 10^4$	12	<0.15
06-14-84	2,000	46	NA	$4.0 \times 10^{4}$	<2	<0.15
08-01-84	5,800	590	NA	$33.0 \times 10^4$	17	<0.15
10-30-84	120	15	7	$5.4 \times 10^{4}$	2	<0.15
Geometric Mean	1,000	55	7	$6.6 \times 10^4$	5	<0.15

<sup>\*</sup>TC = Total Coliform, FC = Fecal Coliform, FS = Fecal Streptococcus, SPC = Standard Plate Count, PA = Pseudomonas aeruginosa.

Note: All counts expressed as colony forming units per 100 mL except SPC which is colony forming units per mL.

<sup>\*\*</sup>NA = No Analysis.

## APPENDIX AII

ALGAE AND CHEMICAL RESULTS FROM SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN DURING 1984

TABLE AII-1

PLANKTON POPULATON ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1)

					Numbe		rganism tes - 1	s/Millil 984	iter				71.00		
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	6/28	7/18	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Amoeba									4	5		3	2		
sp. Amphiprora										<1					
sp. Anabaena												9	7		
sp. Ankistrodesmus			<1					<1	2	<1					
sp. <u>Aphanothece</u> nidulans			2				<1					3			
Asplanchia						<1									
sp. Asterionella formosa			17		1	11		2	12	80	122	30	161	122	
Bosmina					<1	3									
sp. <u>Cerasterias</u> <u>irregulare</u>											1		<1		

#### TABLE AII-1 (Continued)

# PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1)

					Numbe		rganism: tes - 1	s/Millil 984	iter						
Organisms	4/11	A/25	5/23	6/8	6/28	7/18	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Ceratium hirundinella								<1							
Characium					<1	4	<1								
sp. Chlamydomonas					<1					3	<1	5	4	<1	
sp. Chlorella												2			
sp. Chroococcus							3					1			
sp. Cladocera				160						<1					
sp. Closteriopsis					<1										
sp. Copepoda						1	2								
sp. Cosmarium													1		
sp.			.1										•		
Cyclotella sp.			<1												

TABLE AII-1 (Continued)

## PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1)

					Number	of Org Date	anisms s - 198		iter						
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	6/28	7/18	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Cymbella						1				<1					
sp. Diatoma						6	<1								
sp. Diceras													3		
sp.			2.0												
Dinobryon cylindricum			30		2	167	15								
<u>Dinobryon</u> <u>sertularia</u>			6		2	<1	<1		e.						
Epistylus	N (2)									<1					
sp. Euglena												2 <1			
sp. Fragilaria			78		20								29		
sp. Fragilaria					36	205	7								
capucina Fragilaria crotonensis			364		28	454	37	7	5	7 238	56	4 119	56	0 729	e

TABLE AII-1 (Continued)

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1)

			,		Numbe		ganism es - 1	s/Millil 984	iter				. 4		
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	6/28	7/18	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Fragilaria intermedia			9		17	53	12				59	23	39.	45	
Fragilaria pinnata											21	4			
Gomphosphaeria						adó	<1	<1							
<u>lacustris</u> Keratella			9		<1	3		<1				<1			
sp. Keratella cochlearis										<1					
Melosira			11		4					6	8	12	3	11	
sp. Merismopedia										<1					
sp. Mougeotia					1									5	
sp. Navicula						<1				9	2	4		2 2	
sp. Oedogonium sp. 1			17		*	9									

#### TABLE AII-1 (Continued)

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1)

				Numb		organisms tes - 19	/Millilite 84	er .					
Organisms	4/11	4/25 5/23	6/8	6/28	7/18	8/1	8/15 10	/2 10/1	6 10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12 12	/28
Oedogonium		30											
sp. 2													
Occystis					<1				18				
sp.		14		10	3				<1	47	. 19		
Oscillatoria		14	97.K	10	د, ع	- 8			<1	4/	. 19		
sp. Oscillatoria						2							
limnetica							* ×						
Paramecium											<1	5	
sp.													
Pediastrum						W						<1	
boryanum				*			e						
Rhizoclonium	× **										3		
sp.												_	
Rhizosolenia		4		<1	1			9	5			6	
eriensis									.1 .1				
Scenedesmus									<1 <1				
sp. Scenedesmus									<1				
quadricauda													

TABLE AII-1 (Continued)

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1)

v 3					Number	of Orga Dates	nisms - 19		liter						
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	6/28	7/18	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Schizochlamys								<1							
sp.															
Selenastrum					<1	=									
sp.	1 6 6						*	*	TC 10						
Spirulina	* 8 %		. 8	· .								5	<1		
sp.															
Synedra			76		4	4	<1		18	.3	, 1	5	33		
sp.						, 14	1								
Synedra									2	11	3	2	2	4	*
ulna															
Tabellaria			86		25	31	6	- 1	2 17	68	103	3	48	101	
<u>fenestrata</u>															
bellaria					5	8	5			106	28	32	40	56	
flocculosa															
Trachelomonas										<1					
sp.															
Unidentified						24									
flagellates			•												
Unidentified gre	een		3		*										
flagellates			7.40	78	1.60	000	101		10 10	c		201		1150	
Total		4	749		162	992	101		19 12	6 543	918	305	903	1150	

TABLE AII-2

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1)

					Number	of Or Date	ganism s - 19		liter						
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	6/28	7/18	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Amoeba	3	2	<1	1		<1					3	1	<1		
sp. Amphiprora	<1														
sp. Anabaena															<1
sp. Ankistrodesmus										<1					
sp. Aphanothece		3	2			3			*	<1				-	
sp. <u>Aphanothece</u> nidulans							<1	1.8	20 22 340 (1910)						
Asterionella formosa	108	144	14		* *	.7	5	3	10	43	60	116	124	50	58
Bosmina sp.	×				<1		<1	<1							
Calothrix					1	<1									
sp. Ceratium hirundinella								3							

#### TABLE AII-2 (Continued)

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CHICAGO HAROBR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1)

			. ,		Numbe		rganism tes - :		iliter						
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	6/28	7/18	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Characium							2						100		
sp. Chlamydomonas	· .										′ 2	. 7	. 2	<1	3
sp. Cladophora			A		<1										
sp. Cocconeis					3					<1					
sp. Copepoda													<1		
sp. Cosmarium sp.														<1	
Cyclotella sp.	<1			1					<1						
Cymbella sp.				<1											
Diatoma sp.	4														
D. vulgaris															

TABLE AII-2 (Continued)

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1)

1			(2)			Numbe		rganis tes -	ms/Mill: 1984	iliter	4		H:			
	Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	6/28	7/18	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
	Diceras													2		
	sp.															
	Dinobryon						1	ž.								
	bavaricum						82	4								
	D. cvlindricum			11 -			82	. 4								
	D. sertularia				1			4	2							
	Fragilaria			37		10	8		4		4		17			
	sp.	25	8		105	13										
	capucina E. crotonensis	90	104	270	299	31	111	1110	20	28	91	184	882	1140	859	523
	E. inflata		×	1.									55	29		43
	E. intermedia	5	6		62	8						4		59	46	66

#### TABLE AII-2 (Continued)

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTER LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1)

					Numbe	r of O	ganism es - 1		iliter						
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	6/28	7/18	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Gomphosphaeria sp.	<1									. 1	<1		<1		
Gomphosphaeria lacustris	1	<1	<i>A</i>				<1					.1			
Keratella sp.					<1								<1		
Melosira sp.	66	14	10	4					1		. 2	1	3		
Nauplii larvae							,	<1		. *					
Navicula ®	1	Ž	<1		¥ .	<1	<1	<1		<1	<1	<1			
sp. Nitzschia							<1								
sp. Oedogonium		2	<1		2										
sp. Oscillatoria sp.	ř.	2	2	7									3		

#### METROPOL

#### RECLAMATION

#### TABLE AII-2 (Continued)

## PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1)

	161	ě	5 s		Numbe		rganis tes -		iliter		٠				
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	6/28	7/18	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Oscillatoria limnetica							1								
Paramecium sp.	1														
Pediastrum		*				-		<1				<1			
boryanum Rhizoclonium				14					,			, 2			
sp. Rhizosolenia eriensis									3	6	<1				
Scenedesmus sp.	<1		*		,		w.			<1					-
Schizochlamys				6											
sp. <u>Spirogyra</u>		÷					<1								2
sp. Stephanodiscus sp.	1.4		ž									<1			

# AI:1-

#### METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO

#### TABLE AII-2 (Continued)

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1)

					Numbe		rganism tes - 1		iliter						
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	. 6/8	6/28	7/18	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Synedra	. 163	202	35	58	2	3	<1	<1	2.	8	2	- 1	8.	21	33
sp.															
Synedra									2	<1		. <1	4	4	6
ulna															
Tabellaria	12	32	44	80	8	15	2	5	12	28	26	40	91	52	91
fenestrata															
<u>Tebellaria</u>	<1	2	4	5	<1	4			.8	18	. 6	37	53	- 40	43
flocculosa															
Unidentified					42	10			1						
flagellates															
Unidentified green	13		4												
flagellates	407	E 0.0	405	CEL	124	240	1135	42	67	205	202	2264	1500	1074	0.63
Total	487	523	425	651	124	248	1133	42	67	205	292	1164	1522	1074	867

TABLE AII-3

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1)

					Numbe	r of C	rgani tes -		llilit	er	1,00				
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	7/2	7/18	8/1	9/18	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
 Amoeba	<1	<1	2	1	2	7		<1				1			
sp.															
Amphiprora						<1	<1								
sp. Amphiprora															2
ornata															2
Anabaena													10		
sp.															
Ankistrodesmus						*		<1	. 3						
sp.		> 1	. 3	<1											
Aphanothece	3	<1	. 3	<.1		2									
sp. Aphanothece			*				<1								
nidulans							~1								
Asterionella	32	173	37			4	2	7	42	326	1020	137	827	425	505
formosa															
Bosmina						<1	<1								
sp.		4													
Calothrix					1										
sp.											*				

#### THE METROPOLITAN SANITARY DISTRICT TO GREATER CHICAGO

#### TALBE AII-3 (Continued)

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1)

		1 2											1			
			3	*		Numbe	er of O Da	rgani: tes -		llilit	er	* Y		× - 1	16.	1
	Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	7/2	7/18	8/1	9/18	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
	Characium						~	1								
	sp.	V 10 "		6.									10.00			*,
	Chlamydomonas					<1			<1			. 7	16	16	3	
	Sp. Chroococcus					*		2	: N							
	sp.		(5)					2								
	<u>Closteriopsis</u>												2			
	sp.						¥.									9
	Cocconeis									<1						
	sp.															
	Cocconeis								<1					TS.		
	placentula Copepoda		<1	•	. Y **		<1	2	<1							
	sp.	., 3	1				`_	2								
	Cyclops							<1								
	sp.															
	Cyclotella		2					<1		2						
	sp.					2"		-1								
	Cyclotella							<1								
	ocellata															
_																

#### TABLE AII-3 (Continued)

# PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1)

ACTOR AND					Number	r of Or Date	ganis es - 1	lilite	r					
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	7/2	7/18		10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Diatoma				3										
Dictyosphaerium pulchellum								2	2 2					
sp. <u>Dinobryon</u> bavaricum						2			2					
D. cylindricum	,			<1	8	36								
D. sertularia						3.2	<1				2			
Fragilaria sp. F. capucina	7	20		53	6	32			121					

#### TABLE AII-3 (Continued)

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1)

Number of Organisms/Milliliter  Dates - 1984															
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	7/2	7/18	8/1	9/18	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Fragilaria crotonensis	29	165	145	285	29	58	167	22	87	115	1840	5360	3860	5100	2870
F.													222	40	47
<u>inflata</u> F.	8	38		76	15	56						164	222	66	98
<u>intermedia</u> <u>Gomphonema</u>							4	<1				2	3		
sp. <u>Gomphosphaeria</u>										5			13		
sp.							<1		5						
<u>lacustris</u> <u>Heliozoan</u>										5					
sp. <u>Keratella</u>			1	<1		<1	<1				3				
sp. <u>K.</u> cochlearis								<1	3						

#### TABLE AII-3 (Continued)

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1)

					Numb	er of O	rganis tes -		lilite	er					
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	7/2	7/18		9/18	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Lyngbia , sp.							4								
Melosira sp.	33	42		•		•	,	3	٠	32		61			41
Micractinium						<1									
sp. Microspora							<1								
sp. Navicula						2	<1	1	47	-	. 3		3		
sp., Nematoda							<1								
sp. <u>Nitzschia</u>							<1								
sp.											3				2
sigmoidea							43								
Oedogonium sp.							43								

TABLE AII-3 (Contin ed)

## PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1)

#### Number of Organisms/Milliliter Dates - 1984 4/11 4/25 5/23 6/8 7/2 7/18 8/1 9/18 10/2 10/16 10/30 11/13 11/27 12/12 12/28 Organisms Occvstis Oscillatoria 2 sp. 2 limnetica Paramecium 3 SD. Pediastrum <1 sp. Rhizoclonium 62 sp. <1 <1 <1 20 9 13 11 22 70 eriensis Rhoicosphenia <1 1 3 curvata Stephanodiscus <1 2 sp.

#### TABLE AII-3 (Continued)

PLANKTON POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN - 1984. COLUMN PLANKTON TOW, CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1)

· ·					Numbe	r of O: Dat	rganis tes -		lilite	r .					
Organisms	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/8	7/2	7/18	8/1	9/18	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Synedra	44	222	67	23	<1	2	< 1	<1	3	16	20	14	70	137	122
sp.															
Synedra ulna								2	19	9			3	18	13
Tabellaria	2	22	38	25.	7	34	8	8	39	381	362	225	252	543	383
fenestrata															
<u>T</u> .			< 1	5	1	5		8	125	194	69	162	162	250	13
flocculosa															
Trachelomonas												2			
<pre>sp. Unidentified   flagellates</pre>						34									
Unidentified green flagellates	37														
Total	206	688	295	491	71	279	252	63	402	1226	3349	7393	5688	6714	4096

TABLE AII-4

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

	7/18-8/1	8/1-8/15	11/13-11/27
Organisms		-(Number per square centime	eter)
Achnanthes	379	45,571	10
affinis			
Α.	20		
conspicua A.	20		
exiqua	20		
<u>A</u> .	20		
lanceolata			
Amphipleura	80	524	
pellucida			
Amphora	20	• **	
delicatissima		1 040	
<u>A</u> .		1,048	
<u>veneta</u> Asterionella	120	2,095	
formosa	120	2,095	
Caloneis		524.	
ladogensis			
Cocconeis		524	13
pediculus			
Cyclotella	80		
glomerata			

### TABLE AII-4 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	7/18-8/1	8/1-8/15 (Number per square centimet	11/13-11/27
Organisms		(Number per square centimen	261)
Cyclotella	1,678	25,143	5
kuetzingiana			
C	479		
pseudostelligera			
· <u>C</u> .		524	
quadriiuncta			
Cymbella	40	4,714	
prostrata			
Diatoma	120	36,667	
elongatum			
D	1,098		
elongatum			
var. minor			5
<u>D</u> . <u>vulgare</u>			5
<u>Fucocconeis</u>	20		
lapponica	20		
Fragilaria	40	3,143	15
bicapitata	10	3,113	
Fragilaria	439	39,286	30
crotonensis		,	-
and the contract of the contra			

TABLE AII-4 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

_7/18-8/1 (N	8/1-8/15 Number per square cent	<u>11/13-11/27</u> imeter)
2,496	59,714	10
20		
40		
60	2,095	5
	524	
120	3,143	
	524	
120	1.571	
	<b>-, -</b> , -	3
140		J
20	1,571	
	2,496 20 40 60 120 120	

TABLE AII-4 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	<u>7/18-8/1</u> (N	<u>8/1-8/15</u> umber per square centi	<u>11/13-11/27</u> meter)
Navicula	20		
platystoma Nitzschia acicularis	20		
<u>N</u> .	20		
acuta.	20	5,762	
N. dissipata	20	5, 762	
<u>N</u> -	359	6,810	
fonticola			
N. frustulum	60	1,571	
N. gracilis	40	524	
N.	180	524	
<u>palea</u> <u>Pinnularia</u> <u>sublinearis</u>		524	
Rhoicosphenia curvata			3

### TABLE All-4 (Continued)

POPU ON DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

	7/18-8/1	8/1-8/15	11/13-11/27
Organisms		Number per square centing	meter)
Stephanodiscus	20	1,571	
astraea			
<u>S</u> .	40		
hantzschii			
S.	120	1,048	
minutus			
Surirella	40		
angustata			
Synedra	220	524	
acus			
<u>S</u> .		1,571	
<u>ulna</u>			
var. chaseana			
<u>Tropidoneis</u>	20		
lepidoptera			
Tabellaria	1,658	21,476	20
fenestrata			
I.			
flocculosa	60		3
Total Diatoms	10,565	270,810	120
Ankistrodesmus		29	
convolutus			

## TABLE AII-4 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	<u>7/18-8/1</u>	<u>8/1-8/15</u> (Number per square centi	<u>11/13-11/27</u> .meter)
<u>Mougeotia</u>	30	88	
sp.		1.10	
Scenedesmus		118	
<u>bijuga</u> S.	30	353	
<u>quadricauda</u>	20	333	
Total Greens	60	588	
Dinobryon	45	88	
<u>dive<b>rgens</b> Dinobr<b>yon</b></u>	37	295	
<u>sertularia</u>			
Total Chrysophytes	83	383	
Oscillatoria		1,090	
limnetica Q. tenuis		442	
Total Blue-Greens Glenodinium borgei		1,532 59	
Total Dinoflagellates		59	
Total	10,707	273,372	120

TABLE AII-5

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms		4/13-4/26	4/26-5/24	8/1-8/15			9/28-10/16 centimeter)-	11/13-11/27	11/27-12/10	12/10-12/28	
Organisms					(Number	per square	ce.icimeter)			1	
Achnanthes	-			40,964	1,589	658,854	24,927	33	20	48	
affinis											
١.							402		i,		
conspicua											
Δ.				143	. 15	1,910					
exicua											
à.			6,548					9			
grimmei											
A.				573							
hungarica											
à				143							
lanceolata											
var. elliptica			437		15	3,819					
Amphipleura pellucida			. 437		13	3,619					
			873		60		. 402	9		8	
Amphora delicatissima			673		60		. 402	5			
A.		50	437		15			8		8	
		30	437		13			٥			
veneta Asterionella		249	5,238	573	75	3,819			60	9	
formosa		247	3,236	3/3	,,	3,019		٥	60		
Caloneis				143							
				143							
ladogensis											

#### TABLE AII-5 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	4/13-4/26	4/26-5/24				9/28-10/16 centimeter)		11/27-12/10	12/10-12/28
Cocconeis pediculus			143		2			20	
Q. placentula			143	870					
Cyclotella comensis	50				8				
C. clomerata	50	873							48
2. <u>iris</u>	E				A 96				8
C. keutzingiana	*		3,294	615	22,917	74,781	160	161	105
C. menechiniana		437	O ser o						
C. ccellata	_ a	437	· (P			402	8.		8
Ω.			15						
pseudostelligera C: guadriiurra		437				5 N			

TABLE AII-5 (Continued)

# POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms		4/13-4/26	4/26-5/24				9/28-10/16 centimeter)-			11/27-12/10	12/10-12/28
lymbella										20	
affinia		9 50									
							402				
lanceclata			(*)								
2		299	7,421	716	45	11,458			4.6		
prostrata								* :			
											24
turgida							F				
iatoma		299	6,111		240	93,576			(4)	7,478	1,906
elongatum											
2.				6,159			71,162		2,399		
elongatum			9								
var. minor		3									
2.			123,532								
tenue											
var. elongatum					16						
2.		747	437		402	160	462		249	•	
vulgare											
2.	, y	11,658									
vulgare							6				
var. producta				4.	ia i						
•						4 4					

TABLE AII-5 (Continued)

## POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

	4/13-4/26	4/26-5/24	8/1-8/15				9/28-10/16		1/27	11/27-12/10	12/10-12/28
Organisms				(Numb	er pe	r square c	entimeter)				
Dunótia Dectinalis					(i)		402				
var. minor											
Pragilaria Dicapitata			286	. :	05	5,729	•	8	53	121	121
Σ		- T	573		25		4,825		:		
construens E.								,			. 40
construens			.7								
var. subsalina											
Crotonensis	ers e	2,193	3,294	,		17,188	1,608	*	153	523	281
intermedia	5,679	16,587	5,586		720	22,917	8,041		199	342	346
Ε	50	437		,	75	1,910	402				16
pinnata Gomphonema	6,078	* *	1,146		210						
<u>abbreviatum</u> G.		* u								20	
accuminatum										7	
var. coronata											
G.									15		
constrictum										*	

#### TABLE AII-5 (Continued)

## POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	4/13-4/26 4/26-5/24	9/1-9/15			9/28-10/16 centimeter)	11/13-11/27	11/27-12/10	12/10-12/28
Gomphonema	23,571	1,146	15	11,458	1,608	313	382	137
olivaceum								
G.				11,458				
parvulum				5 .	22			
Gyrosigma						9	*	
attenuatum Hantzschia	437	143						
elongata	701	1.0						
Melosira	1,310	430	30.				40	
granulata								
Ľ.						53		40
islandica								
Navicula		1,003	300	7,639	2,010	9		24
cryptocephala								
N.		716		1,910				
cryptocephala	*							
var. veneta	*							
N.		143			(4)			
exigua	*		45					
N. platvstoma	, 185 (gr. 1		. 43		4			
DIALYBLUMA.								

# TABLE AII-5 (Continued)

# POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms		4/13-4/26	4/26-5/24			8/27-9/28 er square	9/28-10/16 centimeter)	11/13-11/27	11/27-12/10	12/10-12/28
Navicula protracta	••••				120			15		
schonfeldii					120		402			
viridula Nitzschia acicularis		100	873							
N. angustata					15	1,910				
N. angustata							402			
var. acuta N. dissipata		149	437	430	150					
N. fonticola				1,862	765	24,826	16,082	84	121	40
N. frustulum			873	N.	105	3,819			•	24
N. gracilis		50	437	286		15,278	3,216	15		56

TABLE AII-5 (Continued)

## POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	4/13-4/26	4/26-5/24			11/13-11/27		12/10-12/28
itzschia			15		 		
ignorata ,							
			45			20	32
linearis	50		165				
palea	30		103				
			15				
recta							
•						20	
tryblionella							
var. levidensis							
innularia			15				
viridis	28						×
hizosolenia longiseta	25						
tauroneis							
smithii							
tephanodiscus		437	15	1,910			
astraea							
i.	448	6,984					
astraea		¥					
var. intermedia							

#### TABLE AII-5 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

	4/13-4/26 4	/26-5/24 8					6 11/13-11/2	7 11/27	-12/10 12/10-12/	/28
Organisms			*(	Number p	er square o	entimeter	)			
Stephanodiscus			3 4:	30	5,729					
binderanus	199			135						
hantsschii .	,									
i. minutus			430		1,910			•	20	48
Surirella	50									
Cyata S. Ovalis		437.		15			<u>a.</u>			
Synedra acus	50	24,008	430	120	11,458					
S. affinis	50	873								
var. fasciculata	100	437		*						
gaillonii S.	349						8			56
nana S. pulchella	100	· · · · · · ·		30	t				the right of	

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	4/13-4/26	4/26-5/24				9/28-10/16 centimeter)-		11/27-12/10	12/10-12/28
Synedra	 					6,031			
tenura						******			
S.	149						53	161	24
ulna S.				•	13 368		31	20	32
. ulna									
var. chaseana Tabellaria		4,365	2,005	480	9,549	804	23	221	281
fenestrata  1. flocculosa		873							16
Total Dia oms	27,080	238,777	72,903	7,514	966,319	218,713	3,866	10,232	4.042
Ankistrodesmus	28	56							
braunii A.		196	32	•	1,617				
convolutus A.		140				*			
falcatus									
Cladophora sp.					17,790			*	

#### TABLE AII-5 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

	4/13-4/26	4/26-5/24					11/13-11/27		12/10-12/28
Organisms				(Number	per square	centimeter) -			
Coelastrum		28						7	
microporum									
Mougeotia		2,181	2,520	43	145,557	7,723	•		
sp.									
<u>Planktonema</u>		. 951							
lauterbornii									
Scenedesmus					3,235	368	•		
acutiformis									
S	55				1,617	184			
hiiuga									
s.	- 12 m				3,235.				
dimorphus	*								
S.			tt +		3,235				
guadricauda	•								
	140								
Ulothrix	140	168							
<u>unk. 1</u>									
Total Greens	224	3,720	2,552	43	176,286	8,275			
Dinobryon		112							
bavaricum									
D.		224							
cylindricum									
3 January State									

#### TABLE AII-5 (Continued)

## POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	4/13-4/26	4/26-5/24		8/15-8/24 8/27-9/28 (Number per square			
Dinobryon				809	92	 	
divergens							
2.		811	128				
sertularia							
otal Chrysophytes		1,147	128	809	92		
nabaena				124,532	368		
wisconsinense							
hreoceccus				7,278			
dispersus					101125.000		
omphosphaeria					184		
lacustris							
yngbia				26,685			
limnetica							
erismopedia ·				1,617			
elegans							
Scillatoria		336					
agardhii							
2.		280	1,116	84,908			
limnetica							
Spirulina				809			
laxa							

#### TABLE AII-5 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms 4/	13-4/26	4/26-5/24	8/1-8/15	8/15-8/24 (Number		9/28-10/16 centimeter)-	11/13-11/27	11/27-12/10	12/10-12/28
Spirulina		28				,			
laxissima									
S. major					809		. 4		
Total Blue-Greens		644	1,116		246,638	552			
Glenodinium Porgei			32						
Total Pyrrhophyta			32						
Trachelomonas volvocina		28							
Total Euglenophytes		28							
Total	27,305	244,316	76,731	7,557	1,390,052	227,632	3,866	10,232	4,042

Note: Nondiatom periphyton samples for November 13 through 27, November 27 through December 10, and December 10 through 29, 1984 were destroyed during laboratory painting.

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

0rganisms 4/11-4/	25 5/23-6/6 6/6-7/	/2 7/2-7/28 (Num	7/18-9/2 ber per so	8/2-8/21 quare centime	8/21-9/5 9/5 ter)	5-9/18	10/3-10/17	11/14-11/29	12/12-12/28
chnanthes affinis		15,889		194,048	155,049	193	759	22	126
conspicua			1,637						
griffei	7			1.1		٠.			, , , ,
haukiana		. 5		2,381		53	10	*	
hungarica					. 18				
lanceolata var. elliptica mphipleura	7	i .							
alata	3,0	56	327				×	- 1	
pellucida mphora delicatissima	4			1,190	1,048	0 (N)	30	15	3:
holsatica				1,190		. ,			

#### TABLE AII-6 (Continued)

## POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	4/11-	4/25	5/23-6/6	6/6-7/2			8/2-8/21 puare centime		9/5-9/18	10/3-10/17	11/14-11/28	12/12-12/28
Amphora veneta						327						
Asterionella formosa		36	<36		1,222			3,143			. 15	. 15
Cocconeis pediculus		2			<1,310				496	90		
C. placentula									617	45		341
Cyclotella comensis		11										
l. glomerata		13	<7									
iris			*				* *		18		22	
C. keutzingiana					611	<42,887	<32,143	16,762	5,374	698	202	2
C. ocellata					611							
C. pseudostelli	gera								70			

TABLE AII-6 (Continued)

## POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	4/11-4/25	5/23-6/6			7/18-8/2 umber per so				10/3-10/17	11/14-11/28	12/12-12/28
Cyclotella					327	2,391				×	
guadriiundia Cymbella laterostrata											22
C. microcephala		7	€79	4,889	5,893						
chiusiuscula		7									
C. prostrata		22		1,833	10,804	5,952	3,143	18	20		
C. <u>rurgida</u>											15
Diatoma elongatum	. 112	>	340		F	20,238	57,619	£ 9			66
D. elongatum				443,056	55,327					831	
var. minor D. vulgare			340				1,048	35		. 711	10

#### TABLE AII-6 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	4/11-4/25	5/23-6/6		7/2-7/28 (Nu					10/3-10/17	11/14-11/28	12/12-12/28
Diatoma vulçare var. producta	75	2,343	288,590							, 2	
D. vulgare		22									
var. ovalis Fragilaria bicapitata			340			3,571	1,048	70		37	10
E.					655		1,048				
E. construens	11										
var. subsali:											
E.  construens  var. venter	43	3									
E. crotonensis		2 15	4,753	22,611	27,172		2,095	105		112	222
F. harrissonii								18			

TABLE AII-6 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	4/11-4/25	5/23-6/6	6/6-7/2	7/2-7/28 (N	7/18-8/2 umber per s		8/21-9/5 meter)		10/3-10/17	11/14-11/28	12/12-12/28
Fragilaria intermedia	316	378	9,846	27,500	13,750	9,524	94,286	1,668	172	1,086	96
E. pinnata					982		3,143	35	789	179	45
E. pinnata						1,190					
var. lanzettul Gomphonema abbreviatum	.a						1,048				
G. olivaceum	224	80	679	1,222				35	789	179	45
G. olivaceum										152	
var. calcerea G.				611							
parvulum Gyrosigma keutzingii											10
Hantzschia elongata	2									7	

TABLE AII-6 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN
AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	4/11-4/25	5/23-6/6	6/6-7/2	7/2-7/28		8/2-8/21 quare centis			10/3-10/17	11/14-11/28	12/12-12/28
				(	moer per s						
elosira	6		340	611	2,292	1,190	1,048	158		15	
granulata											
(.											101
islandica											
Narians						1,190		3.5			
Meridion								18			
girgulare								13			
avicula					327					7	
capitata											
۷.			340		1,637	3,571	2,095	35	10	22	5
cryptocephala											
٤.							5,238		10	7	20
cryptocephala											
var. veneta											
۷.										7	
lanceolata											10
N. longirostris											10
N.		36								15	1
tripunctata		36								13	1

TABLE AII-6(Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

	4/11-4/25	5/23-6/6	6/6-7/2		7/18-8/2		8/21-9/5		10/3-10/17	11/14-11/28	12/12-12/28
Organisms				(\)	umber per so	quare centi	meter)				
Nitzschia acicularis	9	51	679								
M.						2,391					
N. dissipata	4	7		1,833	633	3,571	6,286		2 ô		
N. fonticala	6	. 51	3,056		1,310	8,333	23,049	474	152	90	4
Σ.	- 1				1,310	5,952	8,381	âĉ	2.0		
frustulum N.	6		340					70	51	37	6
gracilis N.			1,019			2,381	1,048				
linearis N.				1,222							
palea N.						2,381	1,048		10		
recta N.		7			327						
stagnorum											

TABLE AII-6 (Continued)

## POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms			6/6-7/2							11/14-11/28	12/12-12/28
	2										
microstauren	2						,				
var. diminuta											
						2,381					
<u>viridis</u> Doigoschenia		7							<b>£</b> 1	7	21
curvata		- F							٠.	,	4
techanodisque					327	2.381	2,095	2	8. 10		
ASTYAGA											
	122	44	679								
astraea var. intermedi											
	43	7									
hantzschii											
ā.				2,444				7	0	37	1
minutus Surirella		7									
ovalis		,									
Synedra	47	269	4,074	1,222			8,381				
acus											

TABLE AII-6 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

	4/11-4/25	5/23-6/6	6/6-7/2		7/18-8/2				10/3-10/17	11/14-11/23	12/12-12/2
Organisms				(N	umber per s	quare centi:	meter)				
ynedra			679				34				
affinis											
var. fascicula			manustrum.								
gaillenii	4		67.9				2,095				
 nana	7.2	247	679								
l. pulchella	€									. 22	35
ulna	9									30	
ulna		7									
var. chaseana											
abellaria fenestrata	4	36	5,432	2,444	9,167	33,333	10,476	53	2	82	131
flocculosa	4	7	1,698		1,310						
Total Diatoms	1,094>	3,714	328,307	529,831	180,060	342,826	411,718	8,817	4,726	4,081	1,563

#### TABLE AII-6 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	4/11-4/25		7/2-7/28						11/14-11/28	12/12-12/2
Ankistrodesmus		 	63							
hraunii			03							
a. convalutus		54								
Bulbooksete								1,252		
sp. Chlamydomonas						58				
sphagnicela Cladephora								4,327		
sp.				***				4,527		
Cosmarium lomnicense					160					
C. pachydermum				205						
var. pusillum C. undulatum			31							
Mougeotia		1,191	4,469	34,816	75,591	4,503	64			
sp. I M.				4,506						
sp. II										

#### TABLE AII-6 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	4/11-4/25	5/23-6/6	6/6-7/2				8/21-9/5 meter)			11/14-11/28	12/12-12/28
Cedogonium			325							·	
sp.	•							9			
parva Q.						639					
<u>pusilla</u> Total Greens			1,570	4,563	39,527	76,390	4,561	72	5,579		
Dinchryen Sylindricum			487	."							
D. divergens				126	205						
D. sertularia				. 31							
Total Chrysophytes			487	157	205						
Anabaena			340		1,024						
circulis A. flos-aguae							346		171		

TABLE AII-6 (Continued)

## POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

		5/23-6/6	6/6-7/2	7/2-7/28	7/18-9/2	8/2-8/21	8/21-9/5	9/5-9/18	10/3-10/17	11/14-11/28	12/12-12/2
	* , ==		1			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					CANCELL IN SOCIETY
Anabaena			217								
inequalis											
å.					2,867						
wisconsinense			8 8								
Appanocapsa						320					
rive aris											
Chrococoous					4,710						
Cispersus											
c.					7,168						
limmeticus											
Dactylococcopsis	<u>.</u>				205						
raphidicides											
Comphosphaeria				31							
lacustris											
G.					205						
lacustris											
var. compacta											
Merismopedia					614						
glauca											
M.						160					
tenuissima											

TABLE AII-6 (Continued)

POPULATION DENSITY OF PERIPHYTIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms -	/11-4/25	5/23-6/6	6/6-7/2	7/2-7/28 (N	7/18-8/2 umber per se	8/2-8/21 quare centi			10/3-10/17	11/14-11/28	12/12-12/28
Oscillatoria			4,873	5,602	38,297	6,392	6,870		1,252		
limmetica Q. Tennis			541				346		*		
Phospidies pinnesciense					1,434						
Spirulina laviseima					205						
Total Blue-Greens			5,631	5,633	56,729	6,872	7,562		1,423		
Peridinium inconspicuum					205						
Total Pyrrhophyta	i				205						
Trachelomonas volvocina	12										
Total Euglenophyta	12										
Total	1,106	3,714	335,995	540,184	276,726	426,088	423,841	8,989	11,728	4,081	1,563

Note: Nondiatom periphyton samples for November 14 through 28, and December 12 through 28, 1984 were destroyed during laboratory painting.

# METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO TABLE AII-7 AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
acillariophyceae													
Achnanthes .				79	39	16	4	44	53	6	10		<1
affinis													
Δ.									26		<1		
clevii													
Δ.											3		
clevii													
var. rostrata													
Δ.			<1		4	2		18		7	4	5	
conspicua													
A.						<1							
conspicua													
var. brevistriata										18			
Δ.					3								<1
delicatula													
Δ.					3			9			7		
exigua													
Δ.					1					17	9	8	2
haukiana													
Δ.	4			34	3	2			8		4		
hungarica													
Δ.					4	<1					<1		
lanceolata													

LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
chnanthes				9									
lanceolata													
var. rostrata													
Δ.					3								
minutissima													
Amphipleura		15	<1	3	1		7						
pellucida													
Amphora	2		<1	17	2	3		18		29	20	12	5
delicatessima													
Δ.				5					8	9	1		
ovalis													
Δ.					1								2
ovalis													
var. pediculus			*										
Δ.			<1	3		1		9		19	5	10	8
<u>veneta</u>													
Asterionella	247	474	26	89	104	27	61	441	518				
formosa													
Caloneis				7		<1				4	1		
ladogensis													
Cocconeis		4						2.3			4		2
diminuta													

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5	/24	6/8	6/28	7/	19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Cocconeis							1		,		5	46	8		3
pediculus															
۵.								<1			5	3			2
placentula															
Cyclotella		16	20												
comensis															
۵.	8									9	26		<1	16	
iris															
۵.		3		2		258	1,258	931	2,812	5,006	759	20	68	43	<:
kuetzingiana															
۵.		2													
meneghiniana															
Ω.		3	13	2		44	10	9	4		12	4	<1	3	<
ocellata															
2.				<1		32	110	15	3						
pseudostelligera															
۵.						5	51	4							
quadriiuncta															
2.		5													
stelligera												100			
Cymatopleura												2			
elliptica						_									
₾.		1.5				3					*		<1		
solea															

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Cymbella										4	1		ř.
gracilis	NO. 11												
2.			<1										
microcephala				*									
.2												5	
perpusilla													
<b>Q.</b>										6	2		<1
prostrata													
.2												3	
sinuata													
ς.													<1
turgida										_			
C.										5	6		6
ventricosa													
Diatoma	42	132	13	19	1	<1	25	18	49				
elongatum													
D.				68	5								
elongatum													
var. minor D.									5				
yulgare									3				
D.		4	2										
yulgare		-	2										
var. producta													
var. producta													

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Diploneis										2			
elliptica													
D.					1						1		<1
ovalis													
D.							3						
ovalis													
var. oblongella										•			
Epithemia										2			
zebra Fragilaria	8	52	3	57	19	10	3		58	62	43	127	28
bicapitata	•	32	3	3,		10	3		30	02	43	127	20
E.			33	188	25	9	11		32				
construens			-			•	,						
Fragilaria.										6	5	15	
construens													
var. subsalina													
E.	1,211	1,417	189	1,612	268	53	179	476	1,289	312	136	1,215	<1
crotonensis													
£.										6	3	3	
harrissonii						27							
E.	30	112	38	45	12	3	45	62	87	22	13	5	<1
intermedia													

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
nagilaria		4		6	5	3			34	40	93	46	44
pinnata													
•								9			<1	7	
pinnata													
var. Tanzettula													
отролета					1	<1							
abbreviatum													
1.													<:
gracile					_			-		-	-		
<b>1</b> .					1		19	8		6	<1		<:
olivaceum										*			
ā.											<1		
olivaceum													
var. calcarea				4									
3.				4									
<u>parvulum</u> Gyrosioma										2			
kützino <u>ii</u>										2			<
Hantzchia	18	24	<1	4	1				20				
	10	24	1	7	. *				20				
<u>elongatum</u>	43	38	2	18	2	5	14	9	43	27		20	6
Melosira granulata	43	38	2	7.8	2	5	14	9	43	21	5	39	

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Melosira islandica		19			2		14		14	30	22	69	40
M. varians			<1								1		
Navicula anglica	3			6		<1			8	10	1		<1
N. bacillaris				6									
N. binodis			<1										
N. capitata		4		3							<1		
N. cryptocephala		6		18	23	4			32	2	8		
N. cryptocephala var. veneta			<1	62	17	8	4		5	15	12		<1
N. cuspidata				3									
N.			3	51	2	3				20	6		
N.				31									

#### TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27		
Navioula									10/30	11/13	11/2/	12/12	12/28
grimmei						<1							
N													
laterostrata									8				
N -			<1		3								
muralis					3			9					
N.										~			
placentula										2			
var. rostrata													
N.													
platystoma											1		
N.			<1	26	5	4		9					
pupula								,					
N. reinhardtii													
N.													<
secura	2												
N.													
subhamulata				1									
N.													
tripunctata				3									

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Navicula.			<1										
verecunda													
Nedium				1									
dubium													
fo. constricta													
Vitzschia	40	322	2	13	2	1		9					
acicularis													
<b>N</b> .										2	7		
angustata													
и.			<1	38	12	7		9	23				
dissipata													
N.	3	93	7	148	29	8	60	212	217	6	15	13	
fonticola													
N.				10	5	3	4		38	9	17	13	<
frustulum													
N.	5	61	12	23	3			167	162		4		
gracilis													
N.								9	12				
hungarica													
N.	3	33	2	5		<1				2	<1		
linearis													
N.		. 33		8	1								
palea													
N.			<1										
paleacea													

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Vitzschia					1	<1	3	9					
recta													
4.				6									
stagnorum													
¥.				6									
thermalis													
<b>1</b> -													- 2
tryblionella var. levidensis													
Pinnularia						<1							
leptosoma													
2. ,													<
rupestris													
Rhizosolenia	11	3	3	1	6		4						
eriensis													
8.	21	9	1										
longiseta													
Rhoicosphenia											<1		
curvata													
Scoliopleura													
peisons													

# TABLE AII-7 (Continued) AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

METROPLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Stephanodiscus	. 5	11	5	3	1	<1	3		23	17	25	35	43
astraea													
<u>s</u> .	155	297	5										
<u>astraea</u> var. intermedia													
S	14	9	1	3	1								
hantzschii													
<u>s</u> .			5	88	17	4	4		8	9	5	5	
minutus			•			-				-		_	
Surirella				11					8				
angustata									ŭ				
S.						<1							
ovalis													
Synedra	2,587	3,620	140	63	39	4	51	9	35		<1		
	2,50,	3,020	140	03	3,9	-	31	,	33		~1		
<u>acus</u>	18	57	12										
S. affinis	18	31	12										
var. fasciculata		0.48											
<u>s</u> .	80	247	2										
gaillonii													
≥.	24	64						97			2		
nana													

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

-AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Synedra parasitica											<1		
<u>s</u> .	-		31	31	1		61	53	28	11	2	30	
ulna var. chaseana													
s.													<1
ulna													
var. impressa Tabellaria	825	2,018	524	1,739	543	106	317	2,397	2,503	1,066	324	2,136	18
fenestrata													
flocculosa	18	132	31		45	<1	6	123	182			296	1:
Tropidoneis										2			
lepidoptera													
lorophyceae													
Ankistrodesmus braunii				2			1	1					
A. convolutus	7	20	4	2		<1	11	10	12	4	<1	15	1
A.		3				<1			5		<1		
falcatus													
A. falcatus		<1											
var. acicularis													

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
nkistrodesmus					<1								
fractus													
braunii									2				
					<1								
protuberans var. minor													
Chlamydomonas globosa	4					2							19
sphagnicola							10	s.					
Cladophora sp. 1	25		9										
Closteriopsis Longissima		1	<1					1					
longissima			<1		<1								
var. tropica Cosmarium ocellatum	<1												
var. incrassatum C. pachydermum var. pussillum			<1	1	4			3	2				

## METROPLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Crucigenia						<1		6	2				
cuadrata													
Dictyosphaerium			<1					4			2		
pulchellum									_				
Franceia									2				
ovalis													
Gleocystis					4								
vesiculosa													
Kirchneriella						<1							13
subsolitaria													
Lagerheimia					<1	<1							
longiseta													
Micractinium			2										
pusillum													
Mougeotia								2				17	14
sp.													
Occystis				<1									
elliptica						2	2.0		•		•		
<u>o</u> .			<1	2	. 14	3	10	15	3		8	10	39
parva				<1		5							
Q.				<1		5		6					
pusilla													

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Oocyatia						<1		1	2			2	
solitaria													
Ouadrigula		3		1	3								
lacustris													
Scenedesmus								14	6				
acutiformis													
s.		6		2	2	<1	10	3	3		6	16	3
bijuga													
s.									6				
dimorphus													
<u>s</u> .					5								
opoliensis													
<u>s</u> .		2			<1	4	3	14	15	5	6	13	
quadricauda													
Schizochlamys compacta		1											
Selenastrum minutus			<1		<1	<1	4			<1	3	2	3
Stichococcus bacillaris	84	129					61	30					86
Tetraedron minimum					<1								

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Chrysophyceae													
Diceras					3	2	1						
sp. Dinobryon	35	19	3			•	76	50		8		5	
bavaricum D. cylindricum	57	73	90										
D. divergens			,	174	128	. 13	<1	10	113	46	26	89	125
D.	1,017	806	87	161	118	136	41	29	62	10		13	19
sertularia Heterokontae biflagellate						2							
Myxophyceae Anabaena circinalis A.		41		, 117	120	, 8				9			
flos-aquae A. scheremetievi											4	5	
A. wisconsinense				3		<1			10	5	6		

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
phanocapsa	1			***************************************				4	8				2
delicatissima													
<b>1.</b> .								1					
elachista													
4.	<1												
elachista													
var. conferta													
Aphanothece	<1			<1	2	3	9	9	2				
nidulans													
Chroococcus					2	2	3	1	2			2	
dispersus													
<u></u>		1	<1			<1	<1						
dispersus													
var. minor													
G.				7	10	12	18	12					1
limmeticus													
<u>c</u> .			<1										
minutus													
<u>c</u> .				3									
<u>varius</u>													
Coelosphaerium		<1											
pallidum													

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Gleothece							2						
rupestris							<1	4	5		4	8	2
Gomphosphaeria lacustris							~1	4	5		4	0	2
G.				<1	<1	<1		7	3		5	3	
lacustris													
var. compacta Merismopedia					<1				2		10		
glauca					~1				-		10		
M.				2									
tenuissima													
Oscillatoria	17		27										404
agardhii	201			•			21			_			
Q. limnetica	291	448	80	21	14		31		164	7	12	37	96
Q.													44
lutea													
Ω.								12	19				
subbrevis		197						92		10		1.50	
Q. tenuis		191						92		19		152	
Spirulina	<1		~1										
laxissima													

TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Dinophyceae				_								***************************************	
Glenodinium borgei	2	3	<1	5	5	5	8		2				
.2							1						
<u>pulvisculus</u> Peridinium				4	<1	<1		3					
inconspicuum													
P. willei									2		<1		
Euglenophyceae													
Euglena	<1												
acus E.				1					2				
proxima	,	•											
Lepocinclis sphagnophila	6	2											
Trachelomonas volvocina					<1								
Cryptophyceae													
Cryptomonas erosa	1	2	<1		8			9	26		<1	2	2
Chroomonas									3				
nordstedtii													

#### TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
Total Diatoms	5,444	9,347	1,111	4,996	2,697	1,261	3,734	9,248	6,323	1,871	1,018	4,159	310
Total Nondiatoms	1,529	1,759	313	512	453	209	303	350	485	115	102	391	823
Total Algae	6,973	11,106	1,424	5,508	3,150	1,470	4,037	9,598	6,808	1,986	1,120	4,550	1,133

Note: Density units = organisms per mL.

TABLE AII-8

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

Organisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
acillariophyceae									
Achnanthes affinis							23	27	14
A. biasolettiana								2	<1
A. clevei					21				
A. clevei							2		
var. rostrata									
A. coarctata									
var. elliptica									
A. conspicua				8	9	<1	3		1
A. delicatula									<1
A. exigua					3			8	<1
A. exigua								3	
var. heterovalvata									
A. grimmei					16				
A. haukiana									
A. hungarica					4	<1		6	2
A. kolbei									
A. lanceolata	2	4					<1	2	<1
A. lanceolata	7				3				<1
var. elliptica									
A. lanceolata	2								
var. rostrata									

TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

Organisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
chnanthes marginulata		6		3		<1			
A. minutissima								11	
A. montana						<1			
Amphipleura pellucida					4	<1	1		
Amphiprora ornata						2			
Amphora delicatessima	13		9	7	10	2	3	66	2
A- normanii						<1			_
A. ovalis	2			-			•		<1
A. veneta	3	11	11	7	266	2	2	2	2
Asterionella formosa Caloneis bacillum	192	2,196	1,845	693	366	14	68	51	20
C. zachariasi									
Cocconeis diminuta	2 .					<1 <1			
C. pediculus						<1	2	2	<1
C. placentula	3	6					4	4	<1 2
Coscinodiscus lacustris		•			4	6		**	4
Cvclotella glomerata	127	51	16	36	64	12	.1	49	<1
C. iris		-					**	4,5	~1
C. kuetzingiana	39	57	14	22	12	12	293	1,364	543
C. meneghiniana							_,_	-,	010

# TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

nisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
el ocellata	79	42	17	3	3		29	1	<1
. pseudostelligera							15	48	9
. quadriiuncta	6	6		7	3		28	27	4
. stelligera	19	20	4		7	1	2	-	
ymatopleura elliptica									
. solea									
ymbella amphicephala									
. microcephala	5	16			7	4	7	9	
. prostrata	*					<1	<1	•	<1
. pusilla						_			~*
. sinuata								2	
. turgida	3							-	
. ventricosa			4						
iatoma elongatum		558	1,145	123	152	8	4	3	-1
. n. atum						·	13	17	<1 3
1 inor							13	, 17	3
t- <u>p-</u>	18								
e g ce									
. gre				14	12	4			
roducta				• •		•			
e s ovalis	5		4		3				
2. <u>1 s</u>					•				<1
v: pusilla									<1

TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

Organisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
Diploneis puella									
Epithemia sorex									
var. gracilis									
ragilaria bicapitata			39			3	5	6	9
E. capucina	116	4							
E. construens							72	22	2
E. construens									
var. subsalina									-
E. crotonensis	21	362	499	1,576	1,090	233	863	130	31
E. harrissonii	2	4							
E. harrissonii	16								
var. dubia									
F. harrissonii									
var. rhomboides	4.5		26	32	64	* *	70		• • •
E. intermedia	41	131	36	32	64	44	70	55	13
E. lapponica		23	12	7	23	2	10	21	-
E. pinnata		23	13	1	23	3	18		5
E. <u>pinnata</u> var. lanzettula								1	
omphonema abbreviatum						<1			
G. bohemicum						~1		2	
G. Dougsing i								2	

TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEY RER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

Organisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
Gomphonema gracile									
G. olivaceum						<1		6	<1
G. olivaceum								2	<1
var. minutissima									
G. parvulum	2	4					2		
Hantzschia amphioxys									
H. elongatum	4	48	37	11	15		2		<1
Melosira granulata	224	294	126	4	33	4	6	16	6
M. islanidca	100	190	79	15	27			5	2
M. <u>varians</u>	6	16							
Navicula anglica	3	11	4					5	1
N. bacillaria									<1
N. capitata	3					<1		3	<1
N. cryptocephala	6		4		11	1	12	30	6
N. cryptocephala	19					<1			
var. intermedia									
N. cryptocephala	5		14				9	20	10
var. veneta									
N. exigua	5					<1			3
N. hungarica									
N. hungarica						<1			
var. lunebergensis									

TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

Organisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
Navicula kotschyi	3								
. <u>laterostrata</u>								1	
. longirostris						<1			
I. minima									
I. muralis								4	
. mutica						<1			
I. mutica			4						
var. tropica							,		
. platystoma		6	4				7	,	<1
l. pupula	5	О	4				3	1	
Var. rectangularis	5								
N. secura		11			4				
N. tripunctata		**							
N. unknown							1		
Nitzschia acicularis				108	97	2	ī		
N. angustata		5							<1
N. dissipata	- 3		4	18	7	1	4	8	<1
N. fonticola	28	9	11	7	39	8	94	67	6
N. frustulum	3			4	11	<1	3	15	2
N. gracilis		79	27	22	80	4	<1	1	
N. hungarica									

TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

Organisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
Nitzschia linearis					11	<1		1	
N. palea		6			3	<1	<1		<1
N. punctata								2	
N. recta	5						1	3	<1
N. thermalis							<1		
N. thermalis									
var. minor									
N. tryblionella									
var. levidensis									
Pinnularia fasciata									
P. microstauron									
fo. diminuta							_		
Rhizosolenia eriensis		4	_	4	4	2	1	<1	
R. longiseta	3	13	7	9	18				<1
Rhoicosphenia curvata	2 2		5				1		
Stauroneis parvula									
Stephanodiscus astraea	349	63	5.4	8	11	6	8	11	1
S. astraea	1,353	3,712	1,929	310	376	50			
var. intermedia				_					
S. binderana				7					
S. hantzschii	175	847	259	70	43	10		31	<1

#### TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION

DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

Organisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
Stephanodiscus minutus							68	126	13
Surirella angustata	2			4				1	<1
S. ovata	2	10							
Synedra acus	41	1,266	1,853	2,595	2,621	24	20	21	<1
S. affinis						3			
S. affinis	8	6	16	28	43	13			
var. fasciculata	,								
S. gaillonii		5	56	94	297	60			
S. nana	16				6	<1			
S. ulna		4							
S. ulna							25	3	<1
var. chaseana									
Tabellaria fenestrata	207	263	571	1,678	1,929	356	823	141	57
T. flocculosa	25	38	16	103	106	27	20	3	<1
Tetracyclus emarginatus									
nlorophyceae							_		
Ankistrodesmus braunii		• •	20	<1	•		3		
A. convolutus	7	15	38	3	9	<1			
A. falcatus			4			<1			
Botryococcus protuberans								4	
var. minor									<1
B. sudeticus									< 1



### TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION

DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN EARS MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

Organisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
Stephanodiscus minutus							68	126	13
Surirella angustata	2			4				1	<1
S. ovata	2	10							
Synedra acus	41	1,266	1,853	2,595	2,621	24	20	21	<1
S. affinis						3			
S. affinis	8	6	16	28	43	13			
var. fasciculata									
S. gaillonii		5	56	94	297	60			
S. nana	16				6	<1			
S. ulna		4							
S. ulna							25	3	<1
var. chaseana									
Tabellaria fenestrata	207	263	571	1,678	1,929	356	823	141	57
T. flocculosa	25	38	16	103	106	27	20	3	<1
Tetracyclus emarginatus									
Chlorophyceae									
Ankistrodesmus braunii				<1			3		
A. convolutus	7.	15	38	3	9	<1			
A. falcatus			4			<1			
Botryococcus protuberans								4	
var. minor									
B. sudeticus									<1

#### TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

Organisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
Micractinium pusillum		A					9		
Mougeotia sp.							, 9		
Nephrocytium agardhianum									
N. ecdysiscepanuum	4								
Oocystis naegeli	4			6	3	4	18	2	13
Q. parya Q. pusilla				o	3	3	20	5	3
Q. solitaria								•	<1
Planktosphaeria gelatinosa					2				
Ouadrigula closterioides	Y								
Q. lacustris		<1							<1
Scenedesmus abundans									<1
S. acutiformis									
S. bijuga	2	8		3		2.		5	
S. brasiliensis									2
S. dimorphus									7
S. hystrix							_		
S. opoliensis							2	0.5	3
S. guadricauda	3						4	25	2
Selenastrum minutus							1		
S. westii	6								

TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

Organisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
Stichococcus bacillaris Tetraedron minimum			16	99	141	7			2
Chrysophyceae Chroomonas nordstedtii Diceras sp.						<1		<1	<1
Dinobryon bavaricum D. cylindricum		4	10 148	41 103	32 39	<1 48			•
D. divergens D. sertularia		•	66	725	827	13 42	207 184	82 61	14 95
D. sociale Gonyostomum semen Mallomonas tonsurata	1	<1		723	027			5	<1
Xanthophyceae								3	~1
Chlorochromonas minuta		<1							
Myxophyceae Anabaena affinis A. circinalis						<1			
A. flos-aquae A. helicoida				8					
A. inequalis	9				3				

# TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

Organisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
nabaena scheremetievi								*	
. wisconsinense								2	
. unispora		20						2	
phanocapsa delicatissima				1					
. pulchra				-		<1			
phanothece gelatinosa						1			
. microscopica									<1
. nidulans				1	<1		<1		_
hroococcus dispersus		<1	<1	-			1		5
. dispersus			2	<1	2		1		<1
var. minor		*	-		2				2
. limneticus		6					7	9	7
. minutus		<1					,	9	,
omphosphaeria aponina		<1							
. lacustris						<1		-11	
. lacustris						~1	<1	<1	
var. compacta							~1	<1	
leothece rupestris									
yngbia limnetica	172								
erismopedia glauca									
scillatoria agardhii	27		23		22	30	3		<1
. limnetica		230	428	592	690	83	9		

### TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

Organisms	3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
Oscillatoria minima O. nigra O. rubescens O. tenuis Rhabdoderma irregulare			17 6	18 48 94	257	4			
Spirulina laxa S. laxissima			2 ,		1	3		<1	
Dinophyceae Ceratium hirundinella Cystodinium cornifax Glenodinium armatum G. borgei G. pulvisculus Peridinium inconspicuum P. willei	1					1 <1	6	10	<1
Euglenophyceae Euglena acus var. rigita E. cyst E. proxima Trachelomonas volvocina		<1 <1				<1			

TABLE AII-8 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 2 TO AUGUST 15, 1984

3/2	4/13	4/26	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15
	<1			1			<1	<1
3,335	10,407	8,736	7,637	7,652	942	2,644	2,471	798
250	301	767	1,649	2,033	271	467	232	181
3,585	10,708	9,503	9,286	9,685	1,213	3,111	2,703	979
	3,335	<1 3,335 10,407 250 301	<1 3,335 10,407 8,736 250 301 767	<1 3,335 10,407 8,736 7,637 250 301 767 1,649	<1 3,335 10,407 8,736 7,637 7,652 250 301 767 1,649 2,033	<1 3,335 10,407 8,736 7,637 7,652 942 250 301 767 1,649 2,033 271	<1 3,335 10,407 8,736 7,637 7,652 942 2,644 250 301 767 1,649 2,033 271 467	<1 <1 3,335 10,407 8,736 7,637 7,652 942 2,644 2,471 250 301 767 1,649 2,033 271 467 232

Note: Density units = organisms per mL.

TABLE AII-9

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
Bacillariophyceae							
Achnanthes affinis	44	39	12	43	<1	13	<1
A. biasolettiana							
A. clevei							
A. clevei							
var. rostrata							
A. coarctata				2			
var. elliptica		_		10.00	_		
A. conspicua	17	2	<1	11	3		
A. delicatula					.00.20		
A. exigua	2			2	<1	4	
A. exigua							
var. heterovalvata							
A. grimmei							
A. haukiana	_		• •	4	<1		
A. hungarica	3 2		10	2	8		
A. kolbei	2	•					
A. lanceolata		2	<1	-			
A. lanceolata				5			
var. elliptica	•		•				
A. lanceolata	2		1		<1		
var. rostrata							

TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
Achnanthes marginulata							-
A. minutissima							
A. montana							
Amphipleura pellucida	3						
Amphiprora ornata					<1		
Amphora delicatessima	17	5	7	11	7	4	<1
A. normanii				2			
A. ovalis			3		1	9	
A. veneta	11				3		1
Asterionella formosa	814	314	165	135		41	
Caloneis bacillum							<1
C. zachariasi							
Cocconeis diminuta				<1			
C. pediculus	1			<1	<1		
C. placentula	2		1		1		<1
Coscinodiscus lacustris							
Cyclotella glomerata	_		_	_		_	<1
C. iris	5	2	3	2	3	3	1
C. kuetzingiana	1,760	3,001	499	428	45	186	
C. meneghiniana							<1

TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	1,0/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
Cyclotella ocellata	5			2		4	<1
C. pseudostelligera	5	2				2	
C. quadriiuncta							
C. stelligera		2					<1
Cymatopleura elliptica					<1		
C. solea	. 3					2	
Cymbella amphicephala	2						<1
C. microcephala							
C. prostrata	5						
C. pusilla							<1
C. sinuata		2					
C. turgida							
C. ventricosa			2	<1			2
Diatoma elongatum	17	52	35	22		5	
D. elongatum	4		<1				
var. minor	*						
D. tenue							
D. vulgare					<1		
D. vulgare							
var. producta							
Diploneis ovalis					<1		
D. ovalis			<1				
var. pusilla							

TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
Diploneis puella				2			-
Epithemia sorex							< ;
var. gracilis							
Fragilaria bicapitata	10	2	22	49	42	64	
E. capucina							
E. construens	12	19	15				<
E. construens				30	7	16	
var. subsalina		2					
F. crotonensis	129	348	549	1,344	313	2,216	<
E. harrissonii	3		2	2	1	2	
E. harrissonii							
var. dubia				•			
E. harrissonii				2			
var. rhomboides	24	43	21	57	11	10	
E. intermedia	34	43	21	57	11	12	-11
F. lapponica	40	20	22		23	10	<1
F. pinnata	40	20	22	11	23	18	
F. pinnata				5			<
var. lanzettula	5	4	2		<1		
Gomphonema abbreviatum G. bohemicum	5	4	2		~1		

TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
Gomphonema gracile							<1
G. olivaceum			1	3	<1		
G. olivaceum							
var. minutissima							
G. parvulum							
Hantzschia amphioxys						2	
H. elongatum	3		1				
<u>Melosira granulata</u>	41	87	28	29	8	23	
M. islandica			14	10	19	5	-
M. <u>varians</u>							
Navicula anglica	9	5	4	6	2		<:
N. bacillaria							
N. capitata				7		2	
N. cryptocephala	7	2	3	18	3	<1	
N. cryptocephala							
var. intermedia	A 1			4.4		_	
N. exigua	5		3	14	4	5	
N. hungarica		4					
N. hungarica							
var. lunebergensis							

# TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
avicula kotschyi						,	
. laterostrata				6			
l longirostris							
I minima					3		
I muralis							
I mutica							
. mutica							
var. tropica							
. platystoma					1		
N. pupula			3	2		2	
N. pupula							
var. rectangularis							
N. secura							
N. tripunctata					1	3	
N. unknown							
Nitzschia acicularis							
N. angustata	1				4		
N. dissipata				4			<
N. fonticola	69	63	40	113	10	19	
N. frustulum	17	9	10	16	10		
N. gracilis	37	13	28	68	6	22	
N. hungarica	3		1				

TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
N. linearis	2						
N. palea							
N. punctata							
N. recta	5		2	5			
N. thermalis							
N. thermalis							<
var. minor							
N. <u>tryblionella</u>							<
var. levidensis							
Pinnularia fasciata				<1			
P. microstauron		2					
fo. diminuta	_	2					
Rhizosolenia eriensis	2	3	<1			<1	
R. longiseta	<1			<1		<1	
Rhoicosphenia curvata	2		2				
Stauroneis parvula						_	
Stephanodiscus astraea	17	4.	7	18		17	
S. astraea		2			13		
var. intermedia							
S. binderana	19						
S. hantzschii	5			3			

TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

						1	
Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
Stephanodiscus minutus	62	23	14	16	3	19	<1
Surirella angustata	i			2		3	
S. ovata						2	
Synedra acus	47	57	9				
S. affinis							
S. affinis						2	
var. fasciculata	,				1		
S. gaillonii							
S. nana							
S. ulna							<1
S. ulna	13	12	4		1	26	
var. chaseana					998A**		
Tabellaria fenestrata	609	1,319	779	1,337	614	1,620	17
T. flocculosa	39	86	18	41	3	124	9
Tetracyclus emarginatus							<1
hlorophyceae							
Ankistrodesmus braunii						<1	
A. convolutus	4	1	2	11	5	8	9
A. falcatus	<1	2	. 3		<1		
Botryococcus protuberans	T				-		
var. minor							
B. sudeticus							
Table continued on following	page.						
	F-7						
					e		

### TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER LANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
Chlamydomonas globosa						3	
Chlorella vulgaris							
<u>Cladophora</u> sp. 1							
Closteriopsis longissima				<1		<1	
C. longissima							
var. tropica							
Coelastrum microporum							
Cosmarium ocellatum							
var. incrassatum							
C. pachydermum					<1	<1	<:
var. pussillum	_						
Crucigenia quadrata	7	- 4					
C. tetrapedia		<1					
Dactylococcus infusionium							
Dictyosphaerium pulchellum	_		<1				
Franceia ovalis	2	10	<1				
Gleocystis gigas							
Golenkinia radiata		2					
Kirchneriella contorta			2			4	
K. obesa							
Lagerheimia longiseta							
L. quadriseta	<1		<1				

TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
Micractinium pusillum		11				A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
Mougeotia sp.		5		15	7	13	
Nephrocytium agardhianum		3					
N. ecdysiscepanuum					21		
Docystis							
D. parva	14	1.		1	4	6	
). pusilla		1	3	2	3		
O. solitaria							
Planktosphaeria gelatinosa							
Ouadrigula closterioides						3	
Q. lacustris							
Scenedesmus abundans	1						
S. acutiformis					5		
Scendesmus bijuga	6	10	3	7	5	11	
S. brasiliensis							
S. dimorphus	. 3	11	3	6	2		
S. hystrix							
S. <u>opoliensis</u>							
S. quadricauda	1	24	13	19	10		
Selenastrum minutus	<1	2	<1	2	1	<1	<
S. westii	*						

TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
Stichococcus bacillaris Tetraedron minimum	29		<		14	11	43
Chrysophyceae <u>Chroomonas nordstedtii</u> <u>Diceras</u> sp.							
Dinobryon bavaricum D. cylindricum	30	2		5	3	10	<1
D. divergens		7	65	101	84	133	101
D. sertularia D. sociale Gonyostomum semen Mallomonas tonsurata Xanthophyceae Chlorochromonas minuta	9	6	8	18	1	2	8
Myxophyceae Anabaena affinis A. circinalis A. flos-aquae A. helicoida A. inequalis	7	34					

TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
Anabaena scheremetievi	15		9		8		
A. wisconsinense	2	7	2				2
A. unispora							
Aphanocapsa delicatissima			2		<1	2	3
A. pulchra		<1					
Aphanothece gelatinosa							
A. microscopica						<1	
A. nidulans		3				<1	1
Chroococcus dispersus	<1			<1	<1	<1	
C. dispersus	<1	<1					
var. minor							
C. limneticus	8		2	9	65	9	18
C. minutus			<1				
Gomphosphaeria aponina							
G. lacustris	1	2	<1		1	1	<1
G. lacustris	<1	<1	4	1	1		
var. compacta							
Gleothece rupestris		<1					
Lyngbia limnetica							
Merismopedia glauca							
Oscillatoria agardhii						•	17
Q. limnetica	20	8	34	44	27	32	49

# TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER LANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
Oscillatoria minima							11
Q. nigra							
2. rubescens							
). tenuis		_		33	22	78	3.
Rhabdoderma irregulare		5					
Spirulina laxa							
S. laxissima			98				
nophyceae							
Ceratium hirundinella							
Cystodinium cornifax							
Glenodinium armatum							
G. borgei	<1						
G. pulvisculus		5					
Peridinium inconspicuum		36		100		-00-2	
P. willei		<1		<1		<1	<
glenophyceae							
Euglena acus	<1						
var. rigita							
E. cyst							
E. proxima							
Trachelomonas volvocina							

<sup>\*</sup>Table continued on following page.

TABLE AII-9 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 2 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/10	12/28
Cryptophyceae Cryptomonas erosa Chroomonas nordstedtii	9	25 5	14	2	4	4	2
Diatoms	3,990	5,547	2,351	3,910	1,189	4,514	87
Nondiatoms	176	234	178	279	299	338	330
Total Algae	4,166	5,781	2,529	4,189	1,488	4,852	417

Note: Density units = organisms per mL.

TABLE AII-10

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
Bacillariophyceae	_								
Achnanthes affinis	2								24
A. brasolettiana		3				_			
A. breviceps						3			
var. intermedia									
A. <u>clevei</u> var. rostrata									
A. conspicua				3		<1	3	3	
A. delicatula				3		~1	3	3	
A. exigua								2	
A. exigua		3							
var. heterovalvata		•							
A. haukiana									
A. hungarica	3					1	2	2	14
A. lancunarum									6
A. lanceolata	1					<1			3
A. lanceolata									
var. rostrata									
A. linearis	1								2
A. marginulata									
Amphipleura pellucida					6	<1			2
Amphiprora ornata									
Amphora commutata									

TABLE AII-10 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
Amphora delicatessima	8	32		7	4		3	1	3
A. <u>ovalis</u> var. pediculus	10								
A. veneta	11	14	6			2	3	2	7
Anomoeoneis exiles									
Asterionella formosa	8.4	847	2,494	1,177	449	20	43	51	89
Cocconeis diminuta	5	8	4						
. pediculus	- 3								
. placentula		3			3			17	
Coscinodiscus lacustris	14				3	1			
C. rothii	1							~ ~	
c. rothii var. subsalina				8					
Cyclotella comensis			29	11	32	8	6		
C. comta							2		
C. glomerata	84	157	66	95	19	20	12		
C. iris									
C. kuetzingiana	22	15	50	33	9	12	317	2,275	2,84
C. meneghiniana	3	3							
C. ocellata	120	62	. 4		3		13		
C. pseudostelligera							21	32	2.
C. quadriiuncta	11	15	6			1	4	29	

TABLE AII-10 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
Cyclotella stelligera	5	48	32	3	6	4	6		
C. striata	3								
Cymatopleura solea	2 .								
C. solea						1			
var. apiculata									
Cymbella microcephala	4		4					2	
C. perpusilla	1 `					<1			
C. prostrata	7					1	2		
C. sinuata						1	1		
C. ventricosa	2 .					1			
Diatoma elongatum		120	1,124	275	64	4	28	1	15
D. elongatum var. minor								1	3
D. tenue	4								
D. tenuis var. crassula	1								
D. vulgare	2								
D. <u>vulgare</u> var. producta				3		7			
Diploneis ovalis	2								
D. <u>ovalis</u> var. oblongella									4

TABLE AII-10 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
Epithemia sorex	1								
var. gracilis									
Eunotia valida	1		0.00						0.6
Fragilaria bicapitata			37	17		8	9		26
E. capucina	200						2.0		
E. construens							84	20	26
F. construens	5								
var. subsalina		ř.							
E. construens		3							
var. venter									
F. crotonensis		165	425	1 213	937	511	917	161	182
E. harrissonii	7					1	1		3
E. harrissonii	27								
var. dubia	160				Control IV				
F. intermedia	24	22	41	59	81	111	34	2	36
F. pinnata		12	18	22	. 6	10	13	5	8
F. pinnata									
var. lanzettula									
Gomphonema olivaceum		7		7			3	3	
G. parvulum								5	
Gyrosigma kützingii	3								
Hantzschia elongatum	2	6	53	28	3		2		

TABLE AII-10 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
Mastogloia smithii	1								
Melosira granulata	422	377	144	4.8	87	14	7	5 5	28
M. islandica	35	118	47	6		5	2	5	22
M. varians	15	36					1		
Navicula amphibola	3								
N. anglica	3	11	4			3	1	3	3
N. capitata	7						3	5	4
N. cryptocephala	2			7		5	32	7	9
N. cryptocephala	11								
var. intermedia									
N. cryptocephala	4	3	4			. 3	2	5	25
var. veneta									
N. crucicula							2		
N. exigua			6			4	1	2	3
N. gastrum							2		
N. hungarica	1								
N. laterostrata		6							
N. menisculus			•				4		
N. pupula	1		4				4	3	10
N. pupula	2								
var. rostrata									
N. pusilla	2								
N. pygmaea	1								

# I-10

#### METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO

TABLE AII-10 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
Navicula schonfeldii									3
N. secura	1		6						
N. tripunctata	5						1		
Nedium dubium									
Nitzschia acicularis			8	56	33	3			
N. acuta									
N. angustata	1								
N. communis		_						_	3
N. dissipata	4	3	11		6	<1	13	5	3
N. fonticola	13	3	24	26	10	20	50	6	264
N. frustulum	5		8		_	5	8	3	39
N. gracilis			24	34	3	2	2		43
N. hungarica									
N. kuetzingiana	1								2
N. linearis	1	4.7				<1			3
N. palea	2-	47				1			
N. recta	4								
N. thermalis									
N. <u>tryblionella</u> var. levidensis									
N. unknown V									
Opephora martyi						<1			

TABLE AII-10 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
Pinnularia fasciata							-		2
P. sublinearis				7					
Rhoicosphenia curvata	5						2		
Rhizosolenia eriensis	10	5	<1	8	7				<1
R. longiseta		15	38	15	21				
Rhopalodia gibba	1								
Stauroneis montana	4								
Stephanodiscus astraea	395	142	64	14	10	8	9	9	17
S. astraea	395	1,847	1,997	476	263	68			
var. intermedia									
S. binderana			. 7		3				
S - hantzschii	52	1,242	422	70	6	11	10	5	3
S - minutus							80	27	26
Surirella angustata	2								2
Synedra acus	37	451	1,969	3,151	2,358	18	17	14	156
S - affinis	7	14	19	40	9	32			
var. fasciculata									
S. gaillonii		11	29	96	252	6			
S. nana	1		70		37	1			
S rumpens			9						
S - ulna	5								
S. ulna							11		17
var. chaseana									

TABLE AII-10 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
Tabellaria fenestrata	502	148	302	1,432	2,017	525	937	177	473
T. flocculosa	38	10	13	76	129	26	33		
hlorophyceae									
Ankistrodesmus convolutus	1	19	60	12	14	<1			6
A. braunii								<1	
A. falcatus					<1	<1		<1	<1
A. falcatus		<1							
var. acicularis Carteria klebsii			<1						
Camydomonas globosa		1	2	1		<1			
C. sphagnicola			<1	-		1			
Chlorella ellipsoidea		2	-						
C. yulgaris	4	<1							
Cladophora sp. 1									7
Closteriopsis longissima			<1	<1	<1				
C. longissima					2		1		
var. tropica									
Cosmarium pachydermum							2	2	
var. pussillu									
Crucigenia quadrata									<1
C. tetrapedia	_				,				2
Dictyosphaerium pulchellu	Ш				1				

TABLE AII-10 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
Franceia ovalis							<1		<1
Gleocystis ampla								2	
G. gigas		4						10	
G. major		<1							
Golenkinia radiata	10	<1							
Kirchneriella contorta									2
Lagerheimia citriformis									
L. longiseta								2	<
Mougeotia sp.									1
Oocystis naegelii									
Q. parva		3		<1	<1	3	20	57	33
Q. solitaria									
O. submarina									
Pediastrum boryanum							<1		
Planktonema lauterbornii									
Planktosphaeria gelatinos	a				1				
Ouadrigula lacustris									
Scenedesmus abundans			1						
S. acutiformis									
S - arcuatus									
S - arcuatus									
var. platydisca									

TABLE AII-10 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CA MET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
Scenedesmus bijuga		2	5	2	4	<1	<1	3	42
S. dimorphus								3	17
S. opoliensis						3	2		
S. quadricauda		2		2		<1		4	18
S. serratus								•	2
Selenastrum minutum		<1	<1					2	
Spirogyra sp. Stichococcus bacillaris			67	4.8	239		6		
Tetraedron regulare			0 /	40	239	1	0		
Ulothrix sp.	42					•			
SAMELER OF C									
nrysophyceae									
Diceras phaseolus							<1	<1	
Dinobryon bavaricum		2	17	88	32	<1			
D. cylindricum		4	61	39	22		226		
D. divergens						123	65	68	2
D. sertularia	. 1		8	1,070	393	26	118	149	16
D. sociale	1								
Mallomonas tonsurata								11	<1
Uroglenopsis americana					1				
anthophyceae									
Chlorochromonas minuta		1							

TABLE AII-10 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
yxophyceae									
Anabaena circinalis						15	294	13	7
A. helicoidea				20					
A. inequalis		7			7				
A. unispora		19	11						
A. wisconsinense							62		2
Apanocapsa delicatissima				1					7
Aphanothece microscopica									<1
A - nidulans							<1	<1	5
Chroococcus dispersus		16	4	2				3	5
C. dispersus			4	<1			<1	48	
var. minor							2		
C. limneticus							24	41	22
C _ minutus									_
Gomphosphaeria lacustris						1			1
G - lacustris	3						1	<1	2
var. compacta									
Lyngbia limnetica	51		285						
Merismopedia convoluta								<1	
M_ elegans									2
M - glauca							I		_
M <u>tenuissima</u>									3

TABLE AII-10 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
Oscillatoria agardhii	62			27	135				
Q. limnetica	15	151	772	299	631	1	74	3	4
Q. nigra			2		52				
Q. subbrevis									34
Q. tenuis		13			219	4			36
Spirulina laxissima		1	2		1				
Dinophyceae									
Ceratium hirundinella		4						<1	
Glenodinium armatum		<1							
G. borgei			<1	1		2	16	11	3
G. penardiforme	2								
G. pulvisculus									<1
G. sp.									
Peridinium inconspicuum								4	
Euglenophyceae		*.	8 m.						
Euglena minuta									
E. proxima		1	4		*				
Lepocinclis sphagnophila		<1						2	
Phacus caudata									
Trachelomonas volvocina		<1		<1					

TABLE AII-10 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) MARCH 1 TO SEPTEMBER 18, 1984

Organisms	3/1	4/11	4/25	5/23	6/6	7/2	7/18	8/2	9/18
Cryptophyceae Cryptomonas erosa Chroomonas nordstedtii	Territoria de la composición dela composición de la composición de la composición dela composición dela composición dela composición de la composición dela composición de la composición de la composición de la composición del composición dela composició	3	<1		3		4	9	3
Chloromonadineae Gonyostomum semen		1							
Total Diatoms	2,686	6,034	9,623	8,523	6,876	1,495	2,774	2,895	4,506
Total Nondiatoms	193	260	1,251	1,625	1,746	185	931	459	313
Total Algae	2,879	6,294	10,874	10,148	8,622	1,680	3,705	3,354	4,819

Note: Density units = organisms per mL.

1

TABLE AII-11

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/28
Bacillariophyceae							
Achnanthes affinis	69	18	28	40	9	15	
A. brasolettiana							
A. breviceps							
var. intermedia							
A. clevei							
var. rostrata				2012			
A. conspicua				10	9		4
A. delicatula							8
A. exigua						15	
A. exigua							
var. heterovalvata						_	
A. haukiana			37			7	2
A. hungarica	11			10	17		
A. lacunarum							
A. lanceolata			• •				
A. lanceolata			18				
var. rostrata							
A. linearis							
A. marginulata			9				
Amphipleura pellucida			9				2
Amphiprora ornata				10			2
Amphora commutata				10			

TABLE AII-11 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/28
Amphora delicatessima	11	9	28	40	17	7	6
Amphora <u>ovalis</u> var. pediculus							
A. <u>veneta</u>			28			7	
Anomoeoneis exiles			9				
Asterionella formosa	160	165	559	149		192	
Cocconeis diminuta							
. pediculus		9			17	7	
. placentula					9		
Coscinodiscus lacustris							
. rothii							
l. <u>rothii</u> var. subsalina							
Cyclotella comensis							
C. comta							
2. glomerata							
. iris				10	9	7	4
. kuetzingiana	3,529	1,861	1 503	468	138	207	4
. meneghiniana							
. ocellata					9		
C. pseudostelligera							
C. guadriiuncta							

### TABLE AII-11 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/28
Cyclotella stelligera C. striata Cymatopleura solea C. solea var. apiculata Cymbella microcephala C. perpusilla C. prostrata C. sinuata C. ventricosa Diatoma elongatum D. alongatum var. minor D. tenue D. tenuis var. crassula D. vulgare var. producta Diploneis ovalis D. ovalis var. oblongella		9	18 9	10	9	22	

TABLE AII-11 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/28
Epithemia sorex						W	
var. gracilis							
Eunotia valida							
Fragilaria bicapitata	11	9	59	50	60	67	132
F. capucina							
F. construens		9	55				
F. construens				30	52	30	
var. subsalina							
F. construens							
var. venter							
F. crotonensis	229	550	798	2,102	2,286	1,656	2
F. harrissonii							
F. harrissonii							
var. dubia							
F. intermedia	57	110	110	80	34	30	
F. pinnata				50			1
F. pinnata					9		
var. lanzettula							
Gomphonema olivaceum		9			9		
G. parvulum							
Gyrosigma kützingii							
Hantzschia elongatum							

TABLE AII-11 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/28
Mastogloia smithii							
Melosira granulata		18	37	50	26	7	17
M. islandica	46		28				10
M. varians							
Navicula amphibola							
N. anglica	11	18	28	10			-
N. capitata		10	37	10			
N. cryptocephala		9	18	40	9		
N. cryptocephala							
var. intermedia							
N. cryptocephala		37	46		9		
var. veneta							
N. crucicula							
N. exigua			9	10	26		
N. grastrum							
N. hungarica							
N. <u>laterostrata</u>							
N. menisculus							
N. pupula		9					
N. pupula							
var. rostrata							
N. pusilla							
N. pygmaea							

# 11-118

### METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO

TABLE AII-11 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/2
Navicula schonfeldii							
N.secura							
N. tripunctata						7	
Nedium dubium	11	9					
Nitzschia acicularia							
N. acuta				19			
N. angustata							
N. communis							
N. dissipata			18				
N. fonticola	160	119	266	70	34	37	
N. frustulum	11	9	73	30	34		
N. gracilis	138	119	229	110	9	37	
N. hungarica				10			
N. kuetzingiana							
N. linearis							
N. palea							
N. recta			18				
N. thermalis							
N. tryblionella							33
var. levidensis							
N. unknown V							
Opephora martyi							

TABLE AII-11 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/2
Pinnularia fasciata							
2. <u>sublinearis</u>							
Rhoicosphenia curvata							
Rhizosolenia eriensis	2	2	6	3	10		
R. longiseta	2	3					
Rhopalodia gibba							
Stauroneis montana							
Stephanodiscus astraea		9	18	30			1
. astraea							
var. intermedia							
S. binderana							
S. hantzschii	2						
S. minutus	11		37		17	22	
Surirella angustata		9			9		
Synedra acus	34	37	18			7	
S. affinis		200					
var. fasciculata							
S. gaillonii	11						
S. nana							
S. rumpens							
S. ulna							
S. ulna				20	9		1
var. chaseana				20	,		1,

TABLE AII-11 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/28
Tabellaria fenestrata T. flocculosa	1,169 138	1,485	1,128	1,534 80	1,555 112	1,515	575 146
Chlorophyceae	_				•	2	6
Ankistrodesmus convolutus  A. braunii	3	6 .		10	9	3	ь
A. falcatus							3
A. falcatus							
var. acicularis							
Carteria klebsii				2000			
Chlamydomonas globosa				7			
C. sphanicola Chlorella ellipsoidea							
C. yulgaris							
Cladophora sp. 1							
Closteriopsis longissima		3					
C. longissima							
var. tropica	•			2			2
Cosmarium pachydermum var. pussillum	2			3			3
Crucigenia quadrata							
C. tetrapedia							
Dictyosphaerium pulchellum	3						

TABLE AII-11 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/28
Franceia ovalis		3					
Gleocystis ampla							
G. gigas		3					
G. major							
Golenkinia radiata							
Kirchneriella contorta							
Lagerheimia citriformis							
L. longiseta							
Mougeotia sp.							
Oocystis naegelii							
O. parva	6	12				13	
O. solitaria							
O. submarina		23					
Pediastrum boryanum							
Planktonema lauterbornii							
<u>Planktosphaeria gelatinosa</u>							
<u>Ouadrigula lacustris</u>							
Scenedesmus abundans							
S. acutiformis	6	12					
S. arcuatus							
S. arcuatus							104
var. platydisca							

TABLE AII-11 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/28
Scenedesmus bijuga	6			7	9	20	18
S. dimorphus S. opoliensis	14				2		
S. guadricauda S. serratus	9	23		34	9		
Selenastrum minutum	2				2		
Spirogyra sp. Stichococcus bacillaris Tetraedron regulare Ulothrix sp.		63					4(
hrysophyceae Diceras phaseolus							
Dinobryon bavaricum D. cylindricum	65			10	2	3	
D. divergens				17	16	30	
D. sertularia D. sociale Mallomonas tonsurata Uroglenopsis americana	14	121		10	5		
Kanthophyceae Chlorochromonas minuta							

### TABLE AII-11 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/28
lyxophyceae					9		
Anabaena circinalis							
Anabaena helicoidea							
A. inequalis							
A. unispora					*		
A. wisconsinense							
Aphanocapsa delicatissima							
Aphanothece microscopica							
A. nidulans		3					
Chroococcus dispersus							
C. dispersus							
var. minor							
C. limneticus	11	23					
C. minutus	86						
Gomphosphaeria lacustris							
G. lacustris		6		7			
var. compacta							
Lyngbia limnetica							
Merismopedia convoluta							
M. elegans							
M. glauca							
M. tenuissima							

### TABLE AII-11 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/28
Oscillatoria agardhii Q. limnetica Q. nigra	46	40		74		72	10 <b>1</b>
Q. subbrevis Q. tenuis Spirulina laxissima		89			9		
Dinophyceae <u>Ceratium hirundinella</u> <u>Glenodinium armatum</u>							
G. borgei G. penardiforme G. pulvisculus	5						
G. sp. Peridinium inconspicuum	2						
Euglenophyceae Euglena minuta E. proxima	2	35					
Lepocinclis sphagnophila Phacus caudata Trachelomonas volvocina		3					

TABLE AII-11 (Continued)

AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B FIGURE 1) OCTOBER 3 TO DECEMBER 28, 1984

Organisms	10/3	10/17	11/2	11/14	11/28	12/12	12/28
Cryptophyceae Cryptomonas erosa Chroomonas nordstedtii	15	112		10	14 2	3	
Chloromonadineae Gonyostomum semen							
Total Diatoms	5,855	4,660	5,282	5,085	4,552	3,908	986
Total Nondiatoms	297	586	0	189	69	144	370
Total Algae	6,152	5,246	5,282	5,274	4,621	4,052	1,356

Note: Density units = organisms per mL.

TABLE AII-12

DEPTH PROFILES OF SELECTED WATER QUALITY INDICATORS FOR THE INSHORE AREAS
OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Date	Depth (m)	Temp.	DO (mg/L)	DO (% sat.)	рН	OM <sup>1</sup> (mg/L)	Chl a <sup>2</sup> (µg/L)	Plankton (org/mL)	d <sup>3</sup>	Secchi Disk (m)	No. sp. 4	
5/24	1	12.0	11.3	105.0	7.9	49.6	3.79	7,596	0.8453	2.25	26	
	3	12.0	11.2	104.1	8.0	46.0	3.46	6,811	0.8525		32	
	5	12.0	11.5	106.9	8.1	47.6	3.46	6,093	0.8470		31	
	8	11.0	11.8	107.2	8.1	44.8	4.17	7,564	0.9502		32	
5/8	1	15.0	10.7	106.3	8.1	37.6	4.62	11,907	0.9957	2.00	3∌	
	3	14.5	10.7	105.1	8.3	40.0	4.32	10,430	0.9991		32	
	5	14.5	10.8	106.1	8.3	38.0	4.82	8,010	0.9318		3 ≨	
	8	14.0	10.8	105.0	8.2	53.2	4.72	14,513	1.0524		35	
6/28	1	18.0	9.7	102.6	8.3	52.8	0.76	585	1.1020	4.50	36	
	3	17.0	10.8	111.9	8.3	57.2	2.51	1,204	0.9793		33	
	5	16.0	10.8	109.6	8.3	50.0	3.52	1,529	0.9704		29	
	8	16.0	11.0	111.7	8.3	51.2	3.75	2,326	0.8877		34	
7/19	1 .	21.0	9.4	105.6	8.1	61.6	2.14	5,620	0.9895	3.00	5.€	
	3	19.5	9.8	106.9	8.2	52.4	2.43	3,562	1.1716			47
	5	19.5	9.8	106.4	8.2	60.4	3.77	6,712	0.9456		43	
	6	19.0	9.6	103.7	8.2	60.8	3.61	6,284	1.0377		48	
8/1	1	21.0	9.0	101.1	8.2	72.0	1.07	2,594	0.9428	4.00	43	
	3	21.0	9.1	101.7	8.3	68.8	0.93	3,240	0.9655		42	
	5	20.5	9.0	100.2	8.2	68.4	1.21	3,456	0.9791		44	
	7	20.5	9.2	102.4	8.3	70.4	1.75	3,211	0.9976		40	
3/15	1	25.0	8.8	106.8	8.19	65.6	0.53	1,012	0.8611	3.00	40	
	3	24.5	9.1	109.4	8.27	65.2	1.56	1,248	0.6777		40	
	5	24.0	8.7	103.6	8.30	73.0	0.10	2,140	0.5801		42	
	7	24.0	8.8	104.8	8.30	66.8	0.05	1,451	0.7382		30	

Table continued on following page.

AII-I

### TABLE AII-12 (Continued)

### DEPTH PROFILES OF SELECTED WATER QUALITY INDICATORS FOR THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Date	Depth (m)	Temp.	DO (mg/L)	DO (% sat.)	рН	OM <sup>1</sup> (mg/L)	Chl a <sup>2</sup> (µg/L)	Plankton (org/mL)	d <sup>3</sup>	Secchi Disk (m)	No.
10/2	1	14.0	NA <sup>5</sup>	NA	7.77	38.8		4,550	0.5559	3.5	39
	3	13.0	NA	NA	7.83	37.2	0.96	3,512	0.7128		42
10/16	1	13.0	NA	NA	7.94	44.4	3.03	10,045	0.7193	1.5	39
	3	13.0	NA	NA	7.87	45.6	2.98	9,174	0.6935		37
10/30	1	12.0	NA	NA	7.2	48.8	3.26	8,263	1.0037	1.5	52
	3	12.0	NA	NA	7.7	40.8	3.17	5,367	0.9706		45
11/13	1	8.0	NA	NA	7.76	40.0	4.34	2,058	0.8883	0.25	42
	3	7.5	NA	NA	7.74	49.2	3.74	1,901	0.8229		39
11/27	1	8.0	NA	NA	7.48	45.6	4.95	1,219	1.1226	0.25	50
	3	8.25	NA	NA	7.63	51.6	6.42	825	1.2453		53
12/12	1	3.5	NA	NA	7.54	41.2	6.16	3,787	0.8329	0.5	32
	3	3.5	NA	NA	7.50	42.4	6.74	5,432	0.7433		33
12/28	1	7.0	NA	NA	7.60	30.4	6.70	1,541	0.9877	0.5	50
	3	6.5	NA	NA	7.68	30.4	6.17	880	1.2008		40

<sup>10</sup>M = Organic Matter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Chl a = Chlorophyll a, Monochromatic Method.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>d = Shannon-Weaver diversity index.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>No. sp. = Number of algal species.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>NA = No Analysis.

TABLE AII-13

DEPTH PROFILES OF SELECTED WATER QUALITY INDICATORS FOR THE INSHORE AREAS
OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Date	Depth (m)	Temp.	DO (mg/L)	DO (% sat.)	pН	OM <sup>1</sup> (mg/L)	Chl a <sup>2</sup> (µg/L)	Plankton (org/mL)	d <sup>3</sup>	Secchi Disk (m)	No. sp.4
3/2	1	3	13.2	98.2	7.0	52.0	5.01	3,434	1.2177	0.25	44
	3	2	13.2	95.6	7.8	48.8	5.36	3,384	1.0043		33
	5	2	13.2	95.6	7.5	52.8	5.37	3,587	0.9799		40
	6	2	13.3	96.3	7.7	50.8	5.36	3,921	0.9807		39
4/13	1	4.0	12.8	97.8	<sub>NA</sub> 5	38.8	8.32	12,251	1.0071	0.75	42
	3	4.5	12.5	96.7	NA	38.4	9.04	11,567	0.8871		35
	5	5.0	12.9	101.2	NA	38.0	8.34	9,500	0.8937		29
	7	5.0	12.9	101.2	NA	39.2	9.09	9,587	0.9362		33
1/26	1	6.0	11.8	94.9	NA	39.2	9.21	7,900	1.0189	9	35
	3	6.0	11.8	94.9	NA	40.0	23.30	11,712	0.9444		35 32
	5	6.0	11.8	94.9	NA	45.6	9.03	10,028	1.0303		31
	6	6.0	11.8	94.9	NA	48.4	9.97	8,705	1.0194		32
5/24	1	12.0	11.1	103.2	8.2	50.0	3.76	9,448	0.9464	2.50	32
	3	11.0	11.2	101.7	8.1	48.0	3.75	8,248	1.0121		37
	5	11.0	11.0	99.9	8.2	48.8	4.03	10,858	0.9877		32
	7	11.0	11.2	101.7	8.2	46.8	3.88	9,018	0.9824		32
6/8	1	14.0	10.3	100.1	8.3	56.4	5.13	8,314	1.0274	1.5	40
	3	14.5	10.3	101.2	8.3	29.6	4.72	9,745	1.0480		40
	5	14.5	10.6	104.1	8.2	37.2	4.81	10,111	1.0840		42
	8	14.0	10.6	103.0	8.3	36.0	5.98	10,784	1.0267		37
6/28	1	18.0	10.0	105.8	7.8	55.6	1.71	1,008	0.9998	3.0	37
	3	17.0	10.2	105.7	8.1	40.8	2.45	924	0.8909		35
	5	17.0	10.2	105.7	8.2	44.4	3.30	960	0.9552		35
	9	15.0	10.0	99.3	8.2	48.4	3.03	1,908	1.2413		45

### TABLE AII-13 (Continued)

### DEPTH PROFILES OF SELECTED WATER QUALITY INDICATORS FOR THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Date	Depth (m)	Temp.	DO (mg/L)	DO (% sat.)	рН	OM <sup>1</sup> (mg/L)	Chl a <sup>2</sup> (µg/L)	Plankton (org/mL)	d <sup>3</sup>	Secchi Disk (m)	No. sp.4
7/19	1	20.0	9.7	106.9	7.7	56.0	1.33	2,105	1.0443	4.0	37
	3	19.5	9.9	108.0	7.8	56.0	1.78	3,338	1.0956		43
	5	19.0	9.7	104.8	8.0	59.2	1.88	3,467	0.9633		35
	6	18.5	9.8	104.8	8.1	33.6	2.00	3,925	0.9922		41
3/1	1	24.5	8.0	96.2	8.2	73.6	1.05	2,281	0.9116	2.5	45
	3	22.0	8.2	94.0	8.2	74.4	1.24	2,419	0.8328		42
	5	21.5	8.3	94.2	8.0	67.6	1.47	2,594	0.9717		45
	9	21.0	6.65	74.7	7.9	72.4	0.67	3,363	1.1266		48
3/15	1	24.0	8.9	106.0	8.38	64.0	1.00	704	0.9959	3.5	48
	3	24.0	8.7	103.6	8.40	58.0	0.77	521	0.8986		38
	5	24.0	8.4	100.0	8.35	61.6	1.07	1,462	0.7615		47
	8	23.5	8.2	96.7	8.32	59.2	N/A	1,204	0.8521		48
10/2	1	14.0	NA	NA	7.94	42.8	1.09	6,446	0.8136		48
	3	14.0	NA	NA	7.82	38.4	1.21	2,758	0.8359		40
	5	14.0	NA	NA	7.81	39.2	0.58	3,258	0.9349		41
	7	14.0	NA	NA	7.88	44.4	2.72	3,536	0.8433		45
10/16	1	16.0	NA	NA	8.26	40.8	3.16	5,176	0.7827	2.0	38
	3	16.0	NA	NA	8.28	40.8	4.17	8,789	0.6920		30
	5	16.0	NA	NA	8.27	46.8	4.22	4,599	0.7095		33
	7	15.5	NA	NA	8.18	47.2	4.16	4,332	0.6911		31
10/30	1	13.0	NA	NA	7.66	46.4	46.4 1.65 857 0.9748 1.25	1.25	38		
	3	13.0	NA	NA	7.72	38.4	1.76	2,605	0.9349		41
	5	13.0	NA	NA	7.73	43.2	2.26	2,885	0.8885		35
	7	13.0	NA	NA	7.87	45.2	1.78	2,924	0.9544		38

# AII-13

#### METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO

### TABLE AII-13 (Continued)

### DEPTH PROFILES OF SELECTED WATER QUALITY INDICATORS FOR THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Date	Depth (m)	Temp.	DO (mg/L)	DO (% sat.)	Нq	OM <sup>1</sup> (mg/L)	Chl a <sup>2</sup> (µg/L)	Plankton (org/mL)	d <sup>3</sup>	Secchi Dis	k No.
1/13	1	9.0	NA	NA	7.54	34.4	4.19	4,597	0.9739	0.33	43
	3	9.0	NA	NA	7.58	35.2	4.67	5,580	0.8802		35
	5	9.0	NA	NA	7.62	30.0	4.99	4,556	0.8169		34
	7	8.5	NA	NA	7.72	38.8	4.54	2,021	0.9825		37
1/27	1	6.0	NA	NA	7.57	42.4	5.50	1,360	1.0165	0.75	40
	3	6.0	NA	NA	7.55	47.6	4.74	452	1.0810		32
	5	6.0	NA	NA	7.54	38.4	5.54	1,208	0.9774		43
	7	6.0	NA	NA	7.71	40.0	4.86	2,905	0.7316		34
2/10	1	4.0	NA	NA	7.65	41.6	4.06	5,315	0.7449	1.0	31
	3	3.0	NA	NA	7.65	32.4	2.92	4,578	0.7486		36
	5	3.0	NA	NA	7.63	34.0	3.11	5,637	0.6712		30
	7	4.0	NA	NA	7.65	42.4	3.92	3,928	0.6552		34
2/28	1	8.0	NA	NA	7.34	38.0	1.87	458	1.0937	0.75	31
	3	8.0	NA	NA	7.44	34.4	4.75	410	0.9964		28
	5	8.0	NA	NA	7.47	32.4	4.54	360	1.0387		29
	7	7.5	NA	NA	7.48	35.6	5.45	377	1.0131		28

<sup>1</sup>OM = Organic Matter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Chl a = Chlorophyll a, Monochromatic Method.

<sup>3</sup>d = Shannon-Weaver diversity index.

<sup>4</sup>No. Sp. = Number of algal species.

<sup>5&</sup>lt;sub>NA</sub> = No Analysis.

TABLE AII-14

DEPTH PROFILES OF SELECTED WATER QUALITY INDICATORS FOR THE INSHORE AREAS
OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Date	Depth (m)	Temp.	DO (mg/L)	DO (% sat.)	рН	OM <sup>1</sup> (mg/L)	Chl a <sup>2</sup> (µg/L)	Plankton (org/mL)	d <sup>3</sup>	Secchi Disk (m)	No.
3/1	1	2	14.0	101.4	6.8	68.8	3.73	2,690	1.1738	0.25	43
	3	3	13.6	101.2	7.3	172.0	3.13	2,171	1.2018		42
	5	3	13.5	100.4	7.4	89.6	3.29	2,451	1.2109		45
	8	1	13.9	98.0	7.4	61.6	4.13	3,008	1.1127		46
4/11	1	4	12.5	95.5	NA5	38.8	3.63	6,362	0.9922	0.5	41
	3	3	12.8	95.2	NA	38.8	6.08	5,583	1.0543		40
	5	3	12.8	95.2	NA	40.0	5.87	7,388	0.9926		38
	8	3	13.1	97.5	NA	40.4	6.21	5,823	1.0160		40
4/25	1	4	11.5	87.9	NA	58.8	8.84	10,273	0.9969	0.5	34
	3	7	11.7	96.5	NA	46.8	10.80	9,329	1.0415		42
	5	7	11.8	97.4	NA	37.2	12.25	12,987	0.9796		40
	8	7	11.8	97.4	NA	36.8	11.18	11,077	0.9776		31
5/23	1	12.5	10.2	95.9	7.8	35.2	2.16	9,060	0.8890	2.75	28
	3	12.0	11.0	102.2	8.0	35.6	3.69	8,319	0.9463		31
	5	12.0	11.1	103.2	8.1	38.4	3.63	8,741	0.9419		27
	8	10.0	11.9	105.6	8.2	43.2	7.30	16,464	1.0561		34
6/6	1	13.0	11.3	107.4	7.9	43.6	2.93	8,546	1.0469	3.0	36
	3	12.0	11.6	107.8	7.6	55.6	3.26	7,926	0.8695		28
	5	12.0	11.4	105.9	7.8	64.0	3.80	9,084	0.9418		29
	8	11.0	11.5	104.4	7.7	61.2	5.48	8,737	1.0312		37
7/2	1	19.0	9.0	97.2	8.1	52.4	2.11	1,380	0.9534	3.0	34
	3	19.0	9.4	101.5	8.1	47.6	3.47	1,197	0.8840		32
	5	18.5	9.8	104.8	8.2	51.6	3.67	1,869	0.8743		34
	8	17.0	9.0	93.3	8.2	52.0	1.64	2,283	0.9774		43

TABLE AII-14 (Continued)

### DEPTH PROFILES OF SELECTED WATER QUALITY INDICATORS FOR THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Date	Depth (m)	Temp.	DO (mg/L)	DO (% sat.)	рН	OM <sup>1</sup> (mg/L)	Chl a <sup>2</sup> (µg/L)	Plankton (org/mL)	d <sup>3</sup>	Secchi Disk	No.
7/18	1	20.0	9.0	99.2	7.1	54.4	2.78	3,150	1.0060	2.0	43
	3	19.5	9.9	108.0	7.2	52.4	2.62	3,630	1.0454		43
	5	19.0	9.9	106.9	7.5	54.4	3.00	3,235	1.0343		44
	8	18.5	9.9	105.8	7.7	55.6	7.89	4,828	1.1005		45
8/2	1	25.0	8.6	104.4	8.1	61.6	1.03	2,925	0.6184	4.0	34
	3	24.5	8.6	103.4	8.2	56.0	0.80	3,619	0.4889		33
	5	23.0	9.0	105.1	8.2	57.2	1.20	3,103	0.5337		29
	8	22.0	8.4	96.3	7.9	56.8	1.83	3,746	0.8632		39
9/18	1	12.0	8.0	74.3	8.3	58.8	0.99	5,930	0.7172	2.0	44
	3	12.0	9.5	88.3	8.3	52.4	1.57	4,174	0.7677		41
	5	12.0	9.6	89.2	8.3	56.0	1.96	3,453	0.9180		54
	8	11.5	9.0	82.7	8.3	58.8	1.22	6,003	0.8700		54
10/3	1	15.5	NA	NA	8.90	45.6	2.33	6,154	0.7188	2.0	41
10/17	1	17.0	NA	NA	8.05	45.6	3.16	5,275	0.9262	2.0	49
11/2	1	12.0	NA	NA	8.02	45.6	6.61	5,300	0.9898	1.0	41
11/14	1	8.0	NA	NA	7.72	54.8	10.69	5,312	0.8700	0.25	40
11/28	1	7.0	NA	NA	7.58	42.4	5.34	4,619	0.6639	1.0	39
12/12	1	7.0	NA	NA	7.46	43.2	5.29	4,061	0.7108	1.0	30
12/28	1	7.0	NA	NA	7.29	22.8	7.00	1,356	0.9128	0.75	27

<sup>10</sup>M Organic Matter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Chl a = Chlorophyll a, Monochromatic Method

<sup>3</sup>d = Shannon-Weaver diversity index.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>No. Sp. = Number of algal species.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>NA = No Analysis.

the second production of the second s

TABLE AII-15

CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF WATER SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS

OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B. FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

		-			Dates of	Collection				
Constituents	Units	5/24	6/28	7/19	8/1	9/261	10/2	10/30	11/27	12/28
Temperature	°C	12.0	18.0	21.0	21.0	NA <sup>2</sup>	14.0	12.0	8.0	7.0
Turbidity	NTU	1.3	0.9	1.2	0.9	16	1.4	3.0	32.0	15.0
Secchi Disk	m	2.25	4.5	3.0	4.0	NA	3.5	1.5	0.25	0.5
рН	STD Unit	s 8.0	8.4	7.9	8.1	8.2	8.3	8.0	8.1	8.2
Alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	106	118	114	122	130	120	120	110	110
Sulfates	mg/L	21	21	19	22	26	22	J 24	26	22
Fluorides	mg/L	0.17	0.15	0.14	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.13	0.18	0.18
Chlorides	mg/L	10	18	10	10	10	10	12	8	8
Phosphorus, Total	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Phosphorus, Dissolved	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	NA	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Silica, Total	mg/L	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	NA	0.4	~ 1.0	1.6	NA
Calcium	mg/L	28	25	60	42	NA	26	31	31	32
Magnesium	mg/L	11	10	15	13	NA	12	11	13	12
Potassium	mg/L	1.2	<1.0	2.0	2.0	NA	1.1	2.0	1.0	2.0
Sodium	mg/L	5	6	11	15	NA	6	5	5	7
Solids, Total	mg/L	185	178	193	169	198	160	187	248	197
Solids, Total Volatile	mg/L	65	80	63	59	47	35	84	6.5	39
Solids, Suspended	mg/L	2	11	3	2	34	1	6	60	2.6
Solids, Volatile Suspended	mg/L	NA	11	NA	NA	4	NA	NA	3	2
Oxygen, Dissolved	mg/L	11.3	9.7	9.4	9.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

# NII-134

### METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO

TABLE AII-15 (Continued)

### CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF WATER SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

					Dates of	Collection				
Constituents	Units	5/24	6/28	7/19	8/1	9/261	10/2*	10/30	11/27	12/28
Oxygen Demand, Chemical	mg/L	11	2	6	6	12	10	14	18	8
Oxygen Demand, 5-Day Biochemical	mg/L	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	3	4	2
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	NA	NA	3.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.6	2.4	0.3	1.7
Nitrogen, Dissolved Total Kjeldahl	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	0.3	0.2	NA	0.4	2.4	0.3	0.5
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	1.8	< 0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Nitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.2	<0.1	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.4
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Fats, Oils, and Greases	mg/L	<1	<1	<1	2	<1	<1	<1	2	<1
Foaming Agents- MBAS	mg/L	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	NA	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.01
Hardness Titration as CaCO3	mg/L	136	128	134	158	NA	114	120	131	NA

### TABLE AII-15 (Continued)

### CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF WATER SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

					Dates of	Collection				
Constituents	Units	5/24	6/28	7/19	8/1	9/261	10/2	10/30	11/27	12/28
Hardness Atomic Absorption de- termination of Ca and Mg then cal- culated as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	115	104	211	140	AN	102	146	140	138
Aluminum	mg/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1.0	NA	<1.0	1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Arsenic	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	NA	<0.2	< 0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Barium	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	NA	<0.2	₹ <0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Cadmium	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	NA	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Chromium	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	NA	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Copper	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	0.02	0.02	NA	<0.02	<0.02	0.02	0.11
Iron, Total	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	< 0.2	NA	<0.2	0.2	0.6	0.5
Lead	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	0.03	0.03	NA	<0.02	0.03	0.03	0.13
Manganese	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	NA	<0.02	. 0.02	0.03	0.02
iercury	μg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	NA	<0.2	<0.2	<0.05	<0.05
Nickel	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	< 0.2	NA	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Selenium	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	NA	< 0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Zinc	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	NA	< 0.2	< 0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Phenol-like Substances as Phenol	μg/L	8	<1	<1	2	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Silver	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	NA	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Cyanides, Total	mg/L	0.001	0.000	0.002	NA	<0.001	<0.001	NA	NA	0.001
Conductivity	umhos/cm	268	258	261	275	260	264	262	257	259

Dennison collected sample.

<sup>2&</sup>lt;sub>NA= No Analysis</sub>

TABLE AII-16

CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF WATER SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS
OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

					Dates of	Collection				
Constituents	Units	5/24	6/28	7/19	8/1	9/261	10/2	10/30	11/27	12/28
Temperature	°C	4.0	12.0	18.0	20.0	14.0	24.5	13.0	6.0	8.0
Turbidity	NTU	14	1.4	1.5	0.9	4.0	2.0	3.5	8.0	7.0
Secchi Disk	m	0.75	2.5	3.0	4.0	1.0	2-5	1.25	0.75	0.75
РН	STD Unit	7.4	8.1	8.4	7.9	8.2	7.8	8.2	8.1	8.2
Alkalinity as CaCO3	mg/L	110	106	114	112	130	120	110	120	110
Sulfates	mq/L	23	21	20	19	23	21	24	23	22
Fluorides	mg/L	0.14	0.19	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.17	0.15	0.17	0.17
Chlorides	mq/L	14.0	10	12	6	12	10	8	10	8
Phosphorus, Total	mq/L	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Phosphorus, Dissolved	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Silica, Total	mg/L	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.2	0.2	1.3	1.3	NA
Calcium	mg/L	31	28	25	45	26	30	29	27	31
Magnesium	mg/L	12	11	10	11	10	10	11	11	11
Potassium	mg/L	1 4	1.2	1.0	2 0	1.0	1 0	1.0	1 0	1.0
Sodium	mg/L	8	5	6	12	6	8	5	5	7
Solids, Total	mg/L	190	204	173	196	185	172	174	172	190
Solids, Total	mg/L	67	62	87	63	55	14	50	48	58
Volatile	-									
Solids, Suspended	mg/L	13	3	2	2	7	3	5	12	11
Solids, Volatile Suspended	mg/L	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	1
Oxygen, Dissolved	mg/L	12 8	11.1	10.0	9 7	NA	8 0	NA	NA	NA

TABLE AII-16 (Continued)

### CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF WATER SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

					Dates of	Collection				
Constituents	Units	5/24	6/28	7/19	8/1	9/261	10/2	10/30	11/27	12/28
xygen Demand, Chemical	mg/L	17	9	4	10	14	4	20	8	6
xygen Demand, 5-Day Biochemical	mg/L	2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	2	4	<2
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	3.0	NA	NA	3.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vitrogen, Total Kjeldahl	mg/L	<0.1	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.4	<0.1	1.8	0.4	0.9
Vitrogen, Dissolved Total Kjeldahl	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	0.4	<0.1	1.8	0.4	0.6
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	< 0.1	<0.1	<0.1	< 0.1
Mitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	0.3	0.2	<0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.4
Nitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	< 0.1
Fats, Oils, and Greases	mg/L	<1	<1	<1	1	<1	1	<1	2	<1
Foaming Agents- MBAS	mg/L	0.004	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.00
Hardness Titration as CaCO3	mg/L	127	136	140	138	106	116	118	113	140

### TABLE AII-16 (Continued)

## CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF WATER SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

					Dates of	Collection				
Constituents	Units	5/24	6/28	7/19	8/1	9/261	10/2	10/30	11/27	12/28
Hardness Atomic Absorption de- termination of Ca and Mg then cal- culated as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	NA	115	104	158	134	142	118	130	NA <sup>2</sup>
Aluminum	mq/L	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Arsenic	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<02
Barium	mq/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	< 0.2
Cadmium	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Chromium	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Copper	mq/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Iron, Total	mg/L	0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	0.3
Lead	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	0.03	<0.02	0.02	<0.02	<0.02	0.02
fanganese	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Mercury	μg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.05	<0.05
Nickel	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Selenium	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Zinc	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	< 0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Phenol-like Sub- stances as Phenol	μg/L	<1	<1	<1	1	<1	1	<1	<1	<1
Silver	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Cyanides, Total	mg/L	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.002	0.001	NA	NA	NA	0.00
Conductivity	µmhos/cm	267	270	255	262	268	275	264	260	272

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Dennison collected sample

 $<sup>2</sup>_{NA}$  = No Analyses.

TABLE AIII-4

STANDARD LENGTH FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-D) DURING 1984

Fish Species	Number of Fish Collected	Mean	Standard Std. Dev.	Length (m	m) Maximum
Gizzard Shad	1	316		316	316
Rainbow Trout	30	137	68	100	490
Brown Trout	17	171	97	71	411
Lake Trout	12	549	29	506	603
Coho Salmon	1	248		248	248
Chinook Salmon	1	670		670	670
Rainbow Smelt	7	134	10	120	145
Spottail Shiner	1	99		99	99
Bluntnose Minnow	7 2	68	8	62	73
White Sucker	1	290		290	290
Smallmouth bass	1	170		170	170
Yellow Perch	30	170	39	55	260

TABLE AII-17

CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF WATER SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS
OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

					Date	s of Collec	ction				
Constituents	Units	4/11	5/24	6/28	7/19	8/1	9/261	10/2	10/30	11/27	12/28
'emperature	°C	4.0	12.5	19.0	20.0	25.0	15.5	12.0	12.0	7.0	7.0
Curbidity	NTU	12	1.2	1.9	1.8	1.0	1.6	2.1	3.5	4.5	5.0
Secchi Disk	m	0.5	2.75	3.0	2.0	4.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.75
oH S	TD units	7.9	8.3	7.9	8.1	8.2	8.4	8.3	8.1	8.2	8.2
Alkalinity as CaCO3	mg/L	110	220	110	114	120	120	140	100	115	120
Sulfates	mq/L	23	20	20	21	20	26	27	23	25	25
Fluorides	mg/L	0.21	0.19	0.16	0.17	0.22	0.14	0.16	0.14	0.17	0.16
Chlorides	mg/L	18.0	10	12	5	14	10	10	12	12	12
Phosphorus, Total	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1
Phosphorus, Dissolved	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1
Silica, Total	mg/L	1.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.6	1.0	0.8	NA
Calcium	mg/L	41	28	24	55	44	30	30	31	36	33
fagnesium	mg/L	11	11	10	13	14	12	11	11	11	11
Potassium	mg/L	1.3	1.2	<1.0	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Sodium	mg/L	8	6	7	10	14	7	7	5	7	9
Solids, Total	mg/L	198	210	137	196	188	176	197	189	193	99
Solids, Total Volatile	mg/L	58	88	28	65	36	54	52	59	53	61
Solids, Suspended	mg/L	11	3	2	2	1	2	3	11	7	11
Solids, Volatile Suspended	mg/L	2	NA <sup>2</sup>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	NA	1
Oxygen, Dissolved	mg/L	12.5	10.2	9.0	9.0	8.6	NA	8.0	NA	NA	NA

TABLE AII-17 (Continued)

### CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF WATER SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

					Dates	f Collecti	on				
Constituents	Units	4/11	5/24	6/28	7/19	8/1	10/2	9/26*	10/30	11/27	12/28
Oxygen Demand, Chemical	mg/L	11	6	2	12	002	10	10	10	6	10
Oxygen Demand, 5-Day Biochemical	mg/L	<2	2	<2	2	<2	<2	<2	<2	<2	2
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	5.0	NA	NA	3.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl	mg/L	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.7
Nitrogen, Dissolved Total Kjeldahl	mg/L	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.1
Nitrogen, Ammonia	mq/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	< 0.1	0.1
Mitrogen, Nitrate	mg/L	<0.1	0.2	<0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4
Mitrogen, Nitrite	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	< 0.1	<0.1	< 0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Pats, Oils, and Greases	mg/L	1	2	<1	1	1	<1	<1	3	1	<1
Foaming Agents- MBAS	mg/L	0.005	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0	NA	0.01	0
lardness Titration as CaCO3	mg/L	NA	136	144	136	167	124	120	123	135	NA

TABLE AII-17 (Continued)

### CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF WATER SAMPLES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

					Dates	of Collect	ion				
Constituents	Units	4/11	5/24	6/28	7/19	8/1	9/261	10/2	10/30	11/27	12/28
Hardness Atomic Ab- sorption deter- mination as Ca and Mg then calcula- ted as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/L	148	115	101	191	140	138	130	124	140	144
Aluminum	mq/L	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	<1	<1	1	<1	<1
Arsenic	mq/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Barium	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	< 0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Cadmium	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Chromium	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Copper	mg/L	0.02	<0.02	0.02	0.04	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Iron, Total	mg/L	0.2	<0.2	0.3	0.2	<0.2	< 0.2	0.4	0.2	<0.2	0.2
Lead	mg/L	<0.02	0.02	0.05	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	0.03	0.02	<0.02
Manganese	mg/L	0.03	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Mercury	μg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.05	<0.05
Nickel	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Selenium	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Zinc	mg/L	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	< 0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Phenol-like Sub- stances as Phenol	μg/L	1	<1	1	<1	1	1	1	<1	<1	1
Silver	mg/L	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	< 0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02
Cyanides, Total	mg/L	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.002	NA	0.003	<0.001	NA	NA	NA
Conductivity	µmhos/cm	278	274	266	263	278	271	261	262	259	281

<sup>1</sup>Dennison collected sample.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>NA = No Analysis.

### APPENDIX AIII

DATA FOR FISH COLLECTED DURING 1984 FROM THE INSHORE AREAS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN (WILMETTE, CHICAGO, AND CALUMET HARBORS)

TABLE AIII-1

# STANDARD LENGTH FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-D) DURING 1984

	Number of Fish	Standard Length (mm)							
Fish Species	Collected	Mean	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum				
Alewife	21	116	35	46	164				
Gizzard Shad	1	122		122	122				
Rainbow Trout	1	366		366	366				
Brown Trout	1	94		94	94				
Lake Trout	17	573	29	535	645				
Rainbow Smelt	48	39	19	28	137				
Bluntnose Minnow	12	66	11	38	77				
Black Bullhead	104	24	9	16	101				
Green Sunfish	1	63		63	63				
Yellow Perch	162	155	45	39	231				
Mottled Sculpin	1	66		66	66				

# TOTAL LENGTH FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-D) DURING 1984

	Number of Fish		Total Le	nath (mm)	
Fish Species	Collected	Mean	Std. Dev.		Maximum
Alewife	21	147	45	56	208
Gizzard Shad	1	155		155	155
Rainbow Trout	1	443		443	443
Brown Trout	1	111		111	111
Lake Trout	17	681	35	631	763
Rainbow Smelt	48	46	23	33	165
Bluntnose Minnow	12	80	13	47	92
Black Bullhead	104	31	11	21	124
Green Sunfish	1	78		78	78
Yellow Perch	162	184	53	49	275
Mottled Sculpin	1	84		84	84

# TOTAL WEIGHT FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-D) DURING 1984

	Number of Fish		Total Weight (gm)							
Fish Species	Collected	Mean	Std. Dev	. Minimum	Maximum					
Alewife	21	36.19	20.67	1.42	85.52					
Gizzard Shad	1	46.89		46.89	46.89					
Rainbow Trout	1	1,200.00		1,200.00	1,200.00					
Brown Trout	1	15.92		15.92	15.92					
Lake Trout	17	3,156.47	690.62	2,300.00	4,600.00					
Rainbow Smelt	48	1.17	4.37	0.11	27.75					
Bluntnose Minnow	12	6.38	2.79	0.86	9.95					
Black Bullhead	104	0.85	3.15	0.18	32.52					
Green Sunfish	1	10.41		10.41	10.41					
Yellow Perch	162	92.24	55.92	0.99	246.10					
Mottled Sculpin	1	8.95		8.95	8.95					

TOTAL LENGTH FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-D) DURING 1984

TABLE AIII-5

),

	Number of Fish				
Fish Species	Collected	Mean	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum
Gizzard Shad	1	385		385	385
Rainbow Trout	30	167	81	123	587
Brown Trout	17	204	114	87	490
Lake Trout	12	655	34	601	721
Coho Salmon	1	294		294	294
Chinook Salmon	1	823		823	823
Rainbow Smelt	7	160	12	144	173
Spottail Shiner	1	126		126	126
Bluntnose Minnow	, 2	82	11	74	89
White Sucker	1	350		350	350
Smallmouth Bass	1	205		205	205
Yellow Perch	30	202	45	68	306

### TABLE AIII-6

# TOTAL WEIGHT FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM LAKE MICHIGAN AT CHICAGO HARBOR (STATION 4-D) DURING 1984

	Number of Fish		Total Weight (gm)						
Fish Species	Collected	Mean	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum				
Gizzard Shad	1	810.60	)	810.60	810.60				
Rainbow Trout	30	127.61	495.49	16.28	2,750.00				
Brown Trout	17	213.61	382.87	6.99	1,580.00				
Lake Trout	12	2,530.00	420.93	2,000.00	3,380.00				
Coho Salmon	1	296.33	3	296.33	296.33				
Chinook Salmon	1	4,640.00		4,640.00	4,640.00				
Rainbow Smelt	7	26.63	8.24	15.23	36.38				
Spottail Shiner	1	17.79		17.79	17.79				
Bluntnose Minnow		6.08	2.60	4.24	7.91				
White Sucker	1	546.90		546.90	546.90				
Smallmouth Bass	1	139.59		139.59	139.59				
Yellow Perch	30	110.00	81.82	2.70	420.00				

TABLE AIII-7

3

# STANDARD LENGTH FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-D) DURING 1984

	Number of Fish		Standard Length (mm)						
Fish Species	Collected	Mean	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum				
Alewife	6	45	9	33	54				
Gizzard Shad	1	101		101	101				
Lake Trout	4	570	25	535	592				
Chinook Salmon	1	666		666	666				
Rainbow Smelt	3	140	2	139	142				
Goldfish	1	179		179	179				
Carp	4	278	179	105	460				
Emerald Shiner	5	55	. 6	48	63				
Bigmouth Shiner	3	53	2	52	55				
Spottail Shiner	5	76	22	39	98				
Bluntnose Minnow	79	53	11	24	74				
Fathead Minnow	68	52	4	41	62				
White Sucker	2	261	21	246	275				
Black Bullhead	3	142	31	119.	178				
Rock Bass	4	51	27	27	74				
Pumpkinseed	3	104	1	103	105				
Largemouth Bass	4	72	10	62	84				
Johnny Darter	3	52	11	39	60				
ellow Perch	147	117	54	41	250				
Mottled Sculpin	1	73		73	73				

TABLE AIII-8

# TOTAL LENGTH FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-D) DURING 1984

	Number of Fish		Tota	l Length (	mm)
Fish Species	Collected	Mean	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum
Alewife	6	57	11	45	68
Gizzard Shad	1	126		126	126
Lake Trout	4	673	26	635	694
Chinook Salmon	1	798		798	798
Rainbow Smelt	3	166	1	165	166
Goldfish	1	229		229	229
Carp	4	359	237	132	607
Emerald Shiner	5	69	7	60	79
Bigmouth Shiner	3	67	2	65	69
Spottail Shiner	5	95	28	49	124
Sluntnose Minnow	79	64	13	28	88
Tathead Minnow	68	64	5	50	77
White Sucker	2	317	23	301	333
Black Bullhead	3	169	34	144	208
lock Bass	4	66	34	36	96
umpkinseed	3	131	1	131	132
argemouth Bass	4	89	11	78	103
Johnny Darter	3	63	14	47	72
ellow Perch	147	140	63	50	296
Mottled Sculpin	1	89		89	89

TABLE AIII-9

## TOTAL WEIGHT FOR FISH COLLECTED FROM LAKE MICHIGAN AT CALUMET HARBOR (STATION 6-D) DURING 1984

	Number of Fish		Total W	Weight (gm)	,
Fish Species	Collected	Mean	Std. Dev.		Maximum
Alewife	6	1.55	0.99	0.38	2.59
Gizzard Shad	1	21.50		21.50	21.50
Lake Trout	4	2,875.00	457.35	2,200.00	3,200.00
Chinook Salmon	1	4,300.00		4,300.00	4,300.00
Rainbow Smelt	3	28.62		27.08	30.33
Goldfish	1	286.83		286.83	286.83
Carp	4	1,408.57	1,639.46	40.83	3,450.00
Emerald Shiner	5	2.45	1.01	1.37	3.82
Bigmouth Shiner	3	2.65	0.20	2.43	2.83
Spottail Shiner	5	9.38	6.20	0.92	17.52
Bluntnose Minnow	79	2.95	1.58	0.18	8.39
Fathead Minnow	68	3.03	0.92	1.30	8.39
White Sucker	2	411.92	98.19	342.49	481.35
Black Bullhead	3	56.96	11.84	45.42	69.07
Rock Bass	4	8.90	9.18	0.90	17.09
Pumpkinseed	3	60.37	3.65	57.22	64.37
Largemouth Bass	4	10.31	4.59	6.55	16.48
Johnny Darter	3	2.30	1.32	0.79	3.17
Yellow Perch	147	47.05	58.69	0.87	350.06
Mottled Sculpin	1	9.94		9.94	9.94

### TABLE AII-7 (Continued)

### AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY OF KEMMERER PLANKTONIC ALGAL SPECIES COLLECTED FROM THE INSHORE WATERS OF SOUTHWESTERN LAKE MICHIGAN AT WILMETTE HARBOR (STATION 2-B, FIGURE 1) DURING 1984

Organisms	5/24	6/8	6/28	7/19	8/1	8/15	10/2	10/16	10/30	11/13	11/27	12/12	12/28
delosira		19			2		14		14	30	22	69	40
islandica													
1.			<1								1		
yarians													
lavicula	3			6		<1	9		8	10	1		<
anglica													
1.				6									
bacillaris													
			<1	-									
binodis													
1.		4		3							<1		
capitata		-											
N.		6		18	23	4			32	2	8		
cryptocephala		•								_			
N.			<1	62	17	8	4		5	15	12		
<u>cryptocephala</u>			••	-		•	•						
var. veneta													
N.				3									
cuspidata				-									
N.			3	31	2	3	4			20	6		
			3	31	-	3	•				•		
exigua				31									
N.				31									
gastrum													