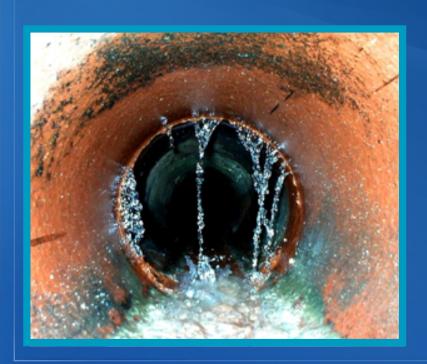
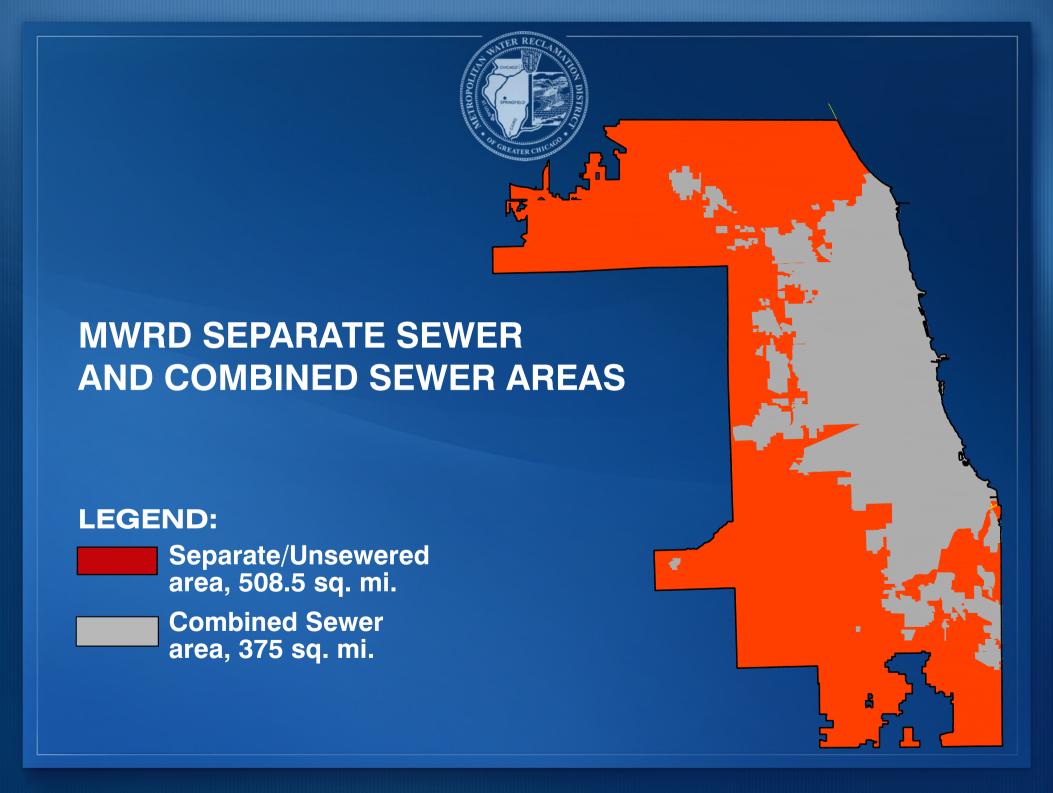


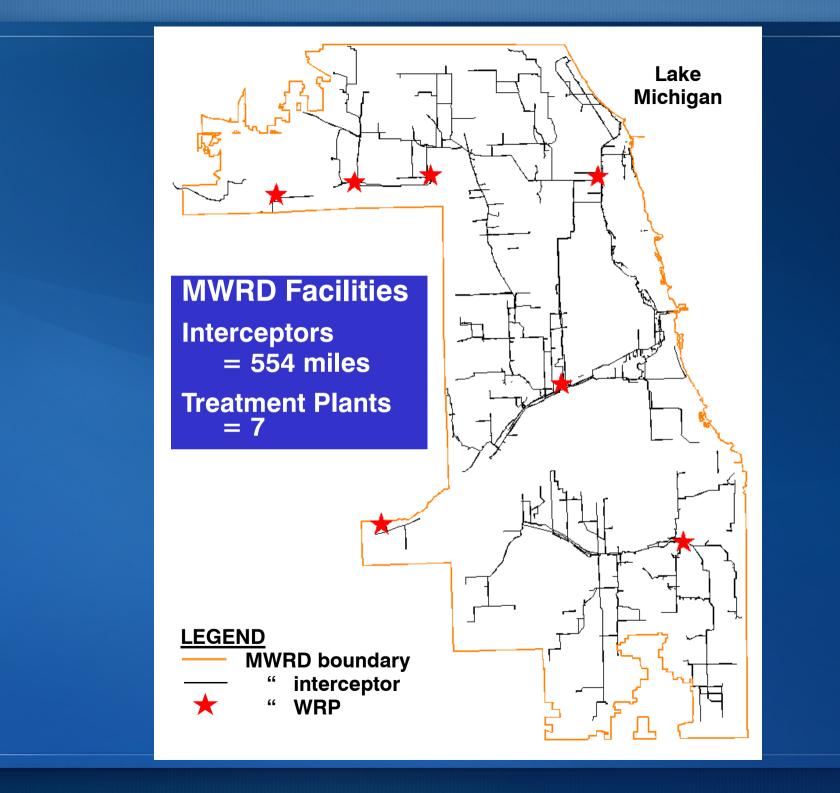
Updating MWRD's Excessive Infiltration and Inflow Control Program

MWRD Advisory Technical Panel











History of MWRD I/I Control

- Federal Clean Water Act 1972
- Article 6-5 of the MWRD Manual of Procedures 1973
- Wet-weather flow limit raised to 150 gpcpd (from 100 gpcpd) in mid-1970s following expressions of difficulties by tributary agencies
- Negotiations with the tributary agencies and COGs resulting in enactment of Sewer Summit Agreement in 1985 with endorsement from the USEPA and IEPA
- Two Compliance Options
 - 150 gpcpd daily average wet weather flow
 - Cost-effectiveness based ICAP



Current Status

- Out of 125 tributary agencies, 121 are in technical compliance
- Those 121 agencies and 8 additional are required to submit annual summary reports in 2014



Recent Developments

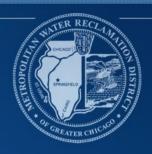
- IEPA has imposed a special condition in the NPDES permits that requires the MWRD to require measures in addition to the Sewer Summit Agreement if excessive wet weather flow in a tributary system causes or contributes to basement backups or SSOs
- There has been an increase in wet weather flows to the MWRD facilities
- MWRD formed the Advisory Technical Panel in November 2011 to address these developments



ATP Composition and Work

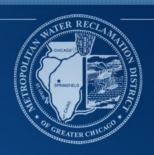
- ATP Members: USEPA, IEPA, COGs-sponsored representatives from member municipalities, local sanitary districts, utility company, consulting engineers and MWRD staff
- ATP held bi-monthly/monthly meetings over last two years and developed an I/I control program to address the regulatory requirement

Short-term (5-year) program Long-term program (starting after 5-year period)



Public Sewer System-Initial Condition Assessment

- CCTV and Manhole Inspection 100% of system in 5 Years (20%/Year)
- Smoke test/External Building Inspection/Dye test 100% of system in 6 Years (17%/Year)



Private Sector Sewer System

- Program to start January, 2014
- Inspection/Source removal program
 - Local ordinance must provide for:
 - Right to entry for inspection for purpose of determining nature of connections to the sewer system after reasonable notification
 - Right to dye test sump pump discharges with indeterminate discharge location(s)
 - Written notice of non-compliance, right to inspection after disconnection
 - Inspect all homes in areas with surcharging, SSO's or basement backups <u>plus</u> areas upstream of these areas every <u>eight</u> years
 - Re-inspect homes with illegal connections every <u>four</u> years, no re-inspection for buildings on slabs, full basement with no sump pump
 - Document directly connected foundation drains, stairwell drains, driveway drains for removal under long term program



Private Sector Sewer System

- Property Transfer Ordinance
 - Inspection required prior to property closing
 - Illegal sources including directly connected storm sumps, downspouts, open/defective cleanouts and area drains but not foundation drains removed before closing
 - Seller can establish escrow account in lieu of confirmation of removal of illegal source



Private Sector Sewer System

• Private Service lateral replacement/complete rehabilitation

Complete replacement/rehabilitation plus installation of cleanout required for all laterals installed before January 1, 1983 and removal of all clear water sources including foundation drains during:

- Tear Downs
- Major Renovation:
 - >25% increase in occupied space or addition of bathroom
 - Exemption for laterals replaced or completely rehabilitated after 2000 and ductile/PVC laterals with acceptable CCTV
 - Tear downs with lower level require overhead sewers
- Penalty for non-compliance- MRWD Permit moratorium



Long Term O & M Program

- Immediately after Initial Condition Assessment Program
- Update sewer Atlas/migrate to GIS/CMMS within 8 Years
- Identify Target Annual Expenditures to complete the following:
 - CCTV High Priority every 3 years, Medium priority every 7 years, low priority every
 12 years
 - Rehabilitation Sewers and manholes All High Priority within 13 years, medium priority within 25 years, low priority within 40 years
- As an alternative to above method to target annual expenditures:
 - Minimum annual expenditure of 2% Household income, or 2% of complete system replacement cost



Revised Plan – Applicability

 All tributary municipalities that own and/or operate a sanitary sewer system which discharges directly and/or indirectly into MWRD facilities.



Scope and Goals

- Comply with the NPDES Permit
- Eliminate basement backups (BBs).
- Eliminate waterway pollution through sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs).
- Work with municipalities on a cost-effective approach to I/I reduction



Short Term Plan

- Completed within the first 5 years
 - Public Sector Condition Assessment and Rehabilitation,
 - Development of a Private Sector Program by each municipality
 - Development of a Long Term O&M Program by each municipality.



Public Sewer System – Initial Condition Assessment

- Assessment of high to medium risk public sewer system condition.
- CCTV, Manhole Inspection, Smoke testing, dye flooding, external building inspection
- Prioritization of areas with SSOs, BBs and sewer surcharges, including areas upstream
- Prior documented investigations can contribute toward meeting the assessment requirement
- Plan for correcting identified defects, including schedule and funding approach
- Remove illegal downspout connections within 6 months of detection



Private Sector Sewer System

- Private sector program to be developed by each tributary municipality in no longer than 5 years
- Municipalities with an existing private sector program should submit for review within 6 months.
- Programs to be implemented as soon as practicable.
- The MWRD will develop and provide minimum guidelines for the program.
- Items to be determined by each municipality:
 - Areas subject to inspection to identify I/I sources
 - Time to complete private sector inspections
 - I/I sources that require immediate or long term correction
 - Time to correct identified I/I sources
 - Enact local ordinances to allow private property inspections
 - Enforcement actions/incentive programs for ensuring compliance



Long Term O&M Program

- Implemented no later than 5 years
 - Implementation of the Private Sector Program
 - Cost-effective I/I source removal
 - Rehabilitation work to reduce BBs
 - Implementation of Public Sector Program
 - Proactive Program addressing sewers on a prioritized basis
 - Continual sewer inspection, maintenance, cleaning and rehabilitation.
 - Emergency/Reactive Programs to address BBs and SSOs
 - GIS Mapping
 - Asset Management/CMMS to process work orders, customer service and sewer work
 - Plan for funding necessary O&M, rehabilitation and asset replacement
 - Develop prioritized Capital Improvement Program (CIP)



Annual Reporting

- Summary of all public and private sector SSOs and BBs
- Report progress toward completing the Short Term Plan
 - Progress made toward completing the Public Sector Condition Assessment
 - Progress toward addressing high priority deficiencies
 - Progress made toward developing the Private Sector Program and the Long Term O&M Program
- Report completed work under the Long Term O&M Program
 - All inspection, rehabilitation and maintenance completed on the public and private sewer system
 - Communities must demonstrate that they are inspecting, maintaining and rehabilitating their system per their approved plan



System Analysis

- MWRD
 - Identify/allocate MWRD interceptor capacity
 - Develop local storage standards/regulations and guidelines
- Local Sewer System and ATP
 - Develop performance metrics to define success
 - Develop percentage of system to be inspected/cleaned/rehabilitated annually.
 - Condition Assessment
 - Private Sector Program implementation (identify areas for internal/external inspection and source removal).



Enforcement

- MWRD
 - Establish enforcement actions and incentives to comply with the Short Term Plan, Long Term O&M Program and submittal of the Annual Report
 - Qualifications for funding assistance
 - Develop excess flow charge schedule
- Municipality Enforcement
 - Enact and enforce ordinance(s) to address non-compliance with the Private Sector Program
 - Incentive program(s) to encourage compliance



Funding

- The MWRD may provide funding options to the municipalities for their I/I removal/rehabilitation subject to Public Act 90-0690 as amended from time to time.
- IEPA SRF funding is available to all communities within the MWRD corporate limits.
- Municipalities can fund their Short Term Plan and Long Term O&M Program via local sewer service fees or other funding options.



Follow-up Tasks

2014 (1st Quarter)

- Establish enforcement penalties/incentives
- Standards for manhole inspection, smoke testing, dye flooding, television inspection, flow monitoring, NAASCO Coding
- Refinement of definition of "High Priority" defects (NAASCO Condition 4 and 5)
- Condition Assessment prioritization based on system peaking factors



Follow-up Tasks

2014 – 2019 (to be prioritized)

- Outcome-based and flow-based metrics
- CMOM service levels (dry/wet weather performance metrics)
- Interceptor capacity analysis and distribution
- Private Sector Plan template MWRD/ATP
- Long Term O&M Program template MWRD/ATP
- GIS/CMMS assistance by MWRD
- Private property program policy decision on transfer ordinance, service lateral rehabilitation/replacement on tear down or major renovation
- Funding program details and implementation IEPA and MWRD
- Municipalities complete individual Private Sector Plans
- Municipalities complete individual Long Term O&M Program
- MWRD assistance on flow monitoring



Schedule

- Public Meetings with COGs January/February 2014
- MWRD Board of Commissioners Study Session March 2014
- Adoption April 2014
- Effective date May 1, 2014
- ATP continues to meet to develop technical guidance