



Private Source I/I Downers Grove Sanitary District



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Today's Discussion

- ▶ Starting on the right foot
- ▶ The 'I/I project'
- ▶ Ongoing management: The carrot and the stick



Downers Grove Sanitary District

- ▶ 11 MGD Wastewater Treatment Center
- ▶ 20,000 Customers (65,000 PE)
- ▶ 250 miles of separate sanitary sewer
- ▶ Dry weather flows around 7 MGD
- ▶ Can pump 110 MGD at WWTC



Let's start with the basics

- ▶ Code enforcement is the foundation
- ▶ Construction requirements:
 - ▶ Tear-downs and demolitions included
 - ▶ Pipe and fitting specs
 - ▶ Installation requirements
 - ▶ Inside the house / overhead sewer
- ▶ 10 yrs > 10% of connections, roughly 5 MGD of peak flow
- ▶ 100 years and all private I/I will be gone!



The I/I 'Project' – EPA's concept

- ▶ Born in construction grant days, made a condition of getting a grant
- ▶ Remove 'cost effective' I/I, transport and treat 'remainder'
- ▶ Assumes system conditions are static
- ▶ Feds wouldn't pay for private property work



DGSD's I/I Project

- ▶ 15,000 man-hour SSES
- ▶ \$2 million on 'shotgun' rehab – \$0.5 million ineligible (private property)
- ▶ Supposed to remove 25 MGD peak flow
- ▶ Built plant and interceptor improvements around this expectation - \$17 million
- ▶ Within 10 years, needed additional plant expansion for peak flows
- ▶ Still dealing with sewer capacity issues



Projects are nice, but I/I doesn't sleep

- ▶ Continuous infrastructure deterioration
- ▶ Plumbing law of entropy
- ▶ Other utilities in constant flux



Private property enforcement – the stick approach

- ▶ Building Inspections – 99% compliance
- ▶ Smoke testing – almost no defects identified
- ▶ Dyed water flooding – almost no defects identified
- ▶ Full-time work with almost no measurable I/I reduction
- ▶ Confrontational approach with customers



District programs – the carrot approach

- ▶ Overhead Sewer Program
- ▶ Building Sanitary Service Repair Assistance Program
- ▶ Inflow and Infiltration Program



Overhead Sewer Program

- ▶ 50/50 Cost sharing program for overhead sewer/backflow prevention
- ▶ Condition of program is thorough investigation and elimination of all sources of I/I
- ▶ Costs <\$15,000 per year
- ▶ <1% of properties in 14 years
- ▶ No more backups



Building Sanitary Service Repair Program

- ▶ Repair building services and install outside cleanouts
- ▶ Condition of program is thorough investigation and elimination of all sources of I/I
- ▶ Costs ~\$0.5 million per year
- ▶ Covered about 10% of properties in 10 years
- ▶ Most popular service we offer



I/I Program

- ▶ Systematic I/I removal from system
- ▶ Public and private source I/I
- ▶ Geographic focus
- ▶ Objective to 'zip up' priority areas, one at a time
- ▶ Various rehab techniques, based on demographics of area
- ▶ Prioritization system
 - ▶ Flow data
 - ▶ Backup and overflow history
 - ▶ Location in system
- ▶ ~\$1 million per year



Private Source I/I

- ▶ **Improper connections**
 - ▶ Various drainage structures and devices
 - ▶ Sumps
 - ▶ Footing drains
- ▶ **Building service pipes**
 - ▶ Transition
 - ▶ Cleanout
 - ▶ Pipe segments and joints
 - ▶ Connection at main



I/I Program dynamic

- ▶ Need access agreements (easier to get for BSSRAP program)
- ▶ Improper connections – we take on the tough ones
- ▶ Momentum of main / manhole work helps
- ▶ Property owner continues to own the (improved) service



Inspection process

- ▶ TV with See-snake
- ▶ Flood service with probe while televising
- ▶ Locate service and record all data
- ▶ Field sketch of basement piping / fixtures



Service Rehabilitation work

- ▶ **Cleanout installation**
- ▶ **Grout**
 - ▶ Lateral packer at main
 - ▶ Smaller main packer from clean-out
- ▶ **Liner**
 - ▶ T-liners at main
 - ▶ Liners from cleanout to building or main
- ▶ **Replacement**
 - ▶ Replace main connections when replacing sewer



I/I Program success

- ▶ Varies with location and rehab technique
- ▶ Early efforts performed poorly – rehab confined to public property – no improvement in flow
 - ▶ Main and service liners to property line
 - ▶ ~\$0.5 million for 90 buildings
- ▶ More comprehensive liner project success
 - ▶ Line mains and services to transition
 - ▶ ~\$1.5 million for 190 buildings
 - ▶ Reduced peak flow 50%, no more overflows immediately downstream*



I/I Program success (cont'd)

- ▶ **Main replacement and grout services**
 - ▶ Replace mains and manholes, grout services
 - ▶ 210 buildings, \$2.2 million
 - ▶ Reduced peak flow by >50%, eliminated downstream overflows



Conclusions

- ▶ Private property is meaningful source of I/I
- ▶ Private property I/I sources are not always obvious
- ▶ I/I is elusive and will migrate to nearest sewer defect
- ▶ Sanitary sewer is generally the deepest utility whose trench tends to gather shallow run-off related groundwater
- ▶ Measurable I/I removal relies on comprehensive effort – geographic area needs to be ‘zipped up’ to address migration problem
- ▶ Meaningful reduction effort costs ~ \$10k / building

