## WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORDINANCE Public Training Session #2

**Presented by:** 

#### Luke J. Sherry, PE, CFM Christopher B. Burke Engineering, Ltd.

May 21, 2014





## SEMINAR OUTLINE

- Recap of Public Training Workshop #1
- Common questions and issues from first round of public trainings
- Example projects and WMO permitting requirements
- Redevelopment example with unpermitted detention facility
- Question and answer session
- Help desk for projects from audience

# WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORDINANCE (WMO)

 Replaces the Sewer Permit Ordinance (SPO), which was adopted in 1972

• WMO became effective on May 1, 2014

 WMO applies to all development within Cook County, except for the City of Chicago (some City of Chicago developments will require District approval)

## SPO VS WMO

#### Sewer Permit Ordinance (SPO)

- Sanitary Sewers
- Stormwater Detention
  - TP-40 Rainfall Data
  - Modified Rational Method

#### Watershed Management Ordinance (WMO)

- Sanitary Sewers
- Stormwater Detention
  - Bulletin 70 Rainfall Data
  - Flat Release Rate
  - Event Hydrograph Methods
- Volume Control
- Erosion & Sediment Control
- Flood Protection Areas
  - Floodplain
  - Floodway
  - Isolated Wetlands
  - Riparian Environments



## WATERSHED MANAGEMENT PERMIT

Permit is required when one of the following is triggered:

- 1) Development is located in a Flood Protection Area (FPA) or causes an indirect wetland impact.
- 2) Development disturbs 0.5 acres or more
- 3) Development proposes drainage improvements in combined sewer area or in conjunction with previously permitted detention facility
- 4) Development involves an outfall to waterway or Lake Michigan
- 5) Development involves sewer or connection to District interceptor or TARP structure

\*Permits for 1 & 2 may be issued by District or authorized municipality. Permits for 3, 4 & 5 can only be issued by District.

# OLD AND NEW PERMIT FORMS

#### • Current Permit Schedules

- Schedule A Project Summary
- Schedule B Sewer Summary
- Schedule C Sewer Connections
- Schedule D Detention
- Schedule E Lift Station / Force Main
- Schedule F Characteristics of Waste Discharge
- Schedule G Treatment / Pretreatment Facilities
- Schedule K Affidavit of Disclosure of Property Interests
- Schedule L Notice of Requirements for Stormwater Detention
- Exhibit A Current Survey of Property Interests

#### New/Revised Permit Schedules

- Schedule D WMO and Schedule D-Legacy Detention
- Schedule H Hazard Areas (Floodplain/Floodway/Riparian)
- Schedule O Outfalls, Direct Connections, District Property
- Schedule P Erosion Control
- Schedule R Recording and Maintenance
- Schedule W Wetlands and Buffer Areas

## DEVELOPMENT/REDEVELOPMENT

#### **Development:**

"Any human-induced activity or change to real estate (including, but not limited to, grading, paving, excavation, dredging, fill, or mining; alteration, subdivision, change in land use or practice; building; or storage of equipment or materials) undertaken by private or public entities that affects the volume, flow rate, drainage pattern or composition of stormwater, or the substantial improvement of an existing building in a Special Flood Hazard Area. The term development shall include redevelopment and shall be understood to not include maintenance."

#### Redevelopment:

"Any human-induced activity or change to an existing <u>developed</u> property (including but not limited to, grading, paving, excavation, dredging, fill, or mining; alteration, subdivision, change in land use or practice; building; or storage of equipment or materials) undertaken by private or public entities that affects the volume, flow rate, drainage pattern, or composition of the site stormwater runoff on the previously developed land. The term shall not be understood to include maintenance."

# WMO FEE SCHEDULE

TABLE 1 - WATERSHED MANAGEMENT PERMIT FEE SCHEDULE	Total Fee \$
SECTION I. BASE PERMIT FEES (Does not include Section II, III, IV, and V of this form)	
(A) Watershed Management Permit	\$ 1,100
(B) Notification and Request For Inspection (NRI)	\$ 250
(C) Facility Connection Authorization (within City of Chicago)	\$ 1,000
(D) Permit Revision	\$ 500
SECTION II. STORMWATER DETENTION	
(A) Small Development - Residential ≤ 10 acres & Non-Residential ≤ 5 acres (Nomograph)	\$ 500
(B) Small Development - Residential $\leq$ 10 acres & Non-Residential $\leq$ 5 acres (Model)	\$ 1,500
(C) Large Development - Residential > 10 acres & Non-Residential > 5 acres (Nomograph)	\$ 1,000
(D) Large Development - Residential > 10 acres & Non-Residential > 5 acres (Model)	\$ 3,000
SECTION III. ISOLATED WETLANDS/RIPARIAN ENVIRONMENTS	
(A) Verification of Isolated Wetland Boundary, Classification and Buffer	\$ 250
(B) Isolated Wetland Impact < 0.10 Acre or Riparian Environment without Mitigation	\$ 500
(C) Isolated Wetland Impact $\geq$ 0.10 Acre or Riparian Environment with Mitigation Plan	\$ 2,500
SECTION IV. SANITARY SEWER CONSTRUCTION	
(A) Sewer Installation Fee	\$5 Per Linear Foot of Sewer
(B) Lift Station and/or Forcemain (Schedule E)	\$ 250
(C) Connection Impact Fee	
(1) Low Density and/or Medium Density Residential (20 Units/Acre or Less)	\$3,750/Acre
(2) High Density Residential (21 Units/Acre or More)	\$6,000/Acre
(3) Commercial or Industrial	\$7,500/Acre
SECTION V. OTHER FEES	
(A) Recordation Deposit	\$ 500
(B) Inspections for Violations	\$250 Per Inspection
(C) Hazard Areas (Floodplain/Floodway/Riparian Environment - Schedule H)	\$ 250
(D) Outfalls/Direct Connections to District Facilities/Impacts to District Property (Schedule O)	\$ 250
(E) Notice of Requirements of Stormwater Detention (Schedule L)	\$ 250
(F) Resubmittals	\$ 0
(G) Variances (Filing and Review Fee)	\$ 2,000

# WMO CHECKLIST

#### METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT OF GREATER CHICAGO WATERSHED MANAGEMENT (WMO) PERMIT APPLICATION MINIMUM SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS CHECKLIST

Before the MWRD can accept a Watershed Management Permit application submittal, assign it a permit application number, and initiate engineering review; the submittal must include all the items listed below. Incomplete applications will be returned, unreviewed, to the applicant.

#### **General Submittal Requirements:**

- 1. One (1) copy of this form, checked as appropriate
- 2. D Four (4) copies of the Watershed Management Permit application (Cover, Schedule A, Schedule B, Schedule C, General Conditions, and Engineering Certifications, original signatures with seals)
  - Municipality's (Permittee's) signature on permit form (page 9)
  - Owner/developer's (Co-permittee's) signature on permit form (page 9)
  - Design Engineer's signature and seal on permit form (page 8)
  - □ Municipal/Systems Engineer's signature and seal on permit form (page 8)
  - □ Inspection Engineer's signature and seal on permit form (page 8)
- 3. Two (2) copies of plan set (signed and sealed), as required to initiate review Note that four (4) copies of the plans will be required as part of final permit approval (2 copies + 2 original)
- 4. 
  One (1) copy of Fee Payment Voucher form & a check for appropriate fees (no personal checks accepted)
- 5. One (1) copy of all completed detailed submittal checklists (as specific to the site and development type)
- 6. 🛛 One (1) copy of all supporting calculations, exhibits, etc., as required by the applicable submittal checklists

If the application submittal is for a project that is on the existing development plans list, check the box below; and refer to Legacy Sewerage System Permit application information and provide appropriate legacy permit forms and checklist.

Project is on existing development plans list

If you have any questions, please contact MWRD Engineering Department Permit Section at (312) 751-3255.

For reference, a typical permit schedule package might include the following specific permit schedules, in addition to the base permit application. Circle the example package used as a guide and check the applicable schedule boxes for this application:

Schedule W

Development with								
	Stormwater Detention							
	Schedule D WMO (or)							
	Schedule D Legacy							
	Schedule K & Exhibit A							
	Schedule R & Exhibit R							
	Schedule P							

- Sanitary Sewer Only
  Schedule K
  Schedule O (Direct)
  or
  NRI only
- Development with Floodplain and Wetlands Schedule D WMO (or) Schedule D Legacy Schedule L Legacy Schedule L (if undetained area) Schedule H Schedule P Schedule R & Exhibit R
- Storm Sewer Only (ROW, no parcel development)
  Schedule O (for outfall)
  Schedule P

#### **DEVELOPMENTS EXEMPT FROM WMO PROVISIONS**

- Proposed development was issued Sewerage System Permit before May 1, 2014\*
- A complete Sewerage System Permit application for the proposed development has been accepted by the District prior to May 1, 2014\*
- Development with active Sewerage System Permit issued prior to May 1,2014, but has not been fully constructed by May 1, 2014\*
- 4) Development is on existing development plans list\*
- Development is located within a multi-county municipality that has adopted the other county's ordinance\*\*

\*Must meet standards of Sewer Permit Ordinance (SPO) \*\*Some permits will still be issued by District

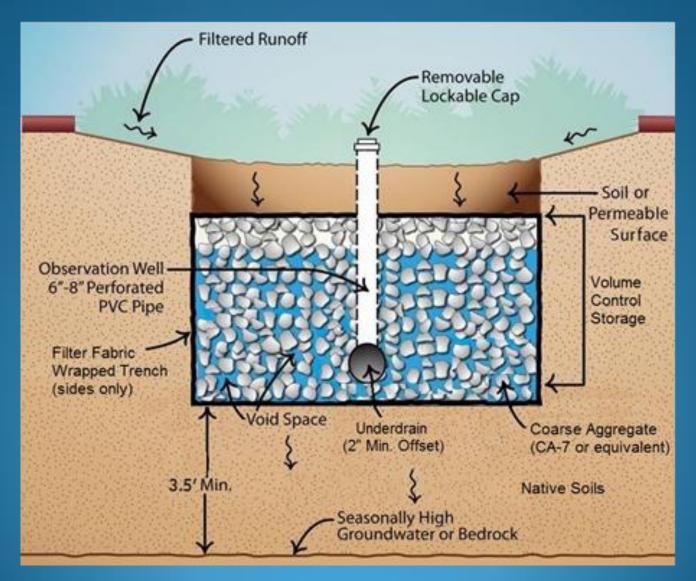
#### **DEVELOPMENTS EXEMPT FROM WMO PROVISIONS**

- 6) Agricultural, maintenance, and public utility activities that meet conditions of §201.1.D of the WMO
- 7) Development involves the modification of a septic system, potable water service line, or utility that serves an existing structure
- 8) Development within the City of Chicago, unless it involves:
  - Outfall to waterway or Lake Michigan
  - Stormwater discharges to District property
  - Connections to District sewer, interceptor, or TARP structure
- 9) Development undertaken solely by state or federal agencies (the District, IDOT, Corps, Illinois Tollway Authority, etc.)
- 10) Public flood control projects

#### **DEVELOPMENT IN COMBINED SEWER AREA**

- Developments permitted under the Sewer Permit Ordinance (SPO) are not required to provide stormwater detention
- Developments permitted under the WMO must provide both volume control and stormwater detention
  - For volume control practices, underdrains must be 3.5 ft above seasonal groundwater level
  - Detention facilities must be constructed with backflow prevention device
  - Detention facility must be lined if bottom is < 3.5 ft above seasonal groundwater level

#### **DEVELOPMENT IN COMBINED SEWER AREA**



#### FLOODPLAIN AND FLOODWAY

- Compensatory storage required at 1.1:1 ratio
  - Must use average end method
  - 0-10 Year Increment may be provided at 1:1
  - 10-100 Year Increment may be provided at 1:1
  - 0-100 Year Increment must be provided at 1.1:1
- Flood Protection Elevation (FPE)
  - Two feet above BFE (from FIS or project-specific study)
- Approval from IDNR-OWR for all floodway development
- Substantial improvements regulated by municipality

# WMO PERMIT SUBMITTAL FLOW CHART

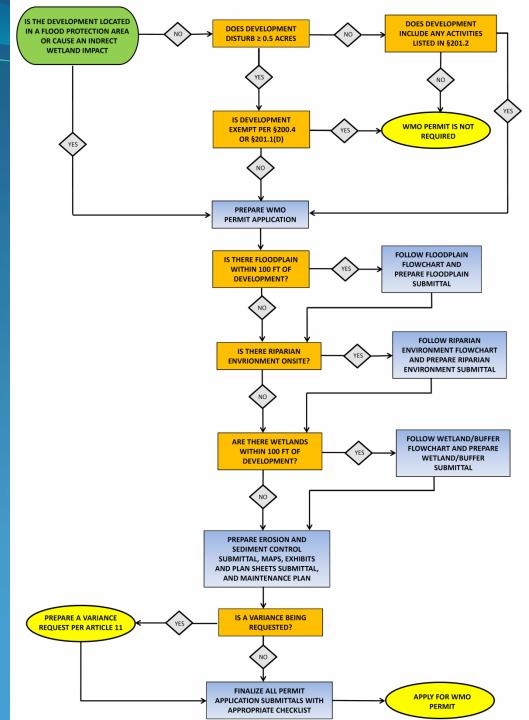


	Table 2.					
Summary of Site Stormwater Management Requirements*						
	§502 §503					
<b>Development Type</b> (See Appendix A for definitions)	Runoff Requirements	Volume Control Requirements	Storage Requirements			
Single-Family Home	Exempt	Exempt	Exempt			
	Parcels	Parcels	Parcels			
Residential Subdivision	2	≥	≥			
	1 acre	1 acre	5 acres			
	Parcels	Parcels	Parcels			
Multi-Family Residential	2	≥	≥			
	0.5 acre	0.5 acre	3 acres ‡			
	Parcels	Parcels	Parcels			
Non-Residential	2	≥	≥			
	0.5 acre	0.5 acre	3 acres ‡			
	New	New	New			
	Impervious	Impervious	Impervious			
Right-of-Way	Area	Area	Area			
	2	≥	≥			
	1 acre	1 acre †	1 acre †			
	Parcels					
Open Space	2	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
	0.5 acre					

\* Site stormwater management requirements are not required for maintenance activities as defined in Appendix A.

+ Where practicable.

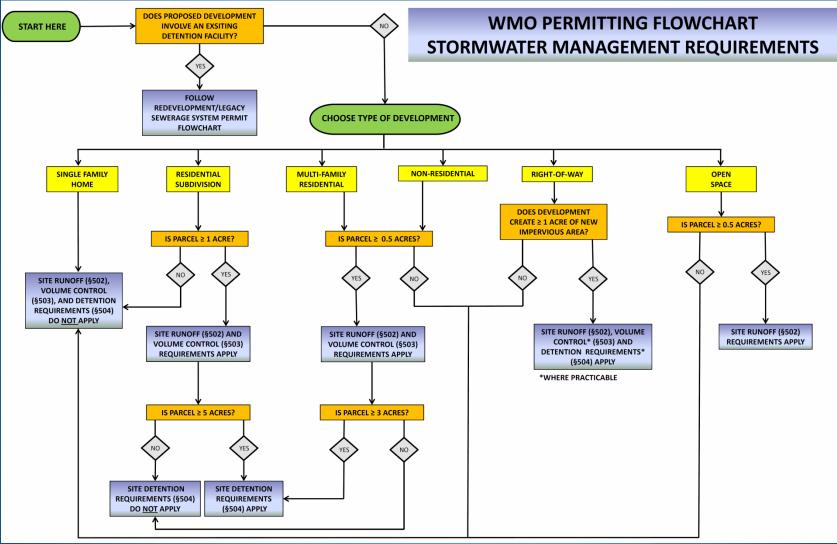
Starting the effective date of this ordinance, any new development on the parcel that totals either individually or in the aggregate to more than one-half (0.5) of an acre.

### WHEN IS VOLUME CONTROL REQUIRED?

## WHEN IS DETENTION REQUIRED?

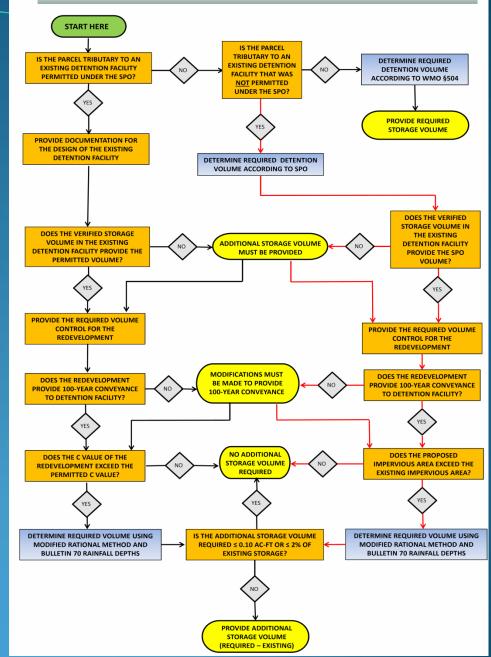
CHECK TABLE 2 IN WMO...OWNERSHIP AREA STILL USED AS DETERMINING FACTOR

## ARTICLE 3 – STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS FLOWCHART



#### WMO PERMITTING FLOWCHART DETENTION ALLOWANCES FOR REDEVELOPMENTS

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR REDEVELOPMENT FLOW CHART



#### AUTHORIZED MUNICIPALITIES

How to become authorized:

 Submit a letter of intent (with supporting documentation) to the District to become an authorized municipality
 Template available at: <a href="http://www.mwrd.org/irj/portal/anonymous/managementordinance">http://www.mwrd.org/irj/portal/anonymous/managementordinance</a>

2) Enter into intergovernmental agreement with the District Template available at: <u>http://www.mwrd.org/irj/portal/anonymous/managementordinance</u>

3) Provide contact information for enforcement officer, Professional Engineer, and wetland specialist for the municipality

#### AUTHORIZED MUNICIPALITIES

#### Supporting documentation with letter of intent:

- A statement of intent to adopt the WMO by reference
- A legal opinion indicating the authorized municipality has legal authority to perform all obligations required by the WMO including:
  - 1) The regulation of erosion and sediment control, stormwater management, floodplains, isolated wetlands, and riparian environments
  - 2) The ability to conduct inspections
  - 3) The issuance of Watershed Management Permits
  - 4) The enforcement of the WMO
  - 5) The ability to enter into an intergovernmental agreement with the District
- A verified statement of financial capability to perform and adequately fund the obligations of the authorized municipality
- Designation of an enforcement officer
- An implementation plan
- Proposed staffing (enforcement officer, PE, wetland specialist)

## WETLAND SPECIALIST

For a person to qualify as a wetland specialist, he/she must meet the requirements of a), b), c), or d) below:

- a) Certified as an Environmental Scientist in DuPage County or a Certified Wetland Specialist (CWS) in Lake County;
- b) Professional Wetland Scientist certification by the Society of Wetland Scientists (SWS);
- c) Minimum of a bachelor's degree in a biologic science or earth science and at least one of the following:
  - i. Three (3) years cumulative (full-time) wetlands experience in the Upper Midwest Region on wetland-related projects; or
  - ii. Completion of at least 100 wetland delineation projects in the Upper Midwest Region;

d) Six (6) years cumulative (full-time) wetlands experience in the Upper Midwest Region on wetland-related projects without a degree type noted above.

22

#### **ARTICLE 14 – AUTHORIZED MUNICIPALITIES**

Authorized municipalities do <u>not</u> have the authority to issue permits for certain types of projects. The permits must be issued by the District, and the developments include:

- Development that is located within a combined sewer area
- Development that involves modification to the drainage system of a previously permitted detention facility
- Any development that is considered qualified sewer construction
- Development that involves a sewer or connection to District sewer, interceptor, or TARP structure
- Development that involves new or reconstructed outfalls to a waterway\* or Lake Michigan

\*WMO defines waterway as a "navigable body of water such as a stream, creek, canal, or river"

## AUTHORIZED MUNICIPALITIES PERMIT NUMBERING SYSTEM

 When a new application is submitted, the authorized municipality should contact the District to obtain an MWRD permit number for the project. The authorized municipality may adopt its own separate permit numbering system, but the MWRD permit number must be included on all documentation associated with the project

 The MWRD permit number should not be reassigned or consolidated by the Authorized Municipality

#### ANNUAL PROJECT STATUS FORM

- The enforcement officer of an authorized municipality must complete an annual project status form for each development permitted by the community.
- The purpose of this form is to provide an inventory of all developments permitted within the authorized municipality, the status of the projects (pre-construction, during construction, and post-construction), as well as the permitting components of the project (stormwater, floodplain, wetland/buffers, and riparian environments).
- The municipalities will be required to perform periodic inspections of all volume control practices.
- The form will be available on-line through the District's website.

### ARTICLE 14 – DISTRICT OVERSIGHT

The District can inspect any development within an authorized municipality, and can, at any time, audit an authorized municipality. During an audit, the District may:

- Inspect and copy pertinent records kept by an authorized municipality
- Inspect Watershed Management Permits issued by an authorized municipality
- Meet with staff of an authorized municipality
- Conduct field inspections of developments permitted by an authorized municipality
- Verify that an authorized municipality complies with all requirements listed in the WMO

## MULTI-COUNTY MUNICIPALITIES

- The WMO provides the option for multi-county municipalities to adopt and enforce the adjacent county's stormwater ordinance
- Municipality must enter into IGA with the District
- Certain development activities would still require a Watershed Management Permit from the District (same as authorized municipalities)

## MWRD WMO WEBSITE

- On-line resources include:
- Answers to FAQs
- Authorized Municipalities Documents
- Technical Guidance Manual (TGM)
- Presentations from WMO Advisory Committee meetings and public trainings
- Stormwater calculation spreadsheets
- Template hydrologic models (TR-20, Win TR-20, and HEC-HMS)

## MWRD WMO WEBSITE

												- 0 <b>- X</b>
<del>(</del> )	https://www	.mwrd.org/irj	j/portal/anonymous 🔎 🕶 🖨 🖒	🥖 MWRDGC I	Portal	×						A 🛧 🌣
File E	dit View Favorite	s Tools I	Help									
🚖 P	We Haven't Reached	2.7 B 🜌 U	ISGS Current Conditions 🧃	abouttabs <u>8</u> Go	ogle 🧧 TBG	Intranet 🏪 Free Hotma	ail <i> ( S</i> uggest)	ed Sites 🔻 🧧 W	eb Slice Gallery 🔻			
METR			MATION DISTRICT OF	ODEATED OU	10100					ter   Disclaimer	Sitemap   Con	itact us   Employee login
METR	OPOLITAN WAT	ER RECLA	MATION DISTRICT OF	GREATER CH	ICAGO	1 - Alaman - S		ALL DATE OF THE OWNER	Search			Advanced search
	(				3	en e		R				
Home	Commissioners	Departme		Public Affairs	Newsroom		Reports	Employment				
Dverview Cook Cou	inty Stormwater Manag	gement	Services & Facilities >> Stormwater			ment Ordinance (WMO)						
Plan (CCS Natersh (WMO)	ed Management Ord	inance	Watershed Manage	ment Ordina	ance							
Stormwa Publicatio Natershe NPC Mee	nundation Maps & Hydraulic Profiles Stormwater Annual Reports and Ablications Matershed Planning Council NPC Meetings Combined Sewer Communities		The Watershed Management Ordinance (WMO) establishes uniform, minimum, countywide stormwater management regulations throughout Cook County. Components which are regulated under the WMO include drainage and detention, volume control, floodplain management, isolated wetland protection, riparian environment protection, and soil erosion and sediment control. The District's Board of Commissioners adopted the Watershed Management Ordinance (WMO) on October 3, 2013, which will become effective on May 1, 2014. The WMO is accessible through the link below. <u>Watershed Management Ordinance</u> The District is developing a Technical Guidance Manual (TGM), which will serve as a technical reference to the WMO. The draft TGM documents are accessible through the link below. <u>Draft Technical Guidance Manual (TGM)</u> The District will conduct training for stakeholders in early 2014 to ease the transition from the Sewer Permit Ordinance to the WMO. <u>Training Schedule</u>									
			Other Resources									
			Watershed Management		ort Summai	ry						
			Authorized Municipalities									
		-	Multi-County Municipalit									
			Existing Development Pl									
			Frequently Asked Questi	ons (FAQs)								
			Presentations									
<u>WMO Advisory Committee Resource Page</u> If you have any questions about the WMO, contact Mr. John Murray at (312) 751-7918 or <u>john.murray@mwrd.org</u> .												
			If you have any question	is about the W	MO, contact	: Mr. John Murray at	(312) 751-7	918 or <u>John.m</u>	urray@mwrd.c	org.		
						Webmaster Disclaim	er Sitemap (	Contact us Emp	loyee login			

https://www.mwrd.org/irj/portal/anonymous/managementordinance

Can a municipality become authorized at any time?

Yes, there is no deadline for when communities can become authorized.

How do you meet the volume control requirements for sites with contaminated soils?

There are many sites, such as those with contaminated soils, where it would be impractical to use infiltration practices. For these sites, the WMO volume control requirements can be met by providing flow-through practices or a reduction in impervious area.

I am working on a redevelopment and the original detention facility was permitted using a lower pervious runoff coefficient than what is currently required. Will I be penalized for this when I calculate the required detention for the redevelopment?

No, the applicant will not be penalized for this. The applicant must redo the existing detention volume calculations using the current runoff coefficients, so that an "apples to apples" comparison of existing and proposed conditions can be made to determine if any additional detention volume is required.

Does the WMO allow wetland banking for mitigation?

Yes, the WMO allows isolated wetland mitigation to be provided through a wetland mitigation bank, but it must be Corps-approved and within the same watershed planning area (if available).

The soils on my site have infiltration rates greater than 0.5 in/hr. Do I still have to install underdrains in the volume control practice?

Underdrains are not required if it can be demonstrated that the native soils have an infiltration rate of 0.5 in/hr or greater. The infiltration rate must be measured with a double-ring infiltrometer and meet the requirements of ASTM D3385.

The curve number table in the TGM only provides curve numbers for C and D type soils. What if I have A or B type soils on my site?

The use of A and B soils in calculating CNs would only be allowed for those sites where native soils are currently intact and a soil test is performed to verify the infiltration capacity.

Is credit given to developments that provide more than the one inch of required volume control storage?

For regular developments, the additional volume control storage provided in excess of the required one inch is credited in the form of an even more reduced curve number. For redevelopments, the provided volume control storage is credited toward the required detention volume.

## Example #1 – Repaving Existing Parking Lot



Is a Watershed Management Permit Required?

## Example #1 – Repaving Existing Parking Lot

- A Watershed Management Permit is not required for this project since repaving an existing parking lot is considered a maintenance activity and therefore is not regulated under WMO
- Maintenance activities, repair, or at-grade replacement of existing impervious areas (roadways and parking lots) do not require a Watershed Management Permit
- There are no land disturbance thresholds for maintenance activities
- Maintenance activities do not affect stormwater runoff volume and quality, and therefore are not considered development

## Example #2 – Underground Utility Project

sturbance =

D

Is a Watershed Management Permit Required?

## Example #2 – Underground Utility Project

- A Watershed Management Permit is not required for underground utility projects outside of flood protection areas
- Must consist of installing or maintaining utilities other than qualified sewer construction
- Area must be restored to existing grade and vegetative cover
- Soil erosion and sediment control practices are always required, regardless of permitting requirements
  - If Watershed Management Permit is required, then Schedule P (Erosion and Sediment Control) must be included with the submittal

### Example #3– Redevelopment of 2-Acre Outlot



Total Ownership Area = 20 Acres Area of Disturbance (Redevelopment of Outlot) = 2 Acres

ornwater detention originally provided entire 20-acre

#### What are the WMO stormwater requirements?

### Example #3 – Redevelopment of 2-Acre Outlot

- Disturbs greater than 0.5 acres, therefore Watershed Management Permit is required
- Follow Table 2 of WMO for runoff, volume control, and detention requirements:
  - Non-residential development with ownership area of 20 acres
    - Runoff required
    - Volume control required
    - Stormwater detention required
- Follow redevelopment/legacy sewerage system permit flowchart to determine methodology for stormwater detention requirements

Table 2.					
Summary of Site Stormwater Management Requirements*					
	§502	§503	§504		
<b>Development Type</b> (See Appendix A for definitions)	Runoff Requirements	Volume Control Requirements	Storage Requirements		
Single-Family Home	Exempt	Exempt	Exempt		
	Parcels	Parcels	Parcels		
<b>Residential Subdivision</b>	2	2	≥		
	1 acre	1 acre	5 acres		
	Parcels	Parcels	Parcels		
Multi-Family Residential	2	2	≥		
	0.5 acre	0.5 aere	<del>3 acres t</del>		
	Parcels	Parcels	Parcels		
Non-Residential	2	2	≥		
	0.5 acre	0.5 acre 3 acre			
	0.0 0010	0.5 acre	Sacies +		
	New				
	New	New	New		
Right-of-Way	New Impervious				
Right-of-Way	New Impervious Area	New Impervious	New Impervious		
Right-of-Way	New Impervious Area ≥	New Impervious Area	New Impervious Area		
Right-of-Way	New Impervious Area ≥ 1 acre	New Impervious Area ≥	New Impervious Area ≥		
	New Impervious Area ≥ 1 acre Parcels	New Impervious Area ≥ 1 acre †	New Impervious Area ≥ 1 acre †		
Right-of-Way Open Space	New Impervious Area ≥ 1 acre	New Impervious Area ≥	New Impervious Area ≥		

\* Site stormwater management requirements are not required for maintenance activities as defined in Appendix A.

- <sup>†</sup> Where practicable.
- Starting the effective date of this ordinance, any new development on the parcel that totals either individually or in the aggregate to more than one-half (0.5) of an acre.

Non-Residential Development

#### Disturbance ≥ 0.5 acres

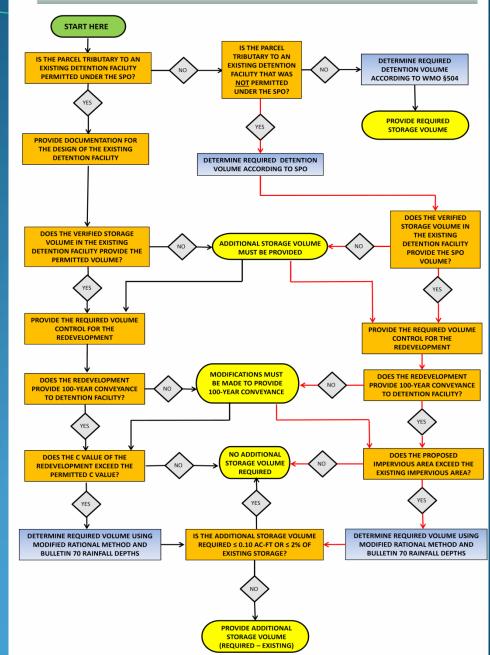
Parcel Size  $\geq$  3 acres

#### Runoff, Volume Control, and Storage Requirements Apply

#### WMO PERMITTING FLOWCHART DETENTION ALLOWANCES FOR REDEVELOPMENTS

Redevelopment/ Legacy Sewerage System Permit Flowchart

Navigate left-hand side since redevelopment involves detention facility permitted under the Sewer Permit Ordinance (SPO)



### Example #3 – Redevelopment of 2-Acre Outlot

#### **Stormwater Detention Methodology:**

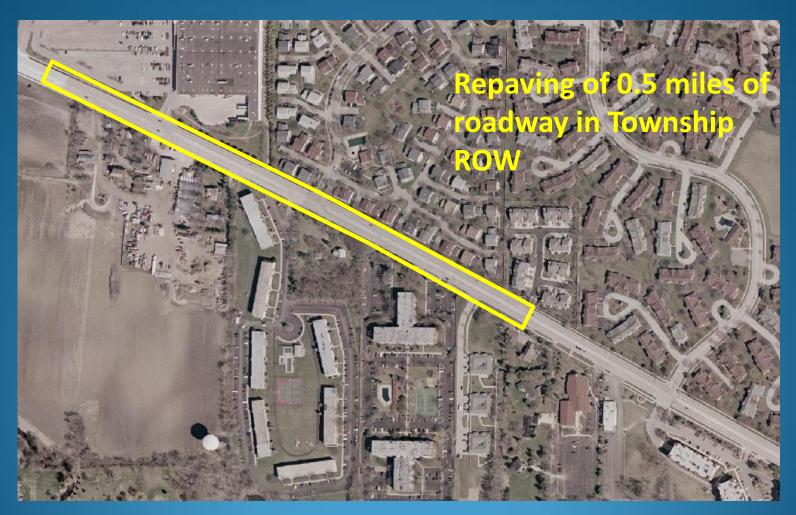
- Calculate the proposed C value of entire 20-acre development, C<sub>REDEV</sub>, which includes redeveloped parcel.
  - If C<sub>REDEV</sub> ≤ permitted C value for the development, C<sub>PERMIT</sub>, no additional storage volume is required.
  - If C<sub>REDEV</sub> > permitted C value for the development, C<sub>PERMIT</sub>, additional storage volume is required.
- If additional detention volume is required, the required detention volume is calculated using Modified Rational Method with Bulletin 70 rainfall depths.
- Required detention volume is difference between pro-rated proposed volume and pro-rated permitted volume.

### Example #3 – Redevelopment of 2-Acre Outlot

Required forms (in addition to Watershed Management Permit application):

- Schedule D-Legacy Watershed Management Facilities
- Schedule K Affidavit of Disclosure of Property Interest
- Schedule P Erosion and Sediment Control
- Schedule R Recording and Maintenance

### Example #4a – Right-of-Way (ROW) Development



No Watershed Management Permit required for maintenance activities

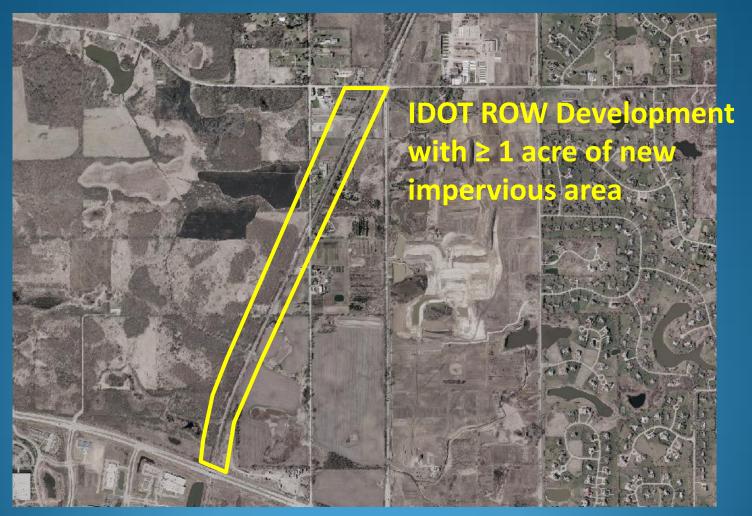
### Example #4b – Right-of-Way (ROW) Development



### Example #4b – Right-of-Way (ROW) Development

- Since the project creates more than one acre of new impervious area, the WMO runoff, volume control, and storage requirements apply (Table 2 of the WMO)
- Volume control and storage requirements must be provided to the "maximum extent practicable"
- Applicant must demonstrate that certain hardships or constraints prevent meeting the full stormwater requirements
  - For example, additional ROW would be needed to meet the full requirements, but 75% of the volume control and stormwater detention requirements are met using vegetated swales and oversized storm sewers

### Example #4c – Right-of-Way (ROW) Development



No Watershed Management Permit is required for projects undertaken solely by state or federal agencies 50

### Example 5 – Redevelopment of Site Without Detention



#### What are the WMO stormwater requirements?

### Example #5 – Redevelopment of Site Without Detention

- Disturbs greater than 0.5 acres, therefore Watershed Management Permit is required
- Follow Table 2 of WMO for runoff, volume control, and detention requirements:
  - Non-residential development with ownership area of 10 acres
    - Runoff required
    - Volume control required
    - Stormwater detention required
- Follow redevelopment/legacy sewerage system permit flowchart to determine methodology for stormwater detention requirements

Table 2.					
Summary of Site Stormwater Management Requirements*					
	§502	§503	§504		
<b>Development Type</b> (See Appendix A for definitions)	Runoff Requirements	Volume Control Requirements	Storage Requirements		
Single-Family Home	Exempt	Exempt	Exempt		
	Parcels	Parcels	Parcels		
<b>Residential Subdivision</b>	≥	≥	≥		
	1 acre	1 acre	5 acres		
	Parcels	Parcels	Parcels		
Multi-Family Residential	2	2	≥		
	0.5 acre	0.5 acre	<del>Jacres t</del>		
	Parcels	Parcels	Parcels		
Non-Residential	≥	2	≥		
	0.5 acre	0.5 acre	3 acres ‡		
	News				
	Impervious	Impervious	Impervious		
Right-of-Way	Area	Area	Area		
	2	2	2		
	1 acre	1 acre †	1 acre †		
	Parcels				
Open Space		Not Annlicable	Not Annlicanie		
Open Space	≥ 0.5 acre	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		

\* Site stormwater management requirements are not required for maintenance activities as defined in Appendix A.

- <sup>†</sup> Where practicable.
- Starting the effective date of this ordinance, any new development on the parcel that totals either individually or in the aggregate to more than one-half (0.5) of an acre.

Non-Residential Development

#### Disturbance ≥ 0.5 acres

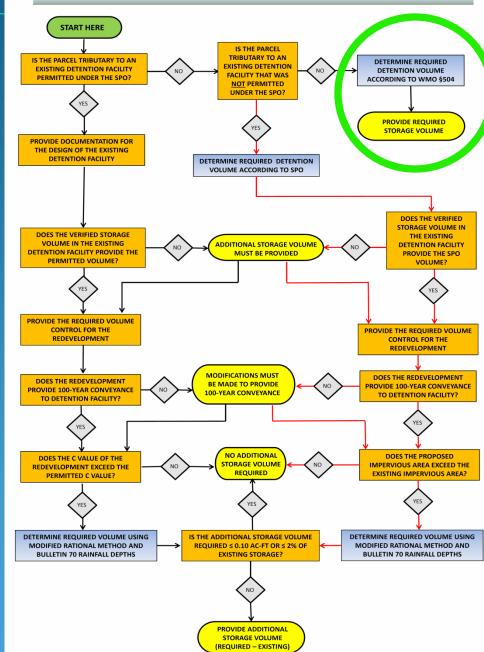
Parcel Size  $\geq$  3 acres

#### Runoff, Volume Control, and Storage Requirements Apply

#### WMO PERMITTING FLOWCHART DETENTION ALLOWANCES FOR REDEVELOPMENTS

Redevelopment/ Legacy Sewerage System Permit Flowchart

Since no existing detention facilities, the WMO detention requirements of Article 5 apply to the redevelopment



### Example #5 – Stormwater Requirements

Volume control practices are required

Required stormwater detention determined using:

- Event hydrograph method
- NRCS methodology
- Allowable release rate of 0.30 cfs/acre
- 100-Year, 24-Hour Rainfall Depth of 7.58" (Bulletin 70)
- Antecedent Moisture Condition (AMC) of II

### Example #5 – Redevelopment of Site Without Detention

Required forms (in addition to Watershed Management Permit application):

- Schedule D Watershed Management Facilities
- Schedule K Affidavit of Disclosure of Property Interest
- Schedule P Erosion and Sediment Control
- Schedule R Recording and Maintenance

### Example 6 – Redevelopment of Site with Complete Replacement of Existing Detention System



What are the WMO stormwater requirements?

Table 2.					
Summary of Site Stormwater Management Requirements*					
	§502	§504			
<b>Development Type</b> (See Appendix A for definitions)	Runoff Requirements				
Single-Family Home	Exempt	Exempt	Exempt		
	Parcels	Parcels	Parcels		
Residential Subdivision	≥	2 2			
	1 acre	e 1 acre 5			
	Parcels	Parcels	Parcels		
Multi-Family Residential	≥	2	≥		
	0.5 acre	0.5 acre	<del>Jacres t</del>		
	Parcels	Parcels	Parcels		
Non-Residential	2	2	≥		
	0.5 acre	0.5 acre	3 acres ‡		
			0 00 00 1		
	New				
	New Impervious	New Impervious	New		
Right-of-Way	New Impervious Area	New Impervious Area			
Right-of-Way		Impervious	New Impervious		
Right-of-Way	Area	Impervious Area	New Impervious Area		
Right-of-Way	Area ≥	Impervious Area ≥	New Impervious Area ≥		
Right-of-Way Open Space	Area ≥ 1 acre	Impervious Area ≥	New Impervious Area ≥		

\* Site stormwater management requirements are not required for maintenance activities as defined in Appendix A.

- <sup>†</sup> Where practicable.
- Starting the effective date of this ordinance, any new development on the parcel that totals either individually or in the aggregate to more than one-half (0.5) of an acre.

Non-Residential Development

#### Disturbance ≥ 0.5 acres

Parcel Size  $\geq$  3 acres

#### Runoff, Volume Control, and Storage Requirements Apply

### Example 6 – Redevelopment of Site with Complete Replacement of Existing Detention System

- The redevelopment allowances in the WMO only apply to sites that utilize existing detention facilities
- Redevelopments that relocate/reconfigure 75% or more of the existing detention volume are not granted the detention allowances and must provide detention in accordance with Article 5 of the WMO
- Required stormwater detention determined using:
  Event hydrograph method
  NRCS methodology
  Allowable release rate of 0.30 cfs/acre
  100-Year, 24-Hour Rainfall Depth of 7.58" (Bulletin 70)
  Antecedent Moisture Condition (AMC) of II

Example 6 – Redevelopment of Site with Complete Replacement of Existing Detention System

Required forms (in addition to Watershed Management Permit application):

- Schedule D Watershed Management Facilities
- Schedule K Affidavit of Disclosure of Property Interest
- Schedule P Erosion and Sediment Control
- Schedule R Recording and Maintenance

### Example 7 – Single Family Home Development

**Single Family** Home with no flood protection areas within 100 ft of property

AKDENE

WEST

JAKDENE RI Single Fami Home with floodplain MARMON LN ZONEA Film Cree WES OAKDENE DR

#### **Do these need a Watershed Management Permit?**

### Example 7 – Single Family Home Development

- WMO only regulates single family homes that impact a flood protection area (floodplain, floodway, wetland, riparian area)
- Development in flood protection areas can have significant impact on public quality of life
- Requiring a Watershed Management Permit also protects homeowner (home is properly elevated to the Flood Protection Elevation)
- No permit review fees for single family home developments

### Example 8 – Development in City of Chicago



#### Is a Watershed Management Permit required?

### Example 8 – Development in City of Chicago

 Since it involves a new or reconstructed outfall to Lake Michigan or waterway, District approval is needed

 Applicant needs to submit a *Facility Connection Authorization* form (not a full WMO submittal)

 Facility Connection Authorization form is also required for those developments in Chicago that connect to one of their facilities or impacts District property

### WMO Project Applicability

- If an applicant has reviewed all available WMO resources and still has questions on whether or not a Watershed Management Permit is required for a particular project, the applicant may petition the District (in writing) for a determination.
- A letter describing the project, with any supporting exhibits and documentation, should be sent to:

Managing Engineer – Stormwater Management Section Engineering Department Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago 100 East Erie Street Chicago, IL 60611

### Detailed Example Problem #1

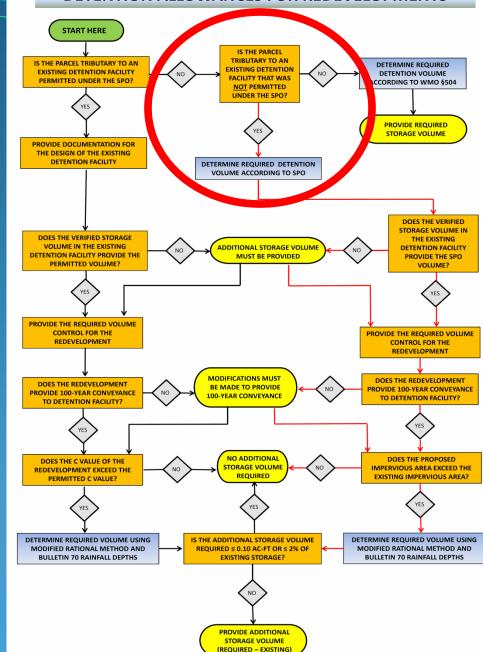
An existing 5-acre industrial site located in a combined sewer area is to be redeveloped into a strip mall. The local ordinance required stormwater detention for the original development, but was never approved by MWRD since the SPO did not require detention in combined sewer areas.

Determine the required stormwater detention volume for the redevelopment.

#### WMO PERMITTING FLOWCHART DETENTION ALLOWANCES FOR REDEVELOPMENTS

Redevelopment/ Legacy Sewerage System Permit Flowchart

Navigate the middle column since the redevelopment involves a detention facility that was <u>not</u> permitted under the Sewer Permit Ordinance (SPO).



<u>Step 1</u>: Calculate the detention volume that would have been required for the original development under the SPO.

Using the Legacy Schedule D form, the following parameters are determined:

C<sub>PERMIT</sub> = 0.83 (taken from aerial photography for the existing site) Time of concentration = 15 minutes (from pre-development topography)

The allowable release rate is calculated by:

 $Q_{ALLOW} = 0.15 * I * A$ 

 $Q_{ALLOW} = 0.15 * 3.65 * 5 = 2.74 \text{ cfs}$ 

Using the Modified Rational Method with TP-40 rainfall depths, the SPO required detention volume is 0.74 acre-feet.

PROJECT:	Example 5.10				
JOB NO.:	Technical Guida	nce Manual			
FILENAME:	ModRatB70.xlsx	(			
DATE :	5-Feb-14				
	TRIBUTARY AR				acres
	COMPOSITE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =			0.83	
	ALLOWABLE R	ELEASE RATE	=	2.74	cfs
	COMPL	ITED DETENTIO	N STORAGE =	0.741	acre-ft
		RAINFALL	INFLOW	STORED	RESERVOIR
DURATION	TIME	INTENSITY	RATE	RATE	SIZE
(hours)	(min.)	(in/hr)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(ac-ft)
0.17	10	7.60	31.54	28.80	0.397
0.33	20	5.50	22.83	20.09	0.553
0.50	30	4.40	18.26	15.52	0.641
0.67	40	3.70	15.36	12.62	0.695
0.83	50	3.20	13.28	10.54	0.726
1	60	2.80	11.62	8.88	0.734
1.5	90	2.10	8.72	5.98	0.741 🗲
2	120	1.70	7.06	4.32	0.714
3	180	1.20	4.98	2.24	0.555
4	240	1.00	4.15	1.41	0.466
5	300	0.84	3.49	0.75	0.310
6	360	0.73	3.03	0.29	0.144
7	420	0.65	2.70	-0.04	-0.023
8	480	0.58	2.41	-0.33	-0.218
9	540	0.53	2.20	-0.54	-0.402
10	600	0.49	2.03	-0.71	-0.587
11	660	0.46	1.91	-0.83	-0.755
12	720	0.43	1.78	-0.96	-0.952
13	780	0.40	1.66	-1.08	-1.160
14	840	0.38	1.58	-1.16	-1.342
15	900	0.36	1.49	-1.25	-1.550
16	960	0.34	1.41	-1.33	-1.759
17 18	1020 1080	0.33	1.37 1.29	-1.37 -1.45	-1.925 -2.157
18	1080	0.31	1.29	-1.45	-2.157
20	1140	0.30	1.25	-1.49	-2.340
20	1200	0.29	1.20	-1.54	-2.545
21	1260	0.28	1.16	-1.58	-2.742
22	1320	0.27	1.12	-1.62	-2.945
23	1380	0.26	1.08	-1.66	-3.155

69

<u>Step 2</u>: Verify that the existing detention facility provides the volume required under the SPO.

From a survey of the existing detention facility, the following stagestorage relationship is determined:

POND:	Detailed Example #1				
JOB NO.	Public Training		Side Slopes		
PROJECT:	Example 1		1		
FILE:	Storage.xls		4		
DATE:	5/15/2014				
	Are	ea	Average	Incremental	Cummulative
Elevation			Area	Storage	Storage
(ft)	(ft <sup>2</sup> )	(ac)	(ac)	(ac-ft)	(ac-ft)
704.00	4,322	0.099			0.000
			0.112	0.11	
705.00	5,438	0.125			0.11
			0.139	0.14	
706.00	6,682	0.153			0.25
			0.169	0.17	
707.00	8,054	0.185			0.42
			0.202	0.20	
708.00	9,553	0.219			0.62
			0.229	0.12	
708.51	10,368	0.238			0.74

At HWL of 708.51 ft, the required SPO volume of 0.74 ac-ft is provided (also check existing release @ HWL)

<u>Step 3</u>: Provide the required volume control for the proposed development.

The proposed impervious area is 3 acres, which will be provided in the void space of aggregate under a permeable pavement parking lot. (Note: permeable pavement is not considered impervious)

$$V_c = 1$$
" x  $\frac{1 \text{ foot}}{12 \text{ inches}}$  x 3 acres = 0.25 acre-feet

<u>Step 4</u>: Verify that the site can convey the 100-year peak flowrate to the detention facility.

In this example, it is assumed that overland flow paths to the detention facility have 100-year capacity.

<u>Step 5</u>: Compare the existing impervious area to the proposed (redeveloped) impervious area for the site.

Existing impervious area = 4.25 acres > Proposed impervious area = 3 acres

Since the proposed impervious area does not exceed the existing impervious area, no additional stormwater detention is required.

If the proposed impervious area exceeded the existing, then the additional detention volume would be determined using the Modified Rational Method with Bulletin 70 rainfall depths. Marginal increases in detention volume would be waived, and volume control storage is credited toward the additional required amount.

# **QUESTIONS?**