

Complying with National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit (NPDES) Requirements

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NPDES History

- Federal Clean Water Act (CWA), 1972
 - Established NPDES program that requires permits for discharge of treated municipal & industrial effluents and stormwater
 - Administered by the United States
 Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA);
 Delegated authority to states (Illinois
 Environmental Protection Agency)
- NPDES Permits Establish
 - Conditions that allow discharge
 - Monitoring / reporting requirements





MWRDGC Permit Overview

- Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) Permit Types (31 Permits – Bureau of Water and Air)
 - National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
 Permits (14 Permits)
 - Effluent Discharge (8 Permits)
 - Storm Water for Industrial Activities (5 WRP General Permits)
 - Pesticide Application Permit (1 General Permit for MWRD)
 - Water Pollution Control Permits (aka "Construction/Operating Permits") (11 Permits)
- Permit Components and Process



NPDES Permits for All Seven WRPs and Lockport Powerhouse





Facility	NPDES No.	Expiration
		Date
Stickney	IL0028053	2/28/2007
Calumet	IL0028061	2/28/2007
O'Brien	IL0028088	2/28/2007
Kirie	IL0047741	7/31/2009
Egan	IL0036340	8/31/2012
Hanover Park	IL0036137	3/31/2010
Lemont	IL0028070	1/31/2013
Lockport		
Powerhouse	IL0077305	2/28/2013



NPDES Monitoring and Reporting

- Limit Types
 - Loading (lbs/day)
 - Concentration (mg/L)
 - Limit Frequency (i.e., daily, weekly, monthly)
- Sample Frequency
 - Continuous
 - One to five days/week
- Sample Type
 - Grab
 - Composite





NPDES Influent Monitoring and Reporting

- Permitted Parameters
 - Flow (MGD)
 - $-BOD_5 (mg/L)$
 - Suspended Solids (mg/L)





NPDES Effluent Monitoring and Reporting

- Permitted Parameters
 - Flow (MGD)
 - CBOD₅ (mg/L and lbs/day)
 - Suspended Solids (mg/L and lbs/day)
 - pH
 - Ammonia Nitrogen as N (mg/L and lbs/day)
 - All WRPs except Lemont
 - Copper (mg/L and lbs/day)
 - Hanover Park and Kirie WRPs
 - Cyanide Weak Acid Dissociable and Total (mg/L and lbs/day)
 - Kirie WRP and Calumet WRP
 - Fats, Oil, and Grease (FOG) and Temperature (deg F)
 - Only Lockport Powerhouse; turbine oil/water separator





NPDES Effluent Monitoring and Reporting (cont.)

- Permitted Parameters
 - Dissolved Oxygen (DO)
 - Current limit daily minimum of 6.0 mg/l
 - Hanover Park
 - Egan
 - Kirie
 - Stickney
 - Daily minimum of 4.0 mg/L is in draft permit
 - O'Brien (5.0 mg/L 16 hours)
 - Calumet
 - Chicago Area Waterways DO (Stickney, Calumet, O'Brien, Lemont WRPs)
 - Use Attainability Analysis (UAA) dependent





NPDES Effluent Monitoring and Reporting (cont.)

- Nickel (mg/L and lbs per day)
 - .013 mg/L Total Nickel proposed for Egan WRP
- Disinfection (Fecal Coliform and Chlorine Residual)
 - Hanover Park, Egan, and Kirie WRPs
 - UAA Future O'Brien and Calumet WRPs
- Nutrients (Total Phosphorus and Total Nitrogen)
 - No current limits (1.0 mg/L TP is proposed in draft permits for O'Brien, Stickney, Calumet, and Kirie WRPs); Monitor TN Only







Plant	Stickney	O'Brien	Calumet	Lemont	Hanover Park	Kirie	Egan
Permit No.	IL0028053	IL0028088	IL0028061	IL0028070	IL0036137	IL0047741	IL0036340
Issue Date:	1/22/2002	1/22/2002	1/22/2002	1/25/2008	12/14/2004	7/19/2004	12/26/2007
Effective Date:	3/1/2002	3/1/2002	3/1/2002	2/1/2008	4/1/2005	8/1/2004	9/1/2007
Lifective Date.	3/1/2002	3/1/2002	3/1/2002		4/1/2003		9/1/2007
Modification Date:	None	None	None	3/21/2008 3/31/2008	None	8/20/2004 3/28/2005	None
Would allow Date.	None	INOTIC	None	3/31/2000	None	3/20/2003	INOTIC
Correction Date:	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
Expiration Date:	2/28/2007	2/28/2007	2/28/2007	1/31/2013	3/31/2010	7/31/2009	8/31/2012
DAF(MGD)	1200 {732}	333 {240}	354 {274}	2.3 {2.5}	12 {9.0}	52 {39.8}	30 {27.2}
DMF (MGD)	1440	450	430	4.0	22	110	50
<u>Parameters</u>							
CBOD5	(10)[15]	(10)[12]	(10)[20]	(20)[40]	(10)20	(4)20	(10) 20
SS	(12)[20]	(12)[18]	(15)[25]	(25)[45]	(12)24	(5)24	(12) 24
DO	6.0	-		-	6.0	6.0	6.0
					(1.5/1.5/3.9/2.9)	(2.1/1.6/4.0)	
					6.5/6.5/13.0/13.3 [7.8/11.1/8.4	
NH ₃ -N	(2.5/4.0) 5.0/8.0 <u>s</u>	(2.5/4.0) 5.0/8.0 <u>s</u>	(2.5/4.0) 5.0/8.0 <u>s</u>	-	/3.8/12.5/7.4] <u>s</u> *	[5.3/4.0/] <u>s</u> **	(1.5/3.6) 3.0/8.0s
Fecal	-	-		-	Geo (200) <u>s</u>	Geo (200) <u>s</u>	(400) <u>s</u>
Res. Cl2	0.05*	0.05*	0.05*	0.05*	0.05* <u>s</u>	0.05* <u>s</u>	0.05* <u>s</u>
рН	6/9	6/9	6/9	6/9	6/9	6/9	6/9
Cu	-	-		-	(0.022) 0.035	(0.029) 0.048	-
CN	-	-	(0.15) 0.30	-			-
CN-WAD**	<u>-</u>	-	-	-		(0.01) 0.02	<u>-</u>

All values are maximum daily values (mg/l) except as follows:

- 1. DO has a minimum daily value.
- 2. pH has a minimum/maximum range.
- 3. Fecal coliform in counts/100ml. geometric mean
- 4. pH in standard units.
- 5. [] = maximum weekly average.
- 6. () = maximum monthly average.
- 7. {} = average treated flow (2006-2010).
- 8. s = seasonal (April Oct; Nov Feb; March).
- 9. s = seasonal (April Oct/Nov March for NH₃-N; *May Oct for disinfection*).
- 10. s* = seasonal (April May/Sept Oct; June August; Nov Feb; March).
- 11. <u>s</u>** = seasonal (March May/Sept Oct; June August; Nov Feb).

*Effective upon chlorination

**CN-WAD: Cyanide Weak Acid Dissociable

DAF - Design Average Flow

DMF - Design Maximum Flow

MGD - Million Gallons per Day



NPDES Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs)

- Monthly submittals (due to the IEPA on the 20th of each month)
 - All seven WRPs and Lockport Powerhouse
 - DO monitoring results (weekly grab samples)
 - Major pump station discharges (i.e., North Branch, Racine Avenue, 95th Street), bypass streams (i.e., Egan's 004), and emergency high level overflow (EHLO) points (i.e., Stickney's 003)

PERMITTEE NAME/ADDRESS (Include Facility Name/Location if Different)

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR)

Form Approved. OMB No. 2040-0004

NAME Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago

ILD036137 Permit Number 007 0 Discharge Number MAJOR (SUBR 02) F - FINAL WRP OUTFALL EFFLUENT

ADDRESS 100 E. Erie Street Chicago, IL. 60611-2803 (312) 751-5600

FACILITY Hanover Park WRP
LOCATION 1200 F. Sycamore Hanover F

LOCATION 1200 E. Sycamore, Hanover Park, IL. 60103 Attn: Manju P. Sharma, Maintenance & Operations | Monitoring Period | | Year | Mo | Day | | Year | Mo | Day | | Year | Mo | Day | | From | 11 | 01 | 01 | To | 11 | 01 | 31 |

***No Discharge

Note: Read instructions before completing this form.

PARAMETER		QUAN	QUANTITY OR LOADING		QUALITY OR CONCENTRATION			N .	NO. of EX Analysis	Frequency of Analysis	SAMPLE TYPE
		AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	UNITS	MINIMUM	AVERAGE	MAXIMUN	M UNITS	(62-63)	(64-68)	(69-70)
OXYGEN, DISSOLVED (DO)	Sample Measurement	*******	*******	(26)	10.7	*******	********	(19)	0	04/07	GR
00300 1 0 0 EPPLUENT GROSS VALUE	Permit Requirement	*******	*******	LBS/DAY	6.0 MINIMUM	********	*******	MC/L		4 DAYS /WEEK	GRAB
pH	Sample Measurement	*******	*******		7.0	*******	7.2	(12)	0	04/07	GR
00400 1 0 0 EPPLUENT GROSS VALUE	Permit Requirement	*******	*******		6.0 MINIMUM	********	9.0 MAXIMUM	su su		4 DAYS /WEEK	GRAB
SOLIDS, TOTAL SUSPENDED	Sample Measurement	439	652	(26)	********	7	11	(19)	0	04/07	CP
00530 1 0 0 EFFLUENT GROSS VALUE	Permit Requirement	1,201 MOAVG	2,402 DAILY MAX	LBS/DAY	*******	12 MOAVG	DAILY MA	X MC/L		4 DAYS /WEEK	COMP
NITROGEN, AMMONIA TOTAL (AS N) NOV-FEB	Sample Measurement	<11	58	(26)	*******	<0.18	0.88	(19)	0	05/DW	CP
00610 1 0 0 EFFLUENT GROSS VALUE	Permit Requirement	390 MOAVG	1,301 DAILY MAX	LBS/DAY	*******	MOAVG	DAILY MA	x MC/L		5 DAYS /WEEK	COMP
NITROGEN, AMMONIA TOTAL (AS N) NOV-PEB	Sample Measurement	*******	20	(26)	*******	*******	0.31	(19)	0	05/DW	CP
00610 8 0 0 OTHER TRT, PRCS CMPLT	Permit Requirement	*******	1,251 WKLY AVG	LBS/DAY	*******	********	12.5 WKLY AV	MC/L		5 DAYS /WEEK	COMP
COPPER, TOTAL (AS CU)	Sample Measurement	0.6	1.0	(26)	********	0.009	0.015	(19)	0	03/DW	CP
01042 1 0 0 EPFLUENT GROSS VALUE	Permit Requirement	2.2 MO AVG	DAILY MAX	LBS/DAY	*******	MOAVG	DAILY MA	X MC/L		3 DAYS /WEEK	COMP
FLOW, IN CONDUIT OR THRU TREATMENT PLANT	Sample Measurement	7.67	12.09	(03)	********	********	********		0	99/99	CN
50050 1 0 0 EPPLUENT GROSS VALUE	Permit Requirement	REPORT MO AVG	REPORT DAILY MAX	MGD	*******	*******	*******	*******		CONTIN	
NAME/TITLE PRINCIPAL EXEC MANUU PRAKASH SI DIRECTOR OF MAINTENANCE	HARMA	die clies or super initia in accentus property gather and evaluate the info persons who comage the system, or the information submitted in, in the I	is document and all attachments were pro- one this system designed to assure that resisten submitted. Hased on my impair those persons directly responsible for go and of my knew ledge and to left, two, a resisten for submitting this information.	qualified persons it by of the person or othering the internation, country, and complete. If	SIGNATUR	E OF PRINCIPAL E	XECUTIVE	312.751.56		2011/A	
TYPED OR PRINT COMMENTS AND EXPLANATE		possibility of the and imprisonse of	The state of the s	33	OFFICER	OR AUTHORIZED	AGENT	AREA CODE. NU	MBER	YEAR/M	O/DAY

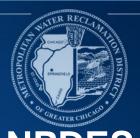
COMMENTS AND EXPLANATION OF ANY VIOLATIONS (Reference all attachments here)

DAF LOAD LIMITS DISPLAYED.



NACWA Awards (Compliance with NPDES Effluent Standards)

YEAR	Hanover Park	Egan	Kirie	O'Brien	Stickney	Calumet	Lemont
2006	Gold	Gold	Gold	Gold	Platinum (10)	Platinum (15)	Platinum (10)
2007	Silver	Gold	Gold	Gold	Platinum (11)	Platinum (16)	Platinum (11)
2008	Gold	Gold (4)	Gold (4)	Gold	Platinum (12)	Platinum (17)	Platinum (12)
2009	Gold	Platinum (5)	Platinum (5)	Gold (4)	Platinum (13)	Platinum (18)	Platinum (13)
2010	Gold	Platinum (6)	Platinum (6)	Platinum (5)	Platinum (14)	Platinum (19)	Platinum (14)
2011	Gold (4)	Silver	Platinum (7)	Platinum (6)	Platinum (15)	Platinum (20)	Platinum (15)



NPDES Special Conditions

- Pretreatment Program
- Financial and Fiscal Reports
- Biomonitoring Whole Effluent Toxicity Testing
- Dry Weather Flow Quantification
- UAA (Operation of Aeration Stations)
- Sludge Management Reports
- Long Term Control Plans
- Authorization of Combined Sewer and Treatment Plant Discharges
 - Treatment Requirements for combined sewer overflows (CSOs) and plant bypasses (Primary and disinfection for 10X average dry weather flow; TARP equivalency)
 - Sensitive Area Considerations
 - Operation and Maintenance Plans
 - Sewer Use Ordinances (Control of Inflow and Infiltration; new Sewer Summit; Capacity Maintenance Operation and Management (CMOM) Requirements)
 - Nine Minimum Controls
 - Compliance with Water Quality Standards



Combined Sewer Overflows

Receiving Water Type

Number of Outfalls

	City of Chicago	Suburbs	District
General Use	37	143	16
Secondary Contact	152	30	19
Total	189	173	35
Grand Total		397	



NPDES CSO Requirements



- Public notification program
- Quarterly reports (monitor and report on behalf of CSO communities)
 - Monitor 221 of 397 (56%) Active CSOs
- TARP equivalency to primary treatment for 10x average dry weather flow

CSO Community Reporting



- Arlington Heights
- Blue Island
- Broadview
- Brookfield
- Burnham
- Calumet City
- Calumet Park
- Chicago
- Des Plaines
- Dixmoor
- Dolton
- Evanston
- Forest Park
- Forest View

- Golf
- Harvey
- La Grange
- La Grange Park
- Lansing
- Lincolnwood
- Lyons
- Markham
- Melrose Park
- Morton Grove
- Mount Prospect
- Niles
- North Riverside
- Park Ridge

- Phoenix
- Posen
- River Forest
- River Grove
- Riverdale
- Riverside
- Schiller Park
- Skokie
- South Holland
- Stickney
- Summit
- Western Springs
- Wilmette





General NPDES Permit (ILR00) Stormwater Discharges from Industrial Activities

- Stickney, Calumet, Kirie, Egan, and Hanover Park WRPs
 - O'Brien and Lemont WRPs are exempt all on-site stormwater is routed to the head of the plant
- Regulates on-site overland flows of stormwater
- Annual Reports
- Development of Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plans (SWPPPs)
 - Quarterly inspections
 - Management of spills
 - Sampling
 - Overall good housekeeping



Water Pollution Control Permits (State Construction/Operating Permits)







- Illinois Environmental Protection Act and Pollution Control Board Regulations
- Required for the Construction/Remodeling of:
 - New sewers, sewer connections, and sewage pumping stations
 - WRPs, pretreatment equipment, and Industrial WTPs
- Required for the Operation of:
 - Land application of biosolids
 - Non-discharge wastewater treatment systems
 - Illinois Administrative Code Title 35 Part 391 "Design Criteria for Sludge Application on Land" and Part 830 "Standards for Compost Facilities"
- USEPA 40 Code of Federal Regulation Part 503 promulgated in 1993



MWRDGC Operating Permits

Facility	Permit No.	Expiration
		Date
Controlled Solids Distribution	2010-SC-0200(1,2)	4/30/2015
Hanover Park Fischer Farm	2012-SC-2255	12/31/2016
Land Application of Sewage Sludge	2009-SC-2056(1)	3/31/2014
Egan Solids Drying	2010-AO-0266	5/31/2015
Stickney WRP Solids Drying Areas	2010-AO-0267	5/31/2015
Cal WRP East & West Drying Areas	2010-AO-0265	5/31/2015
Harlem Avenue Solids Drying Areas	2009-AO-2715(1)	8/31/2014
Fulton County Land Application	2009-SC-2921	12/31/2013
Stickney Septage Disposal	2010-HO-0464	6/30/2015
Gloria Alitto Majewski Reservoir	2010-AO-0991	11/30/2015
Egan Backup Solids Drying	2011-AO-2197	11/30/2016







Operating Permit Requirements



- IEPA notifications (verbal and written)
 - User Information Forms
- Sampling of metals and other parameters in biosolids
 - Notice and Necessary Information
- Monthly and semi-annual reports
- Groundwater sampling
- Odor management

NOTICE AND NECESSARY INFORMATION (NANI)

This form is to assist compliance with the bulk sewage sludge (biosolids) notification requirements [503.12(f)]. Please note, however, that if the biosolids meet the exceptional quality criteria, then the notification requirements do not apply. This form can be used by preparers of biosolids to transmit information to land appliers and also by land appliers to transmit information to land owners or lease holders.

Facility and Biosolids Type:	Egan WRP, Centrifuge Cake Sample
Monitoring Period: From	6/1 / 11 To 6/ 30 / 11
	To be Completed by PREPARERS of Biosolids

A. Please provide pollutant concentrations

Name	Concentration (mg/kg) Dry Weight	Pollutant Concentrations (Table 3, 40 CFR 503.13) (monthly average)	Ceiling Concentrations* (Table 1, 40 CFR 503.13) (daily maximum)
Arsenic	10	41 mg/kg	75 mg/kg
Cadmium	4	39 mg/kg	85 mg/kg
Copper	646	1500 mg/kg	4300 mg/kg
Lead	45	300 mg/kg	840 mg/kg
Mercury	1.366	17 mg/kg	57 mg/kg
Molybdenum	9	N/A**	75 mg/kg
Nickel	41	420 mg/kg	420 mg/kg
Selenium	⋖	100 mg/kg	100 mg/kg
Zinc	725	2800 mg/kg	7500 mg/kg
Nitrogen Concentration	33,473	N/A	N/A

^{*}Biosolids may not be land applied if any pollutant exceeds these values.

B.	Pathogen Reduction	(40 CFR 503.32) - Please	indicate the level achiev	ed and the alternative number	or name
	Class A				
	Alternative: #2 (40 0	CFR 503.32.B. 3)	<u></u>		
C.	Vector Attraction Re	duction (40 CFR 503.33) -	Please indicate the opt	ion performed	
	Option 1 Option 5 No vector attract	Option 2 Option 6 tion reduction options were	Option 3 Option 7 e performed.	Option 4 Option 8	
n	CERTIFICATION				

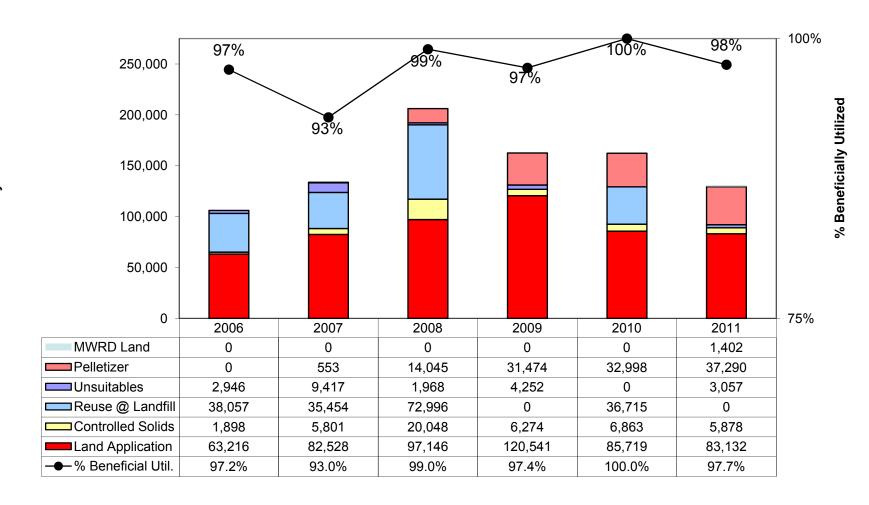
I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Name and Official Title (type or print) Sergio E. Serafino, Assistant Director of M&O	B. Area Code and Telephone Number 312.751.5102
C. Signature	D. Date Signed

Updated 8/12/02

^{**}EPA has temporarily removed molybdenum limits from Tables 2, 3 and 4 and has deleted chromium from all the Tables.

Biosolids Utilization 2006-2011







Permit Process (5-Year Cycle)

- Application for renewal (3 to 6 months prior to expiration)
 - Seek input from Engineering, Law, M&R, and M&O Field Staff
- Draft permit issued
 - Public notice and/or public meeting
 - 30-day comment period
- Final Permit Issued
 - 30-day appeal period
- "Permit as a Shield" clause
 - Permit not issued prior to expiration
 - Operate under existing permit conditions







Factors that May Impact Permits

- USEPA rule-making
- Citizen groups (Lawsuits)
- Political trends
- UAA
- Anti-degradation
- Impaired waterway lists (303d)
 - Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs)
- Consent Decrees
- Long Term Control Plans
- Compliance Schedules
- Permit Violations
- Variances







Permit Video



Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Testing

Nick Kollias
Assistant Aquatic Biologist
Aquatic Ecology & Water Quality



Acknowledgment

Dr. Geeta Rijal
Auralene Glymph
Hemangini Shukla
Section 124



Regulatory Background

- Clean Water Act
 - CWA section 101(a)(3)
- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
 - 3 Approaches
 - Chemical-Specific control
 - Biological criteria/Bioassessment
 - Whole Effluent Toxicity



What is WET Testing?

- Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Testing
 - "The aggregate toxic effect of an aqueous sample as measured by an organism's response upon exposure to the sample (e.g., Lethality, impaired growth or reproduction)"



What is WET Testing?

- Expose aquatic organisms to a range of effluent concentrations
 - 100%, 50%, 25%, 12.5%, 6.25%, 0% (control)
- Exposure ranges from 24hrs 7 days
- Biological endpoints:
 - Survival
 - Growth
 - Reproduction



Why do we do WET Testing?

- Clean Water Act
- NPDES Permits
 - WQ criteria for only a few of the thousands of chemicals.
 - Toxicity of chemicals combined in effluent.
 - "The District is the #1 environmental organization in Chicagoland"

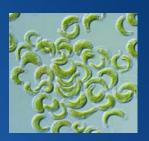


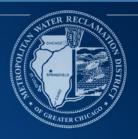
What organisms do we use?

- Fathead Minnows
 - (Pimephales promelas)
 - 7-14 days old
- Waterfleas
 - (Ceriodaphnia dubia)
 - <24 hours old
- Green Algae
 - (Selenastrum capricornutum)









Types of WET Tests

- Acute
 - Short-term
- Chronic
 - Long-term
- Static
 - Static Non-Renewal
 - Static Renewal
- Flow Through



Acute

- Endpoint
 - Estimate the effluent concentration that is lethal to 50% of the test organisms. (LC_{50})
 - Estimate the "safe" or "no effect" concentration (NOEC)
- Duration
 - 24-96hrs
- Test Acceptability Criteria (TAC)
 - 90% survival in control



Chronic

Objective

- Estimate the toxicant concentration that would cause a 25% reduction in reproduction or growth (IC₂₅)
- Estimate the "safe" or "no effect" concentration (NOEC)

Duration

-4-7 days

Test Acceptability Criteria (TAC)

- 80% survival in control
- Average dry weight of fish ≥ 0.25mg (fish)
- 60% produced 3rd brood in 7 ± 1 days (waterfleas)
 - number of young must be ≥ 15
- Average cell density must ≥ 1 x 10⁶ cells/mL (algae)
 - Must not vary more than 20% among replicates



Static Non-Renewal

Advantages

- Simple and inexpensive
- Limited resources required
- Smaller effluent sample required

Disadvantages

- Low dissolved oxygen may result
- Possible loss of toxicants
- Less sensitive



Static Renewal

Advantages

- Reduced possibility of dissolved oxygen depletion
- Reduced possibility of loss of toxicants
- Organisms fed (healthier)

Disadvantages

- Larger effluent sample volume required
- Less sensitive than Flow-Through



Flow-Through

Advantages

- More representative evaluation
- Dissolved oxygen is more easily maintained
- Further reduced possibility of loss of toxicants

Disadvantages

- Greatest effluent sample volume required
- More resources required
- Difficult to perform multiple/overlapping tests



How do we do WET Testing?

- Coordinate collection of WRP final effluent
 - 5 grab samples 6hrs apart (24hr composite sample)
 - Ohr, 6hr, 12hr, 18hr, 24hr
- Dilute effluent
 - Using HSW or MHSW
 - 100%, 50%, 25%, 12.5%, 6.25%, 0% (straight HSW)
- Pour off 4 replicates of each concentration



How do we do WET Testing?

- Measure parameters
 - pH, dissolved oxygen, specific conductivity, Hardness, Alkalinity, Temperature, Total Ammonia, Residual Chlorine
- Randomize the cups
- Introduce organisms to samples
 - 5 organisms per replicate















Introduce organisms to samples

- 5 organisms per replicate
- 4 replicates per concentration
- 6 concentrations per test
- 120 total organisms per test



How do we do WET Testing?

- Maintain/Renew/Count
 - Feed organisms 1hr before renewal
 - Replace 80% of the test solution
- Interpret data using statistical program
 - CETIS (Comprehensive Environmental Toxicity Information System)



Example CETIS Summary Report

CETIS Summary Report	Test Code: 00-9237-5005/58187DD							
sh 96h Acute Survival Test atch ID: 165910-3127 Test Type: Survival (96h) Frotocol: EPA62/IR-02012 (2002) riding Date: 21 Apr-12 Species: Plmisphales promelas rustion: 96h Survice: Environmental Consult & Test	MWRD of Greater Chicago Analyst: Diuent: Hard Synthetic Water Brine: Age: 7d							
Imple ID: 15 7081-7878 Code: 5DA00756 Imple Dize: 17 Apr-12 Material: POTW Effuent Source: Learner WRP (LEMONTWRP) Imple Age: N/A Station: FE OUTFALL	Client: Project:							
omments: LemontWRP Acute Test Fathead minnow-April2012; Effluent Sam omparison Summary	nple Collection Dates : 4/16-17/12.							
nalysis ID Endpoint NOEL LOEL TOEL PMS 0-6802-5289 96h Survival Rate 100 >100 NA 5.0%								
bint Estimate Summary Level Conc-% 95% LCL 95% x3233-4251 96h Sunvival Rate LC50 >100 N/A N/A								
est Accept ability nalysis ID								
0-8002-5289 96h Sunvival Rate Control Resp 1 0.9- sh Sunvival Rate Summary Onc-96 Control Type Count Mean 95% LCL 95% UCL Min	NL Yes Result Within Limits							
25802-5288 98h Sunvival Rate Control Resp 1 09- 5h Survival Rate Summary onc-56 Control Type Count Mean 95% LCL 95% UCL Mn Lab Water 4 1 1 1 25 4 1 1 1 5 4 1 1 1 6 6	NL Yes Result Within Limits Max: Std Brr Std Dev CV% Diff%	NOEL	LOEL	TOEL	PMSD	TU	Method	
1	Na Std Er Std Dav CW6 Diff96	NOEL 100	LOEL >100	TOEL N/A	PMSD 50%	TU 1		ny-On e Rank Test
3-802C-5288 96h Sunvival Rate	No.	100	>100	N/A	5.0%	1	Steel Man	ny-One Rank Test
Description	Na	_				1	Steel Man	ny-One Rank Test erpolation (ICPIN)
Septiment Sept	Name of the state	Level LC50	>100 Conc-% >100	N/A 95% LCL N/A	5.0% 95% UCL N/A	1 TU <1	Steel Man Method Linear Inte	erpolation (ICPIN)
New York New York New York New Y	Na	100 Level	>100 Cono-% >100	N/A 95% LCL N/A	5.0% 95% UCL	1 TU <1	Steel Man	

000-015-170-3

CETIS™ v1.7.0

Analyst:_____ QA:____



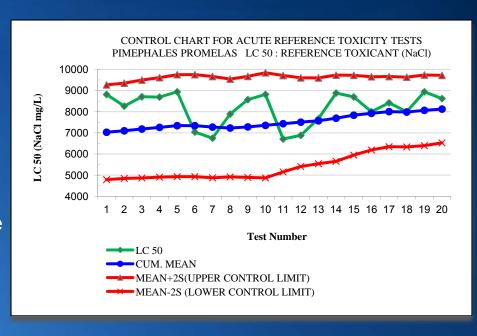
What if Toxicity is found?

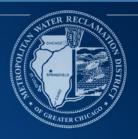
- Toxicity Reduction Evaluation (TRE)
 - "a site specific study conducted in a stepwise process designed to identify the causative agents of effluent toxicity, isolate the sources of toxicity, evaluate the effectiveness of toxicity control options, and then confirm the reduction in effluent toxicity"
- Toxicity Identification Evaluation (TIE)
 - 3 phase approach
 - Characterization
 - Identification
 - Confirmation



How do we QC WET tests?

- Reference Toxicant Testing
 - NaCl
- Control Charts
 - (2S) of LC₅₀ cumulative mean
- Used to determine
 - Quality of the test organisms
 - Ongoing laboratory performance





When do we Test?

- Determined by NPDES Permits
- Currently no tests are being run
 - Permits are expired/expiring
- Previous tests were conducted:
 - 18, 15, 12, and 9 months prior to expiration of permit



Resources

- US Environmental Protection Agency
 - http://water.epa.gov/scitech/methods/cwa/wet/
- "Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms"
 - Fifth Edition. EPA 821/R-02/012, U.S. EPA, October 2002
- "Short Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater Organisms"
 - Fourth Edition. EPA 821/R-02/013 U.S. EPA, October 2002
- "Technical Support Document for Water Quality Based Toxics Control"
 - Second Printing, EPA 505/2-90-001, U.S. EPA, March, 1991.
- "Understanding and Accounting for Method Variability in Whole Effluent Toxicity Applications Under the NPDES Program"
 - (EPA 833-R-00-003), (6/1/2000)

